The New-York Times.

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FROM GENERAL HOOKER'S ARMY.

Our Wounded on the South Side of the Rappahannock.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR BRINGING THEM OVER

The Estimates of Losses Much Diminished.

Further Particulars of Gen. Hooker's New Movement.

Rebel Acknowledgment of Losses in the Late Raid.

SUFFERINGS OF THEIR WOUNDED.

A List of National Officers Prisoners in Richmond.

From Our Own Correspondent.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Saturday Evening May 9, 1863.

By a flag of truce to-day we learn of the death of Col. VAN HOUSEN, who was wounded in the leg at the battle of Salem Heights on Monday evening, and taken prisoner. He was a brave man. This afternoon, Gen. BARKSDALE, Commander at Fredericksburgh, accompanied by several other officers, came down to the beach above the Lacey House, and held an interview with our authorities. Arrangements have been made for the bringing over of our wounded to this side, and they are arriving rapidly. In the morning several Surgeons, detailed from the various regiments, crossed over to administer to their wants.

BARNES' brigade, GRAVES's division, which pierced back yesterday to the various fords on the right, to assist in bringing away the pontoons, has returned to-day.

This was the rear brigade of the Fifth army corps, in covering the retreat of the right wing across the river. One thousand will fully cover the loss of this corps.

The figures of the total loss is being much diminished by the coming in of stragglers.

D. W. JUDD.

EIGHTEENTH MASSACHUSETTS, COL. HAYES—TOTAL LOSS OF REGIMENT.

Capt. Wm. G. Hewins, Co. B—killed.
Isaac R. Simmons, Co. I—wounded.
John Hughes, Co. B—wounded.
Corp. Morris Nelleson, Co. B—wounded.
George Witt, Co. E—wounded.
Corp. Chas. J. Brown, Co. D—wounded.
Henry Galliyan, Co. E—wounded.
2. Churchill, Co. C—wounded.
Corp. George H. Swift, Co. C—wounded.
Sergt. Patrick Welch, Co. E—wounded.
Wm. H. Goss, Co. G—wounded.
Wm. H. Heath, Co. F—wounded.

Correspondence of the Philadelphia Press.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, May 10—P. M.

I have made diligent inquiries in reply to your dispatch, and state this as the result: Persons have arrived here from the Army of the Potomac, leaving there on Saturday evening, who state that the army is in the best of spirits, with everything in readiness to recross the river. Some corps crossed last evening. The point of crossing is said to be one adopted by Gen. HOOKER a few days ago. It is thought the whole army will move together. This is my last information, and as reliable as any information can be not directly from the War Department.

You are aware that the President and Gen. HALLECK paid Gen. HOOKER an official visit some days since. The fact of the visit is already turned into history, but the results of that trip may yet prove of vast importance to the country. The visit was opportune, and has enabled Gen. HOOKER to make one more attempt to execute his admirable plans with some hope of success. Having obtained the permission of the President to recross the Rappahannock, after demonstrating the importance of the movement, Gen. HOOKER asked that his communications might be properly guarded in the rear of his army. The promise to attend to this was given, as well as the positive promise that additional means of ammunition and supply should be furnished, and that Gen. BURNSIDE should again lead his troops.

During Wednesday and Thursday Gen. HOOKER detailed several regiments to gather up the wounded and bury the dead left on the south bank of the river. These men were relieved continually, and the work proceeded without intermission. The number of rebels found unburied was very large, and it is believed that no effort was made by the enemy to bury his brave men slaughtered by our artillery during the five days' battles at Chancellorsville. Fortunately, the weather was cool, preventing physical decay, and the rain served as a balm to ease the wounded from some of their suffering. The fact that the enemy had left this unburied, confirmed Gen. HOOKER in the belief that the rebels had been very much cut up, and that they contemplated a retreat, if that course was found practicable. Accordingly, on Thursday afternoon, before the rain had ceased falling, Gen. HOOKER ordered forward across the river the *First* and *Fifth Corps d'Armée*, under Gen. BURNSIDE. Owing to the horrible condition of the roads, but little progress was made, and Gen. HOOKER, on Friday, directed his attention to the crossing of the whole army at Banks' and United States Fords. During the day, positions for each corps were designated, and Gen. HOOKER was in giving instructions to his various Generals, concerning his proposed pursuit and capture of Gen. LEE's army.

Yesterday Gen. PLEASANTON's cavalry crossed the river, and proceeded immediately to the front, for the purpose of reconnoitering the enemy's position. Two hours' ride brought them to our old position about Chancellorsville. In this neighborhood no rebels were discovered, except killed and wounded. These were disposed of properly as rapidly as possible. A considerable number of stragglers and skulkers from the rebel army and some of our own men came into our lines yesterday, and gave themselves up. The former protest that they have no feeling in this war, and are willing to take the oath and become good citizens of the United States.

Where have the rebels gone? This question is going around unanswered in the hotels to-day. It is the opinion of the military men that they have fallen back in two columns, one toward Richmond, and another toward Gordonsville, in the hope of concentrating with LONGSTREET's forces in front of Richmond, once more to give us battle.

The next engagement will take place most probably on or near the Upper Pamunkey River, whither Gen. HOOKER is moving as rapidly as possible. Many maintain that the James River will be the next line that the rebels will defend. This may or may not be secure, as Gens. PAUL, KEYES and NAGLEE may decide.

The Richmond and Potomac Railroad, south of Fredericksburgh, will be put in order again as soon as it will be safe to work upon it.

Troops are arriving here again, and it is rumored that another army will advance south to support Gen. HOOKER in a day or two.

It is understood that Gen. BURSIDE, with his light brigade, has penetrated to the Alleghany Ridge, in Western Virginia, and that he is now returning, having destroyed the Richmond and Tennessee railroad in several places, captured many prisoners, obtained important information, and burned large quantities of stores intended for the rebel armies in the Southwest.

The report of the capture of Richmond, by the forces of Maj.-Gen. PAUL, is entirely discredited here.

The weather is excellent, and the roads are drying rapidly.

LATE NEWS FROM THE RICHMOND PAPERS.

WASHINGTON, Monday, May 11.

The Richmond *Examiner*, of the 7th inst., says that "the destruction of large trains of Government wagons at Aylett's, and stores of grain at that place, is the most serious loss we have suffered from the Federal raid. The Government was derriving large supplies from that section of the State, and unfortunately within the last week largely increased its wagon trains."

Another article says that in consequence of active operations in the field, and limited transportation, the wounded on the field and at Guinea depot are suffering for food—hence an appeal is made to the benevolent.

NATIONAL OFFICERS PRISONERS IN RICHMOND.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, Monday, May 10.

The Richmond *Examiner* of May 6, is received.

The following is a list of the Union officers taken at the recent battles on the Rappahannock, and incarcerated at the Confederate State Prison:

Brig.-Gen. Wm. Hayes, 2d brigade, 2d division, 5th corps.
Col. S. Mayer, 107th Ohio.
Col. J. A. Matthew, 126th Pennsylvania.
Col. R. S. Bestwick, 27th Connecticut.
Col. Charles Glatz, 103d Pennsylvania.
Col. W. W. Packer, 8th Connecticut.
Lieut.-Col. H. C. Merwin, 27th Connecticut.
Lieut.-Col. D. B. McCreary, 145th Pennsylvania.
Lieut.-Col. E. W. Cook, 28th New-York.
Lieut.-Col. L. H. Smith, 128th Pennsylvania.
Lieut.-Col. Wm. S. Wooster, 20th Connecticut.
Lieut.-Col. Charles Ashby, 84th New-York.
Lieut.-Col. John A. Murdwick, 25th New-Jersey.
Major John A. Danks, 82d Pennsylvania.
Major Joseph Gemuns, 1st New-York.
Major James H. Coburn, 27th Connecticut.
Surgeon H. R. Neff, 153d Pennsylvania.
Assistant Surgeon S. C. Sanger, 6th N. Y. cavalry.
Hospital Steward W. H. Bass.
Lieut. John H. Albert, 46th New-York.
Lieut. B. Funbuck, 2d New-York.
Capt. Wm. D. Wilkins, A. A. G., 1st division, 12th corps.
Capt. R. H. Wilbur, A. D., 2d division, 12th corps.
Capt. Otto Weber, A. D. C., 1st div., 11th corps.
Capt. R. C. Shannon, A. D. C., 2d brigade, 1st division, 12th corps.
Edward L. Paid, Lieut. and A. D. C. to Gen. Ward.
Thos. G. Leigh, A. D. C. to Gen. Ward.
B. W. Farrar, A. D. C. to Gen. Sedgwick.
John W. Eckelts, A. D. C. to Gen. Hayes.
H. F. Brownson, Capt. and A. A. G.

THE GREAT RAID IN VIRGINIA.

The Exploits of the Force which Passed Around to Gloucester Point.

COL. KILPATRICK'S REPORT.

WASHINGTON, Monday, May 11.

The following was received at headquarters to-day:

YORKTOWN, Va., May 8.

Maj.-Gen. H. W. Halleck, Commander-in-Chief United States Army:

GENERAL: I have the honor to report that, by direction of Maj.-Gen. BURNSIDE, I left Louisa Court-house on the morning of the 3d inst., with one regiment (the Harris Light cavalry) of my brigade; reached Hungary, on the Fredericksburgh Railroad, at daylight on the morning of the 4th, destroyed the depot, telegraph wires and railroad for several miles; passed over to the Brook turnpike; drove in the rebel pickets down the pike, across the Brook; charged a battery and forced it to retire to within two miles of the City of Richmond; captured Lieut. BROWN, Aid-de-Camp to Gen. WINDER, and eleven men within the fortifications; passed down to the left to the Meadow Bridge, on the Chickahominy, which I burned; ran a train of cars into the river; retired to Hanovertown, on the Peninsula; crossed and destroyed the ferry just in time to check the advance of a pursuing cavalry force; burned a train of thirty wagons, loaded with bacon; captured thirteen prisoners, and encamped for the night five miles from the river. I resumed my march at 1 A. M. of the 5th; surprised a force of three hundred cavalry at Aylett's; captured two officers and thirty-three men; burned 56 wagons and the depot, containing upwards of twenty thousand barrels of corn and wheat, quantities of clothing and commissary stores, and safely crossed the Mattapony and destroyed the ferry again, just in time to escape the advance of the rebel cavalry pursuit. Late in the evening I destroyed a third wagon train and depot, a few miles above and west of Tappahannock, on the Rappahannock, and from that point made a forced march of twenty miles, being closely followed by a superior force of cavalry, supposed to be a portion of STUART's, from the fact that we captured prisoners from the *First, Fifth* and *Tenth Virginia* cavalry. At sundown I discovered a force of cavalry drawn up in line of battle above King and Queen Court-house. The strength was unknown, but I at once advanced to the attack, only, however, to discover that they were friends—a portion of the Twelfth Illinois cavalry, who had become separated from the command of Lieut.-Col. DAVIS, of the same regiment. At 10 A. M., on the 7th, I found safety and rest under our brave old flag, within our lines at Gloucester Point.

The raid and march about the entire rebel army, a march of nearly two hundred miles, has been made in less than five days, with a loss of one officer and thirty-seven men, having captured and paroled upward of 200 men.

I take great pleasure in bringing to your notice the officers of my Staff, Capt. P. OWEN JONES, Capt. ANDERSON, and Capt. MCILVAIN, Dr. HAZELET and Lieut. EWIS, especially the latter, who volunteered to carry a dispatch to Major-Gen. HOOKER. He failed in the attempt, but with his escort of ten men, he captured and paroled one Major, two Captains, a Lieutenant and 15 men. He was afterward himself captured, with his escort, and was afterward recaptured by our own forces. He arrived this morning. I cannot praise too highly the bravery, fortitude and unflinching energy displayed throughout the march by Lieut.-Col. DAVIS, and the officers and men of the 1ra Harris Light cavalry, not one of whom but was willing to lose his liberty or his life, if he could but aid in the great battle now going on, and win for himself the approbation of his chiefs. Respectfully submitted,

(Signed,) J. KILPATRICK,
Col. Comd'g 1st Brigade 3d Div. Cavalry.

FURTHER INTERESTING PARTICULARS.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Monday, May 11.

Capt. P. W. ARMSTRONG and Lieut. L. G. EWIS, the latter detached from the First Maine cavalry, arrived here to-day from Col. KILPATRICK's raids. After leaving Kelly's Ford on the Rappahannock, Col. KILPATRICK with the Harris Light Cavalry—250 men—was detached from the main force, and striking the Fredericksburgh and Virginia Central Railroads at their junction, destroyed the roads, burned the bridges over the South Anna, and made for Richmond. They encountered a rebel battery of three guns on the route, but flanked and passed it.

This is the force that confounded the rebels in their capital. They rode within one and a half miles of Richmond, in full view of the city, and inside the third line of fortifications. Here they captured a rebel Lieutenant belonging to Gen. WINDER's Staff; paroled him, and borrowed his horse. They also planted the Stars and Stripes on the fort which they "took," and it remained there during the ten or fifteen minutes they halted. From here, to avoid STUART's cavalry, which was on the alert, they struck for AYLETT's Ford, on the Mattapony, capturing and burning large depots there containing eight hundred thousand bushels corn and quantities of rebel stores.

They left Kelly's Ford without a day's rations, but out of the captured railroad trains supplied themselves as they went. On the way to AYLETT's Station they charged upon a regiment of cavalry drawn up in line of battle on an adjacent plain. Both seemed eager for the conflict; but before they met it was obvious they were all Union troops. The standing foe was the Twelfth Illinois cavalry, part of Gen. DAVIS' command. They had attempted to gain the Union lines by way of the Peninsula, but had met WHITE's brigade at Tunstall's Station, on the West Point and Richmond Railroad, and were obliged to seek another exit. This strange meeting was at King and Queen Court-House. From there they pushed on together, and reached Gloucester Point, opposite Yorktown, on Saturday morning last.

This is the fourth time within two years that Col. KILPATRICK has cut the Virginia Central Railroad. STUART followed them from Richmond to near Gloucester. Capt. ARMSTRONG thinks that if they had summoned terror-stricken Richmond to surrender, the summons would have been obeyed, but with the handful of men the place could not have been held.

The detachment had only two or three hours' rest out of twenty-four, riding night and day, and renewing their horses wherever they could find fresh ones. They were thus remounted several times throughout the command, and brought home better horses than they started with. It is said that most of the regular cavalry was massed with BROWNLOW and WYNDHAM at Columbia, and that the volunteers did most of the work between Richmond and Fredericksburgh.

The slaves everywhere hailed the expedition with delight. Near AYLETT's, a field full of slave women hoeing corn, threw their hoes in the air, and shouting "Glory to God!" "The Lord deliver us!" and singing ecstatic Methodist hymns, followed the old flag. When the expedition arrived at Gloucester, in the language of Capt. ARMSTRONG, "The ground was black with negroes."

Lieut. EWIS, with ten men, detached at AYLETT's to dash across the country northward, and, if possible, convey Gen. HOOKER news of the destruction of the communications, made a bold ride and struck the Rappahannock at Tappahannock Court House, but found the river too much swollen to cross. Here they surprised, captured and paroled, a rebel lieutenant and fifteen men. Being obliged to tarry here a short time, four hundred Essex County militia assembled under Gen. MEAD, and approached the lower ford, where the Union squad was waiting. When at a short distance, Gen. M. sent a flag of truce to EWIS, with a note informing him that he (Gen. M.) had sufficient force to capture them, and advised, to prevent the effusion of blood, that he surrender. The Union forces at BOWLER's Ferry, Lieut. E. reached, mounted and spurred rapidly down the river. During the night they succeeded in joining their regiment, and paroled them. Gen. MEAD and his militia, three hundred strong, followed closely, and soon the brave handful found themselves caught in a *cul de sac* between the swollen river and the great Dragoon swamp. They refused Union to surrender, and, abandoning their horses, destroyed their arms and took to the swamp. Here military pursuit was abandoned, but the planters turned out and actually hunted them with bloodhounds the next morning. On Wednesday last, all were captured, some wounded by the dogs. A detachment was immediately sent with them toward Richmond, but on the Mattapony they were met by our Cameron Dragoons, and the captors and captured instantly changed places. EWIS wheeled about and escorted his escort to Gloucester.

Wounded in Washington.

The following wounded officers are in the Seminary Hospital, Georgetown:

Lieut S K Conover, Co C, 26th New-Jersey.
Capt Samuel B Jobes, Co G, 12th New-Jersey.
Capt Julius C Silzer, Co C, 26th New-Jersey.
Lieut James T Lowe, Co G, 12th New-Jersey.
Capt H A Mattison, Co B, 12th New-Jersey.
Capt W H Schooley, Co C, 12th New-Jersey.
Lieut G W Whitfield, Co A, 12th New-Jersey.
Lieut W H Debevoise, Co C, 26th New-Jersey.
Lieut Martin Manning, Co I, 5th New-Jersey.
Lieut John P Crater, Co D, 16th New-Jersey.
Capt Edward D Murray, Co C, 140th New-York.
Capt A N Sill, Co K, 107th New-York.
Lieut J M Browne, Co A, 17th Maine.
Lieut A M Benson, Co K, 7th Maine.
Lieut S D Deering, Co H, 8th Maine.
Lieut S G Bailey, Co H, 8th Vermont.
Lieut Walter Crane, Co H, 6th Vermont.
Capt A P Hutchinson, Co B, 6th Vermont.
Lieut J Peden, Co A, 6th New-York.
Capt Jas W Artt, Co D, 6th New-York.
Lieut Ronald Kennedy, Co I, 3d Vermont.
Lieut H H Hinds, Co A, 87th New-York.
Capt J R Lyons, Co A, 87th New-York.
Capt J B McKinley, Co B, 5th Maine.
Lieut.-Col. Frank Palmer, 16th New-York.
Capt E Ball Ecot, Co I, 23d New-York.
Lieut B Byrne, Co K, 23d New-York.
Lieut S Porter, Co H, 23d New-York.
Adjt M B Stafford, 86th New-York.
Lieut J A Woodward, Co I, 86th New-York.
Capt W Van Keuren, Co F, 31st New-Jersey.
Lieut W Babbeo, Co F, 9th Massachusetts.
Capt H A Oakem, Co E, 11th Massachusetts.
Lieut J. D. Seaver, Co F, 9th Massachusetts.
Lieut C J Richards, Co K, 33d Massachusetts.
Lieut S Menorgh, Co K, 20th New-York.
Lieut Jas O'Brien, Co D, 2d New-York.
Lieut Henry Moretto, Co G, 24th New-York.
Lieut S W Roller, Co F, 64th New-York.
Capt Albert Dart, Co A, 84th New-York.

The following wounded soldiers arrived in Washington yesterday afternoon from Aquia Creek, per steamer *John A. Warner*:

Lieut Bernard Byrne, Co K, 23d New-York—leg.
Lieut S S Foster, Co H, 23d New-York—thigh.
Lieut W. Bisler, Co F, 7th Massachusetts—thigh.
Lieut Jas E Slaver, Co F, 7th Massachusetts—thigh.
Capt H A Oakman, Co E, 7th Massachusetts—thigh.
John S Taggert, Co E, 33d New-York—arm.
Thos McGowan, Co H, 31st New-York—hip.
Arthur S Procter, Co B 31st New-York—knee.
Clarke Sturdevant, Co E, 27th N Y—head, breast.
W C Champney, Co E, 17th New-York—leg and arm.
Michael Hayes, Co. E, 31st New-York—shoulder.
John Collins, Co E, 31st New-York.
Michael McGrohin, Co D, 31st New-York—foot.
Capt. Wm. G. Turner, Co G, 2d Rhode Island—abdomen.
Corp H. E. Reed, Co D, 7th Massachusetts—thigh.
Sergt Edward James, Co K, 7th Mass—leg.
Capt A B Keith, Co I, 7th Mass—leg shot off.
D Ideland, Co A, 31st N Y—thigh.
W H Morgan, Co G, 4th N Y—leg.
A H Dibble, Co F, 33d New-York—shoulder and wrist.
Chas W Weaver, Co E, 6th New-York—groin.
J Littlefield, Co C, 2d Rhode Island—ankle.
A Monroe, Co K, 42d N Y—leg.
Lucena Barnes, Co A, 6th N Y—leg.
Peter Malone, Co A, 7th Massachusetts—hip.
Sergt J O Smith, Co H, 42d New-York—thigh.
E S Lewis, Co B, 38th New-York—thigh.
James Diamond, Co H, 1st New-Jersey—side.
L W Valentine, Co H, 6th Maine—leg amputated.
W H Oster, Co G, 16th New-York—knee.
H B Lelacha, Co A, 6th Me—knee.
S Rees, Co K, 42d N Y—breast.
Geo Carr, Co A, 6th Massachusetts—thigh.
Wm L Hunt, Co D, 42d N Y—thigh.
E Collins, Co E, 7th Maine—leg.
Wm Williams, 1st New-Jersey—knee.
Lieut W Branson, Co D, 23d New-Jersey—knee.
Samuel Applegate, Co I, 23d New-Jersey—knee.
Chas C Blood, Co G, 16th New-York—thigh.
Timothy Wetherby, Co A, 6th Maine—wrist and hip.
Robt Mitchell, Co A, 31st New-York—thigh.
Chas E Heard, Co A, 6th Maine—hip.
Pliny S Winser, Co I, 2d Rhode Island—thigh, badly.
Saml Wight, Co I, 2d Rhode Island—thigh.
Geo W McIlvey, Co. E, 7th Mass—thigh.
James Dindale, Co I, 7th Massachusetts—leg shot off.
Michael Neon, Co C, 2d Rhode Island—thigh.
Corp Thos Dempsey, Co A, 2d Vermont—lost leg.
Joseph G. Rollery, Co B, 7th Massachusetts—leg.
Jas H Luther, Co D, 7th Massachusetts—leg.
Geo A Barber, Co A, 16th Massachusetts—leg.
Corp Pat O'Brien, Co A, 16th Massachusetts—leg.
John McCurry, 1st U S Chasseurs—knee.
E S Winternuter, Co M, 2d New-Jersey—hip.
S L Geyer, Co C, 15th New-Jersey—shoulder.
John V Geddon, Co G, 16th New-Jersey—knee.
J Murray, Co D, 2d Vermont—leg shot off.
Chas Daken, Co F, 16th N J—thigh.
Wm Burdess, Co D, 2d Vt—thigh.
J B Shumway, Co B, 6th Vt—leg.
James H Young, Co C, 16th New-York—leg.
Pat McLoughlin, Co E, 1st N J—breast and side.
Sergt R Kuhn, Co H, 16th New-York—ankle.
John Allendorf, Co F, 40th New-York—arm.
Herman Fisher, Co. E, 7th Massachusetts.
Dan Kelly, Co C, U S Chasseurs—leg.
Frank Cady, Co E, 77th N Y—leg.
Wm J Cook, Co C, 33d New-York—thigh.
Sergt Leary Ferry, Co I, 12th New-York—leg.

IMPORTANT FROM THE SOUTHWEST

Gen. Grant Said to be Investing Jackson, Mississippi.

The Vicksburgh Communications in his Possession.

The Rebels Forced to Come Out and Fight or Starve.

CAIRO, Monday, May 11.

The Memphis *Bulletin* says:

"We learn that Jackson is already invested, and that the rebels have no way of getting out of Vicksburgh but by cutting their way through the National forces.

"It was the pontoon bridge over the Big Black River that was destroyed, instead of the railroad bridge.

"The steamer *Marion*, during the engagement at Grand Gulf, ran on a snag and sunk with 100,000 rations. Most of the rations were lost."

(Jackson is the capital of the State of Mississippi. It is situated on the west bank of the Pearl River, which is navigable to that point. It is built on a level plain, and extends over a surface of half a mile square, regularly laid out, and a quarter of a mile from the river. It is forty-five miles east of Vicksburgh, and the railroad running eastward from that strongholt passes through it. The New-Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroad also passes through it. If the above dispatch is correct, Gen. GRANT thus has command of all the rebel communications.—ED. TIMES.)

OPERATIONS ON THE MISSISSIPPI.

Our Correspondence from the Gunboat Fleet.

Running the Vicksburgh Blockade—The Number of Gunboats and Transports Below Vicksburgh—Plantations Deserted—A Reconnoissance.

LANDING AT GRAND GULF, MISSISSIPPI RIVER, Monday, April 27, 1863.

We get but few newspapers in these parts, and are, of course, in blissful ignorance of the grand victories which our forces have achieved at Charleston and other places. We also have a conceited notion that the eyes of the whole country are turned upon us here in "the great Valley of the Mississippi." If such be the case, they will require good opera-glasses to discern what we are doing just now. The last remark is put in as a saving clause.

Without attempting to pass into the future, or to speculate concerning what does not belong to vulgar minds, we intend to give a plain, dry, matter-of-fact account of what we have seen.

One of the great historical events of the war will, no doubt, be the successful running of the rebel batteries by a whole fleet of gun gunboats, on the night of April 16, 1863. That fact, however, was but the precursor of another similar enterprise by our transport fleet. On Wednesday night five out of six steamers, intended for troop transports, successfully passed the Vicksburgh batteries, encountering the concentrated fire of a hundred guns, yet sustaining no serious damage, and only one being sunk. The unlucky steamer was the *Tigress*, the only side-wheel vessel in the fleet. Not a life was lost, so far as I can learn. For two hours and hours, and longer, did the rebels pour their vexatious, plunging fire of shot and shell upon the devoted steamers; but they went through it all, as if bearing a charmed life.

Watching the continuous flash of the rebel guns, and counting their deep and murderous bass at a distance of twenty odd miles from the scene, it seemed impossible for any floating object to escape annihilation under such a fire. The blood chilled, and the heart almost stopped beating, while the imagination painted the awful havoc of life which seemed inevitable under such a shower of destructive missiles. Imagine our surprise, say, our astonishment—when we learned, a few hours later, that so little damage was done to the brave Union flotilla.

If there is anything in the history of warfare to compare with these two events, I am unacquainted with it.

And, now, going back to the events preceding so immediately the running of the rebel blockade—to the vaunting of the enemy as to the invulnerability of his batteries; to the bouquet of Gen. PEMBERTON, and his invitation to Gen. SHERMAN to come down and examine his batteries, with the assurance that "the more he saw of them the less he would like them." How must the conceit be taken out of him? Who can measure the chagrin? How shall we take the dimensions of that collapsed balloon at Vicksburgh? Not the least of their mortification and disgust must come from the reflection of having wasted so much precious ammunition. Probably the powder, shell and shot expended for the purpose of destroying our gunboats and transports on those occasions, cost the rebel Government $10,000, at the very lowest estimate.

We now have seven transports and eight first-class gunboats below Vicksburgh, affording facilities for transporting our troops rapidly to any desired point, with the power to cover their landing with the requisite number of guns of heavy calibre. This change in our base of operations throws open the whole rebel line of operations to our attack, which had hitherto been deemed impregnable. We can strike at any one of half-a-dozen important points, selecting our own time and mode of doing it. The only fear seems to be we shall select too much time to do anything which may prove fatal to the mode. We rest too long upon our laurels.

Under instructions from Washington, I learn that the gunboats are hereafter to cooperate with the army in whatever movements are undertaken. If a good understanding can be secured between the commanders, and this programme carried out, we shall, doubtless, witness results of the most satisfactory character before long.

Keeping in view the supreme interests of the public service, it would be highly improper for me to foreshadow plans. N. B.—In this particular case the public interests are safe, for I know nothing to reveal. All I know is, we—the gunboat fleet—have been lying looking at Grand Gulf since the 22d of April. We have thrown a dozen or two of our shells at the working party who are busy day and night, apparently perfecting their works. When we fire they hide. When we cease they work, and the black sentry resumes his beat.

The gunboat fleet left Carthage on Wednesday morning, the 22d inst., the Admiral leading the way on the *Benton*. We took no troops. I will not state why, though it is supposed there were none to take—a pretty good reason. Being at Carthage, I was invited to go down, and availed myself of the opportunity to see the doings.

The plantations along the river for the twenty-five miles traveled seemed deserted, like every other part of the river—except by the blacks, who, young and old, male and female, poured out of the doors of their quarters, or ran to the bank to see the strange procession as it passed. It is a remarkable fact that they did not seem in the least alarmed, but on the contrary appeared interested in the sight. Probably they have no notion as yet, are Yankee hands. Our lugubrious white man nervously walks the planks of his otherwise deserted house. It was the only specimen of white humanity to be seen. The fleet came in sight of Grand Gulf shortly after noon, and ran down to within range as if intending to make an attack. Perhaps the object was to draw the rebel fire, and then ascertain their location, strength and range. If so, the object failed. Our gunboats didn't fire and so did they. The Admiral turned his head up stream and signaled the fleet to follow. At a distance of three or four miles the vessels rounded to, and the Admiral issued his orders for the day.

The *Lafayette* was designated as the ship to make the attack, in order to draw the fire of the rebel batteries. The Admiral, with the Commanders of the different gunboats, repaired on board the *Lafayette* and she was dropped down to within easy rifle range of the bluff. Meantime a small steamboat, the *Cheves*, had just run in and made a landing and was putting out. A long shell from the 100-pound Parrott was dropped near her, which had a perceptible influence upon the motion of her paddle-wheels. A second was fired at her without doing any damage—the shell not exploding. The *Cheves*, which seemingly led a somewhat charmed existence, disappeared in the labyrinths of the Big Black.

The *Lafayette* fired some twelve or fifteen shots and shot at the lower line of works, where guns could be distinctly seen mounted *en barbette*. The rebel flag floated from a staff upon a large mound directly at the foot of the bluff, which had the appearance of a magazine. A party of soldiers and contrabands—principally the latter—were at work apparently mounting guns inside the intrenchments, which extended along the entire river front, from left to right several hundred yards. The works, however, only appeared complete for a space of about one hundred and fifty yards. A line of rifle-pits lay back of the ramparts as far as could be seen, the opposite (Coffee) point concealing the full extent of the fortifications.

The Admiral stood on the spar-deck directing the firing. Only one battery—apparently a 30-pound Parrott—replied to the shell and solid shot from the *Lafayette*. They responded eight times, their shells being good line shots, but mostly falling short and exploding in the water. They came from a battery on the hill nearly half a mile down the river. One shot passed over the *Lafayette*, striking some distance beyond in the water.

The vessels then withdrew, and anchored out of range for the night. Thus ended the first lesson.

Thursday morning the flagship *Benton*, with the *Tuscumbia*, proceeded up the river, and the day was spent in uncertainty as to what was the next move. The boats lay all day observing the working party at the Point, and waiting in expectation of hearing from above. Toward evening the *General Price* appeared, with Maj.-Gen. MCCLERNAND, Brig.-Gen. OSTERHAUS, and other officers, accompanied by several of "our special artists," who came down for the evident purpose of reconnoitering the position, and taking notes and sketches. They dropped down, fired three or four 9-inch shells at the rebel works, and then retired whence they came. The gunboat *Louisville* also exchanged shots with the rebel Parrott, the missiles striking the bank, or going very near the mark. The working party left, and sullenly withdrew to a safer position. The rebel sentry also vamoosed. Thus ended the second day.

On Friday the Admiral came down on board the *General Price*, accompanied by Gen. MCCLERNAND, and fired one shell at the rebels from her stern nine-inch gun. The *Lafayette* also opened her Parrotts again, and sent several shots and shells into the rebel fortifications. The *Pittsburgh* and *Mound City* also fired several shots, and then withdrew for the night. The *General Price* withdrew up the river, and thus ended the three days' desultory firing at Grand Gulf. Result—"nobody hurt."

To-day, nothing strange has happened to relieve the monotony of this hot and dull exile, except the appearance of two persons, dressed as citizens, in a skiff, rowed by "ye intelligent contraband." The men had a pass from Admiral POREER to go down the river. They were sent to Capt. WALKE, on board the *Lafayette*, who strictly examined them, and then allowed them to proceed. One of this party is a notorious rebel in these parts, who has burned his cotton crop for two years past. Report also says he holds a high commission in the rebel army, though I do not vouch for the truth of that statement. The other, a Mr. MOORE, is a large planter living near by. The black man, on being questioned, stated that the last flour sold at Grand Gulf brought $50 per barrel. Corn was $1 per bushel, the price being fixed by Government. Salt was an article once mentioned in history, but they had not seen any so long they had almost forgotten its use. The last coffee brought to the country sold for six bits a pound, three months ago. There was little or no bacon, and only a few hogs left "around." He had seen three different steamboats arrive and depart at Grand Gulf, and as late as last Tuesday, two steamboat loads of troops were landed there from up the Mississippi. He had heard the number of troops given at two thousand. The number of guns reported to be there was eighty, (probably exaggerated.)

The rebel guns at Grand Gulf command the entrance to the Big Black River. As the rebels have had hints of our intentions, it would be strange if they had not already a large force of troops congregated at Grand Gulf for the protection of the place. They can easily be sent down the Big Black by steamboats and flats, and landed within marching distance of the place.

Battle at Port Gibson—Floyd in Command at Grand Gulf.

DESHAROUT'S PLANTATION, NEAR GRAND GULF, MISS., Saturday, May 2, 1863.

The forces of Gen. GRANT encountered some 10,000 of the enemy, yesterday morning, on his march toward Port Gibson, and had an engagement, lasting some two hours and a half. The enemy *fell back fighting*. Their best battery, probably belonging to BOWEN's brigade, the Sixth Missouri, fell into our hands, with 400 prisoners, who were sent to the rear.

The prisoners are at Bruensburgh, under guard. Our forces are now in the rear of Grand Gulf, and will probably occupy it to-day. Yesterday, wagons were observed hauling away *something*—probably ammunition—from Grand Gulf. It is no longer of any use to the rebels. Thus, another of the strongholds on the Mississippi is ours, unless we are *greatly mistaken*.—great men are liable to be, sometimes.

Brig.-Gen. BOWEN, who was in command at Grand Gulf, has just been relieved of the command of that post by Gen. FLOYD. This accounts for the *stealing away* of the ammunition, yesterday.

The rebels had their Colonel (WADE) and his Aid killed, besides several other officers and men, during the attack upon them on Wednesday; also a large number killed and wounded in the infantry. We dismounted several of their guns. A rebel mail, from Grand Bluff, captured by Gen. GRANT, admits heavy losses at that place, and that we *silenced their batteries*.

The gunboat fleet received a large list of coals this morning. The *Tuscumbia* is being repaired for active service. Those not seriously wounded on our side are doing well. We shall send you decisive news from this quarter very soon.

DE SOTO.

Harbor Defences.

ALBANY, Monday, May 11.

The Governor, Senator MORGAN and Comptroller ROBINSON held a meeting to-day relative to the harbor defences. Nothing definite has been yet concluded.

FIVE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

The City of Washington at this Port and the Bohemian off Cape Race.

Minister Adams' Letter of Protection to Mexican Property.

An Explanation from Mr. Adams to the British Government.

THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT DISSATISFIED.

The Peterhoff's Mails Forwarded to their Destination.

POLISH AFFAIRS UNCHANGED.

Cotton Dull and Declining—Breadstuffs Steady—Provisions Inactive—Consols 93 1-8@93 1-4.

The steamship *City of Washington*, from Liverpool on the 30th, and Queenstown on the 30th ult., arrived at this port about 1 o'clock this morning. Her advices are four days later than before received.

The steamship *Bohemian*, from Liverpool on Thursday, the 30th of April, via Londonderry May 1, was boarded by the news yacht off Cape Race at 9 o'clock yesterday morning. Her advices are one day later than those by the *City of Washington*.

The steamship *City of New-York*, from New-York, arrived at Queenstown April 29.

The steamship *North America*, from Portland, arrived at Londonderry on the 1st inst.

It was reported that Mr. ADAMS had made a frank explanation regarding his letter of protection to Mexican vessels. No diplomatic protest was necessary, but it is stated that France takes offence and demands an explanation.

Polish affairs were unchanged.

LATEST NEWS VIA LONDONDERRY.

LONDON, Friday, May 1.

The London *Times* "City Article" says:

"Notwithstanding the additional reports from New-York of violent instructions being sent from Mr. SEWARD to Mr. ADAMS, it is believed that nothing of the kind is intended to be presented to our Government. The reports were probably encouraged solely with the view to mitigate the dimensions of the approaching concentration. With the present feeling of the British public, which recently found expression in Parliament, it would be highly dangerous for the Washington Government to place matters in such a position as might render a continued exercise of forbearance impossible on the part of the British Government. It is stated that the detention by the Federals on board of the *Peterhoff* of two members of the firm of GALBRAITH, BARGETT & CO., having been brought to the notice of Earl RUSSELL, His Lordship has directed a reply to be sent them, announcing that Lord LYONS will be instructed to state to the Government of the United States, that the British Government considers that full reparation is due for the injuries sustained by the detention of their mails, and to Mr. BARGETT for the injury done them and him by protracted imprisonment at New-York.

The Ministers have announced that the *Peterhoff's* mails will be forwarded to their destination unopened, and that the same course will be pursued in similar cases."

THE NEWS VIA LIVERPOOL.

GREAT BRITAIN.

In the House of Commons, on the 28th, the annual effort was made to carry the bill for the abolition of the Church rate to a second reading was made. Although supported by Ministers, it was defeated by a vote of 288 to 273.

Punch's political cut for the week represents an American poking with a stick a slumbering lion in his den, while *Punch*, as the keeper, remarks, "Beware; he ain't sleepy, Young Jonathan, so you had best not irritate him."

FRANCE.

The Paris correspondent of the *Times* says it is supposed that next year the army will be reduced to a nominal figure of 400,000 men, and the navy to 100 ships afloat, with crews of 30,250 men. At present France has 420,000 soldiers under arms, and 200 ships afloat.

The Corps Legislatif has been prorogued to the 7th of May.

The Paris Bourse was firmer, the Rentes closing on the 30th at 69f. 40c.

ITALY.

A German priest, it was said, had gone from Rome with dispatches for Cardinal DE ANGELIS, denouncing Cardinal ANTONELLI, and calling DE ANGELIS to the head of the Papal Government.

POLAND.

Unimportant diplomatic papers regarding Poland had been published in England. They include Earl RUSSELL's dispatch, to Russia, dated April 18, calling on Russia to fulfill her treaty obligations.

A messenger had arrived in London from St. Pet

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Excitement Among the "Fancy."

A PRIZE FIGHT PREVENTED BY THE INTERFERENCE OF THE POLICE.

At a late hour on Saturday afternoon last, quite a number of the "fancy" of this City received a notice to the effect that on Monday morning, (yesterday,) about daylight, a prize fight would take place between JAMES ELLIOTT and JAMES DUNN, at Cairo, near Hunter's Island. The stakes were $1,200 a side. A large number of the sporting men of this City went down to Staten Island by the last boat on Saturday night. All day on Sunday large crowds of those immediately interested in the affair, seemed desirous of the chances of a leisurely day and repaired to the place, where it was supposed the battle would take place. The parties most interested did everything they could to prevent the Metropolitan Police from learning the time and place of the fight. The Dunn party rendezvoused in the vicinity of Camp Scott; but Elliott's party did not intend to let the City until a late hour on Sunday night. The Metropolitan Police had, in the meantime, received notice of the intended fight, and orders were immediately issued by the Superintendent to the Captain of the Harbor Police Boat, to arrest all persons who endeavored to leave the City in a certain boat, which it was supposed would leave the Battery about time during the night. Police Boat No. 1 was accordingly manned and every preparation was made to overhaul the suspected craft. About 2 or 3 o'clock on Sunday morning, a sloop was seen to pass down the North River, past the Battery, and as it answered the description of the suspected craft, the Police-boat, which had steam up for several hours, gave chase, and in a short time overhauled the Sloop. It proved to be the boat containing the Elliott party. When the Metropolitan boat first hailed the other, no answer was given; a second hail and the Elliott boat responded, "Don't mind the Metropolitans, but crowd on the sails." The Captain replied "Police-boat ahoy!" "Unless you come to and surrender, I shall at once fire upon you." This threat had the desired effect. The Elliott boat took in sail, and the Police steamer took her in tow, and brought her back to the City, with all on board. On the capital boat there were about four hundred of the friends of Elliott, with champagne. Some fifteen hundred or two thousand disappointed men—most of them the friends and backers of Dunn—after waiting at different places on the east shore of Staten Island until 8 or 9 o'clock yesterday morning, were compelled to wend their way back to the City, much disappointed at the idea of not having witnessed the "fun," and all the time venting curses loud and deep against the Police for the part they performed in the matter. The leaders in the fight say that it will come off in an early day, at some place beyond the jurisdiction of the Metropolitan Police.

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar—This Day.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.—Nos. 53, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 27, 28, 30, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—*Part I.*—Nos. 2450, 2611, 2463, 2465, 2467, 2469, 2471, 2473, 2479, 2481, 2483, 2485, 2487, 2489, 2491, 2495, 2497, 2501, 2503, 2505. *Part III.*—Nos. 1605, 1630, 1510, 2306, 1664, 1166, 487, 708%, 1640, 855, 1946, 1468, 769, 669, 2356, 1217, 659, 1445, 627, 1229.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.—Nos. 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 139, 145, 159, 166.

SUPREME COURT—TRIALS TERM.—*Part I.*—Nos. 2077, 1099, 2223, 495, 350, 2307, 2309, 2313, 2315, 2317, 2319, 2321, 2323, 2325, 2327. *Part II.*—Nos. 222, 1052, 1058, 2234, 2236, 1182, 2166, 2002, 914, 1406, 1742, 1555, 1646, 2310, 2002.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM.—*Part I.*—Nos. 1092, 1093, 1094, 1095, 997, 1699, 1700, 1701, 1702, 1065, 1264, 1261, 1044, 1197, 654. *Part II.*—Nos. 997, 1579, 771, 1248, 1584, 729, 1072, 1076, 59, 801, 1369, 1082, 1089, 1090, 1091.

Power of the City Judge to Grant Insolvent Discharges—Is a Gum Ticket Without any Impression or Seal within the Meaning of the Statute?

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Before Justices Sutherland, Clerke and Barnard.

The People on the Relation of the Pacific Mutual Insurance Company vs. John A. Meakes.—This case came up on certiorari, to review the proceedings taken before John H. McCunn, Esq., the City Judge, whereby the defendant was discharged under the act "of voluntary assignment by an insolvent debtor, for the purpose of exonerating his person from imprisonment."

It was agreed on the part of the relators that the City Judge has not power to grant insolvent discharges. That the claim on the part of the defendant, that the City Judge has the same powers as the Recorder in such cases, is not valid; and further, that even if it were, the Recorder himself has not this power. That, even if the City Judge had the general jurisdiction to grant discharges he had none in this case, because the affidavit of the insolvent does not appear to have been subscribed before the Judge. That there was no proof that the defendant resided or was imprisoned in the county where the City Judge resided. That the inventory of the debtor's property was insufficient; and that it nowhere appeared that he was insolvent. That if the City Judge acquired jurisdiction, his subsequent proceedings were erroneous; no sufficient cause for the creditors to show cause having been made. That the notice to creditors published was insufficient; the order for an assignment erroneous, and the assignment itself insufficient, as it had no seal; *the gum ticket purporting to be a seal, being without impression*; and, furthermore, that the discharge itself was defective on its face.

The argument on the part of the defendant was chiefly confined to the contravention of the points raised by the relators. Decision reserved.

John N. Lewis and David Dudley Field for relators; John B. Fogerty and A. J. Vanderpool for Machado.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Before Justice Mullin.

Emerson vs. Clarkson et al.—Judgment for plaintiff on demurrer, with leave to defendant to answer on payment of costs.

Robertson vs. Meeker et al.—Judgment for plaintiff, with costs.

Aitken et al. vs. Clark.—Judgment for the plaintiff on the demurrer, with leave to defendant to amend on payment of costs. See opinion.

Before Justice Clerke.

Niles vs. Burlington.—Case settled, 2d, 5th, 6th, 7th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th and 14th amendments allowed, the rest disallowed.

CIRCUIT.

Before Judge Wells.

Neidig et als vs. Kifer et al.—Judgment for plaintiffs. See decision.

SUPERIOR COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Before Justices Bosworth, Hoffman, White and Barbour.

Reede et al. vs. Bower.—Judgment reversed. New trial granted, with costs. Opinion by BARBOUR.

The People, &c., of The Lee Bank vs. Satterlee.—Judgment affirmed. Opinion by MORELL.

Robinson et al. vs. The Cork Exchange Fire and Inland Navigation Insurance Company.—Judgment affirmed. Opinion by MORELL.

SPECIAL TERM.

Before Justice Bosworth.

Lawrence et al., Assignees, &c., vs. Bank of the Republic.—Motion for judgment on account of the frivolousness of the answer, denied, with $10 costs, to abide the event.

Before Justice Monell.

Bott vs. Dodington, &c.—Proposed case and proposed amendments settled, and, with the other papers, left with the Clerk at Special Term. Taken to Clerk's office.

Before Justice White.

John Van Nostrand vs. Caroline Van Nostrand.—Default set aside, and defendant allowed to come in and defend. The plaintiff's costs of default and proceedings therein to be taxed, and to be paid, together with the $7 costs of opposing this motion, by crediting that amount to the plaintiff upon account of the attorney ordered to be paid in the suit in the Supreme Court, or upon the bond which the plaintiff has given, as mentioned by him in his affidavit—proper provision to be made in the order to be tried hereon, providing for stipulations from the defendant to accomplish the purpose of the order.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

STATED SESSION—Monday, May 11, 1863.

Present—Wm. Walsh, Esq., President, in the Chair, Aldermen Jeremiah and Masterson.

The roll having been called, and a quorum not appearing, the President declared the Board adjourned until Thursday evening next, fourteenth instant, at five o'clock P. M.

D. T. VALENTINE, Clerk.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

STATED SESSION—Monday, May 11, 1863—5 P. M.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment in their Chamber, number sixteen City Hall.

Present—Councilmen Hayes, Gross, Russell and McGrath.

A quorum not being present on roll call, the Board was declared adjourned until Thursday, fourteenth instant, at five o'clock P. M.

JOHN A. TOWLE, Deputy Clerk.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

SPECIAL SESSION.

Saturday, May 9, 1863—5 o'clock P. M.

The Board met in their Chamber, number sixteen City Hall, pursuant to the following call.

OFFICE OF CLERK OF THE BOARD OF COUNCILMEN, No. 5 City Hall-place, NEW-YORK, May 8, 1863.

Morgan Jones, Esq., President Board of Councilmen.

DEAR SIR—

You will please convene the Board of Councilmen [illegible]

Saturday, the ninth instant, at five o'clock P. M., to take such action as may be deemed necessary, in relation to the Police Bill.

[illegible] HENRY, [illegible]
MICHAEL C. GROSS,
DAVID FITZGERALD,
MORGAN JONES,
JAMES MURRAY,
PATRICK H. KEELAN,
RICHARD O'BRIEN,
JOHN T. GAW,
JOHN C. HAVILAND,
PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL JOYCE,
JAMES HAYES,
SAMUEL S. WEBSTER,
THOMAS BEADY,
JOHN MCCONNELL,
JAMES SANDFORD,
CHARLES EILEY,
JOHN HEALY.

Present—Morgan Jones, Esq., President, in the chair, and the following members:

Councilmen Hayes, Healy, Keenan, Sandford, The President, Webster, McCoy, Haviland, Gaw, Keenan, Murray, O'Brien, Cook, Brandon, Brien, Russell, Fitzgerald.

RESOLUTIONS

[No. 0.246.]

By Councilman [illegible]

Resolved, That Barclay-street, from College-place to West-street, be paved with Belgian pavement, one-half the expense to be borne by the property owners and the other half by the City, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was laid over.

By the President—

Whereas, The mournful intelligence of the decease of John Hogan, late a member of the Board of Councilmen, has been announced, the melancholy event having occurred on Friday last, the eighth instant; and

Whereas, The many virtues possessed and exercised by the deceased won for him the highest respect of his numerous friends, and endeared him especially to assembly-men in the Common Council of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, in which he wielded a large influence; and

Whereas, It is but fitting that the Common Council of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three (some of the members of which were the associates of the deceased while in office,) should give proper expression to their feelings in view of their painful and sudden loss; therefore be it

Resolved, That this Common Council has heard with deep regret of the decease of their late associate, John Hogan, whose virtues had endeared him to many hearts, and while thus giving feeble expression to their own sorrow, would tender to his family and friends the assurance of their sympathy, of which they stand so much in need.

Resolved, That as a mark of respect to the memory of deceased, the Common Council will attend his funeral in a body, on Sunday, ninth instant, at one o'clock P. M.

Resolved, That a committee of three members from each Board be appointed to take charge of and make the necessary arrangements for the funeral of deceased.

Resolved, That a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolutions be suitably engrossed, and forwarded to the family of deceased.

Which was adopted.

And the same was directed to be sent to the Board of Aldermen for concurrence.

Subsequently the President named Councilmen Hayes, Brice and Webster, the Committee on the part of the Board of Councilmen contemplated in the resolution.

Councilman Brice moved that, as a further mark of respect to the memory of deceased, the Board do now adjourn.

Which was carried.

Whereupon the President declared that the Board stand adjourned until Monday, the eleventh instant, at five o'clock P. M.

JOHN A. TOWLE, Deputy Clerk.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange.—MAY 11, 1863.

$25,000 U. S. 6s, '81	Con.	107¾	200 Reading R.		102
3,000 U. S. 6s, '71	Reg.	97	1000 do.		101¾
1,000 U. S. 6s, '74	Con.	97¾	100 do.		101¾
5,000 Treas. 7-3-10	w. f.		500 Mich. Cen. R.		111
Notes	Oct. & Apr.	103¼	50 do.		109. 110¼
4,500 do.	do.	103¾	2100 Mich. So. & N. I. R.		81
1,000 do.	do.	103	1000 do.		81¾
15,000 do.	Oct. & Apr.	103¾	600 do.		82
1,000 U. S. 6s, 1867, C.		93¾	1200 do.		82
21,000 do.	Reg.	93¾	100 do.		82
2,000 Ill. War Loan		103	100 do.		82
5,000 Tenn. 6s, '90		60	100 do.		82¾
4,000 Mo. 6s		64	100 do.		82¾
2,000 E. Ind M. R.		31¾	600 do.		82¾
1,000 Fort M. R.		31¾	100 do.		82¾
1,000 M. C. to Co. 1st M.		80	2300 do.		82
S. F. Bo.		121	600 do.		82¾
1,000 N. So. 2d M.		102	400 do.		82¾
2,000 Mich. So. & N. I. 7s		116¾	100 S. & N. I. R.		84
2,000 do.		116¾	100 do.		84
11,000 ALS. & N. 2d M. 7s		84¾	100 do.		84¾
10,000 ALS. & T. H. 1st M.		84¾	100 do.		84¾
5,000 Chic. & N. W. 1st M.		86	100 Ill. Cen. R.		97
5,000 C. & N. W. 1 M.		87	200 do.		96
5,000 do.		87¾	1000 do.		97¾
2,000 Chi. & N. W. 2d M.		85	100 do.		97¾
20,000 do.		85¾	500 do.		98¾
40,000 Han. & St. J. 1st M.		72	100 Ill. Cen. Full Stock		94
3,000 Del. & W. 1st M.		115	50 do.		94
20,000 Tol. A. & W. 2d M.		63¾	1000 Clev. & P. R.		104
5,000 Clev. & Tol. S. F.		111¾	200 do.		104
5,000 P. F. W. & C. 2d		85	2000 do.		104
15,000 Clev. & P. 4th m.		87¾	200 do.		104
10,000 Mich. & Mo. L. G.		62	200 do.		104
10,000 do.		62¾	1000 do.		104¾
50 Phenix Bank		102	600 do.		104¾
28 Bank of N. America		102¾	200 do.		104¾
50 Continental Bank		100	200 do.		104¾
30 Am. Exc. Bank		109	200 do.		104¾
3 Park Bank		126	1000 do.		104¾
15 Metropolitan Bank		124¾	100 do.		104¾
50 Mer. Ex. Bank		96	100 Mich. & Mo. B.		59
20,000 American Gold		147¾	50 do.		59¾
76,000 do.		147	100 do.		59¾
15,000 do.		146¾	1000 Galena & Chi. R.		104
120,000 do.		146¾	100 do.		104¾
200 Chic. & Al. Pref.		94	100 do.		104¾
100 do.		94¾	100 do.		104¾
100 Canton Co.		31	100 do.		104¾
200 do.		30¾	600 do.		104¾
5 Del. & Hud. C. Co.		147¾	20 do.		104¾
200 do.		30¾	100 do.		104¾
110 Penn. Coal Co.		139	50 do.		104¾
200 do.		139¾	200 do.		104¾
600 do.		139¾	400 do.		104¾
200 Cumb. Coal Pref.		23¾	200 do.		104¾
800 Quicksilv. M. Co.		47	700 Clev. & Tol. R.		118¾
100 do.		46¾	1400 do.		118¾
100 do.		30 46¾	100 do.		118¾
100 Pacific M. S. Co.		30 187	200 do.		b10 118¾
50 do.		188	540 Chi. & R. Is.		99
100 do.		188¾	200 do.		b10 99
300 do.		189	200 do.		99¾
100 Cent. Am. T. Co.		35¾	100 do.		b30 99¾
150 N. Y. Cen. R.		119¾	100 Chi. & R. Quin. R.		111
100 do.		b30 119¾	200 do.		111¾
100 do.		b60 119¾	50 Mil. & Pr. Du C.		49¾
400 do.		119	100 do.		49¾
100 do.		119¾	100 do.		49¾
200 do.		b60 119¾	300 do.		50¾
1000 Erie Railway		86¾	25 do.		50¾
5000 do.		86	200 M. & P. Du C. 2 M. Pr.		93
100 do.		87¾	100 Del., Lack. & W. R.		139
400 do.		87¾	100 Tol. & Wab. R.		74
100 do.		b30 88¾	200 Tol. & Wab. Pf.		80
300 Erie R. Pref.		105	400 P., F. W. & C. R.		78
200 do.		105¾	200 do.		78¾
200 do.		105	200 do.		78¾
400 do.		105¾	1000 do.		78¾
100 do.		105¾	200 do.		78¾
100 Hud. R.		129	600 do.		78¾
200 do.		129¾	600 do.		78¾
250 Harlem R. Pref.		100	425 Alton & T. H.		42
400 do.		100	50 do.		b30 42
200 Harlem Railroad		19	50 do.		b30 42
300 do.		97¾	400 do.		42
400 do.		97	44 Al. & T. H. Pref.		78¾
200 do.		96¾	200 do.		78¾
400 do.		96¾	1500 Chi. & N. W. R.		34
100 do.		b30 96¾	1000 do.		34¾
100 do.		b30 96¾	100 Chi. and Alt. R.		79
50 Nor. & Wor.		118	100 do.		79
50 Stonington R.		118			

SECOND BOARD.

$15,000 U. S. 6s, '81	Con.	107¾	1100 M. S. & N. I. R.		84
6,000 Tres. 7-3-10 p. ct.		100	700 do.		83¾
Notes	Oct. & Apr.	107	200 do.		b60 83
5,000 U. S. 6s, 1-20		103	1000 do.		83¾
10,000 do.		103¾	100 do.		83¾
20,000 do.		103¾	100 do.		s10 83¾
9,000 Mo. State 6s		64	100 Ill. Cen. R.		97
1,000 Tenn. 6s, '90		59	200 do.		96
5,000 ALS. & T. H. 1st m.		85	100 do.		b30 61
2,000 P., F. W. & C. 2d		84	200 do.		b30 62¾
2,000 do.		83¾	500 do.		b30 62
5,000 C. & N. W. 1st M.		87	100 Clev. & Pitt. R.		99
5,000 C. & N. W. 2 M.		89	400 do.		97¾
10,000 Mich. & Mo. L. G.		63	200 do.		b10 97¾
44,000 Amer. Gold		119	400 do.		97¾
26,000 do.		148¾	200 Gal. & Chic. R.		103¾
300 Bank of Commerce		109	200 do.		103¾
25 Bank of Commerce		108	100 Chic. & R. I. R.		99¾
25 Am. Ex. Bank		109	100 do.		99¾
30 Metropolitan Bank		132	200 do.		99¾
50 Quicks. M. Co.		47	300 do.		99¾
150 Canton Co.		30¾	100 P., F. W. & Ch.		79¾
416 Del. & H. Co. Co.		150	200 do.		79
150 N. Y. Cen. R.		119	100 do.		79¾
100 Cum. Coal Pref.		23¾	254 Mil. & Pr. Du Chien		51
100 Cent. Am. Trans. Co.		36	150 do.		51¾
150 do.		35¾	100 do.		51¾
200 Erie Railway		b10 87¾	100 do.		b30 61
300 do.		87¾	200 do.		b30 62¾
100 do.		b10 88	25 M. & P. Du C. 2 M. Pref.		93
300 do.		88	200 Alton & T. H.		40¾
400 do.		b10 88¾	100 Chic. & Alton R.		95
50 do.		b10 88	200 Chic. & N. W. R.		34
700 Erie R. Pref.		105¾	100 do.		34¾
400 do.		105¾	600 do.		34¾
500 Harlem R.		98	300 do.		34¾
100 do.		98¾	300 do.		s10 34¾
100 do.		b30 98¾	200 do.		35
200 do.		98¾	80 Nor. & Wor. R.		61
150 Harlem R.		111	350 Chi. & Alt. R.		79
200 Mich. Cen. R.		110	100 do.		b10 79
100 Reading Railroad		102	100 do.		79¾
500 do.		102¾			

PUBLIC BOARD—1 P. M.

$10,000 Amer. Gold		148	100 Ill. Cen. R. Scrip		88¾
10,000 do.		c148¾	400 M. S. & N. I. R.		83¾
35,000 do.		83 148¾	200 do.		83¾
7,000 Treas. 7-3-10 p. ct.		100	300 do.		b10 83¾
Notes		106¾	300 do.		s10 83¾
2,000 U. S. 6s 1-20		101¾	200 do.		s9 83¾
6,000 Mo. State 6s		63¾	200 do.		83¾
200 Erie Railway		87	1300 do.		b3 83¾
400 do.		88¾	300 M. S. & N. I. G. R.		115
300 do.		b10 88¾	100 do.		s30 114¾
200 do.		88¾	300 P., F. W. & C. R.		79
200 do.		b10 88¾	200 do.		79
100 do.		88¾	200 do.		79¾
250 do.		88¾	200 do.		79¾
200 do.		88 88¾	100 Mil. & P. Du C. R.		51
100 do.		s10 88¾	100 do.		50¾
400 Erie R. Pref.		105	100 do.		50¾
800 do.		105	100 do.		s10 50¾
200 do.		105¾	100 do.		50¾
100 do.		105¾	100 do.		b10 50¾
50 do.		b10 105	200 do.		50¾
100 Harlem R.		97	400 Gal. & Chic. R.		c 104
200 do.		97¾	100 do.		104
300 do.		97¾	50 do.		104¾
100 Chic. & R. I. R.		99¾	300 do.		104¾
300 do.		99¾	100 Clev. & Tol. R.		118¾
100 do.		99¾	1000 do.		b3 118
200 do.		99¾	200 do.		118
200 do.		99¾	200 do.		118

25,000	do.	148¾	100	Harlem Pref.	107¾ 111
10,000	do.	148¾	100	Mich. Central	111 110
3,000	Mo. State 6s	63¾	200	Mich. Southern	79 63
1000	Eagle Co. Lead Co.	3	500	Mich. Central R.	110 111
100	N. Y. Central R.	118¾	200	do.	110
100	do.	118¾	200	N. Y. & N. H. R.	200
100	do.	118¾	250	do.	78¾
100	do.	118¾	100	T. & P. Ali. R.	78¾
100	do.	118¾	100	Ill. & P. Du C.	52
100	Erie R.	88	100	do.	81¾
100	do.	88	100	do.	81¾
100	do.	88	100	do.	81¾
100	do.	105¾	100	do.	81¾
100	do.	s10 105¾	100	do.	81¾
100	Hudson R. R.	128¾	100	do.	81¾
100	do.	b30 129	200	do.	b7 81¾
100	Harlem R.	98	100	do.	s10 81¾
200	do.	98¾	100	do.	b3 100¾
1000	M. S. & N. I. R.	82¾	100	do.	s10 100¾
300	do.	83 82¾	100	do.	b10 100¾
400	do.	82¾	100	do.	100¾
2300	do.	83	200	Clev. & Tol. R.	118¾
1300	do.	83	100	do.	118¾
100	do.	82¾	100	Ill. Cen. R.	96¾
100	do.	82¾	100	do.	96¾
300	Ill. Cen. R.	96	100	do.	96¾

MONDAY, May 11—P. M.

The Weekly Averages of the Banks of the City of New-York, on Saturday, May 2, 1863, present in the aggregate the following changes from the previous exhibit of May 2:

Increase in Loans	$2,750,827
Increase in Specie	1,156,105
Decrease in Circulation	120,804
Decrease in Uncleared Deposits	1,040,365

Including the Clearing-house operations of the week, which show the inter-exchanges between the Banks, and including also the Sub-Treasury balance at the close of the week, the following is the general comparison with the previous exhibit, and also with the movement this time last season:

	May 2, 1863.	Apr. 25, 1863.	May 3, 1862.
Capital	$60,051,000	$60,198,000	$60,128,000
Loans	136,948,211	136,114,963	177,508,000
Specie	32,239,856	32,103,056	25,305,000
Circulation	5,830,212	7,050,016	7,201,169
Gross Deposits	148,918,788	147,910,634	227,205,377
Net Deposits	30,183,589	31,250,121	50,563,497
Undrawn	115,330,206	116,650,513	107,608,916
In Sub-Treasury	16,424,474	22,016,389	22,020,170

The Bank return this afternoon shows an accumulation of Gold Coin of $1,156,000 since last Monday. The improved demand for Money from the Stock Exchange has again increased the line of Loans and Discounts, to the extent on the present statement, of $2,750,000; making nine millions for the fortnight; while the diversion of Deposits and Country Bank balances into the 5-20 year 6 ⅌ cent Stock of the United States, has partially decreased the general line of deposits. The demand for Money is again active to-day from the Brokers of the Stock Exchange, but it appeared to be answered with more ease than on Friday or Saturday, at 6 and 7 ⅌ cent. The price of Gold Coin has fallen 1½ ⅌ cent. Sales at the early Board, and also in the afternoon at 148¾ ⅌ cent., and Exchange on London for the Boston mail is down to 163@164 ⅌ cent. The subscriptions to the 5-20 year stock of 1882 through the Loan Agents, amount to $1,150,000, and at the Treasury direct to $126,500; together, $1,276,500. There was also a good demand for the Loan of 1881, at the Stock Exchange, at 107½ ⅌ cent. Treasury paper again firm, and a large business was also done in Railway mortgages.

The *speculative temper on the Railway* Share list was even higher than on Saturday, notwithstanding some very heavy realizing on several descriptions, which had recently gone up 5@10 ⅌ cent. At the First Board the registered business is equal to 55,000 Shares, and the whole business of the day is not short of *one hundred thousand Shares!* Compared with the last prices of Saturday the best sales of the day show an advance of 6 ⅌ cent. on Michigan Southern; 3 ⅌ cent. on Cleveland and Pittsburgh; 2 ⅌ cent. on Erie; 3 ⅌ cent. on Fort Wayne, and the same on Prairie du Chien. The advance of Saturday on other descriptions was maintained, and upon large offerings for realization. The Coal Stocks are all higher, including Philadelphia and Reading, which sold at 101¾@102 ⅌ cent., the highest figure for the Stock known for 15 years. The transactions in Michigan Southern were the marked feature of the day's business from the rapidity of the advance.

At 4 o'clock there was some abatement from extreme prices on part of the Railway Share list, though speculation continued active. The following prices were made as compared with Saturday night:

	Sat.	Mon.		Sat.	Mon.
Gold Coin	150	148¾	Harlem Pref.	107¾	111
U. S. 6s, 1881	107	107¾	Mich. Central	111	110
N. Y. Central	119¾	119	Mich. Southern	79	63
Erie	87¾	88	Mich. Central R.	110	111
Erie Preferred	104¾	105	Illinois Central	96¾	96
Hudson	128	129	Pittsburgh	97¾	98
Toledo	115	115	Fort Wayne	78¾	79¾
Pacific Mail	188	189	Rock Island	100	99¾
Quicksilver Co.	46¾	47	Northwest	33	35
Harlem	97¾	98¾	Galena	103¾	104¾

The offerings of Bank Stocks are very light. The following bids were made without calling out sellers:

New-York	100	Bank of N. America	103
Merchants'	110	Hanover	97
America	128¾	Metropolitan	132
City	120	Greenwich	100
Phenix	102	Mechanics' River	100
North River	100¾	Market	100
Tradesmen's	107	Shoe and Leather	104
Butchers' & Drovers'	122	Corn Exchange	103
Mechanics' Banking Ass.	94	Continental	100
Merchants' Exchange	96	St. Nicholas	96
State of New-York	102	Marine	120
Ocean	91	Imp. and Traders'	100
American Exchange	108	Park	128
Chatham	99	New-York Exchange	110
Seventh of the Republic	100		

The following bids were made for the Railway Mortgages, in some descriptions of which a good business was done:

N. Y. Cen. 6s	109	Al. & T. H. prefer'd	83¾
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '66	104	L. C. & Hil. L. G. Bs	94
N. Y. Cen. 7s conv. '76	125	Chi. & N. W. 1st m. Bs	85¾
Erie 1st, '77	109¾	Chi. & N. W. 2d mor.	70
Erie R. seconds, '76	120	Chi. & N. W. 2d M.	69
Erie R. thirds, '82	114¾	Han. & St. Jo., 1st m.	72
Erie R. fourths, '80	108	Del., Lack. & W. 1st m.	116
Erie R. sixths, '83	106¾	Tol. & Wab. 1st m.	106¾
Erie R. Ext. 1st, '77	110	Tol. & Wab. 2d m.	63
Hud. R. 1st m. 6s, '88	116¾	P., F. W. & C. 1st m.	110
Hud. R. conv. '91	120	Chi. & N. I. 1st m.	110
Harlem Exten. '99, '73	111	Clev. & Tol. 1st m.	111
Hat. thirds, '83	106	N. L. C. Bras.	103
Mich. Cen. 8's & 6's, '72	111¾	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 1st m.	110
Mich. Cen. 7s, '83, '85	108	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 2d m.	103¾
Mich. S. & N. Ind. 1st m.	100	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 3d m.	85¾
Mich. S. & N. Ind. s. f.	103	Clev. & Pitts. 2d m.	103
Illinois Central, '75	120	Clev. & Pitts. 3d m.	87¾
Ill. Cen. R. Bds	109	Miss. & Mo. Ld. Grant	63

At the annual election of the Stock Exchange Board this morning Hon. HENRY G. STEBBINS was made President in place of Mr. BAYLISS, who declined to serve another term. The other old officers were reelected unanimously.

The import entries of Foreign Goods at New-York for the month of April, 1863, were:

In Dutiable Goods, consumption direct	$9,493,830
Dutiable Goods, warehoused	6,436,208
Free Goods	1,326,916
Total entries	$17,276,954
Against April, 1862	13,826,730
Increased importation	$3,451,524

There was also entered during the month, Foreign Specie of the value of $107,061, against $26,152 same month last year. The value of Foreign Goods of the previous importation withdrawn from bonded warehouse during the month is $4,133,683, or $2,324,575 less than went into bond of the fresh importation; thus making the whole value of Goods actually marketed during the month $13,626,463.

The Export Clearances from New York, in April, 1863, were:

In Domestic Produce	$11,881,923
Foreign Goods re-exported	450,173
Gold and Silver	1,072,834
Total Clearances	$14,004,930
Against April, 1862	
In Produce	$8,002,094
Foreign Goods	664,028
Specie	4,037,675—$12,703,797
Increased Exportation	$1,301,143

The April earnings of the Norwich and Worcester Railroad are:

April, 1863		$[illegible]
April, 1862		[illegible]
Increase		[illegible]

Mr. ROBERT LOWDEN, formerly of the firm of JOHNSON & LOWDEN, has taken an office No. [illegible] Pine-st., for the purpose of transacting a Foreign Exchange brokerage business.

A. H. Nickolay's Auction Sales.

Bank of America, Jersey City, Schuyler and Dorr; Bank of America, Jersey City, 4 shares, at sale Thomas H. Cock & Co., 50 Shares Crocker Bank, [illegible]

GENERAL MARKETS.

New-York, Monday, May 11, 1863.

ASHES—Have been quiet to-day, at $8 25 for Pots, and $8 12½ for Pearls. $100 Bs. [illegible]

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour was very quiet, though buyers had any existing advantage. Sales 7,000 bbls., including Superfine State and Western at $5@$5 20; $5@$5 for choice extra State at $5 30@$5 35, chiefly at $5 40@$5 45 for round-hoop extra Ohio, shipping brands, at $5 35@$5 37 ⅌ bbl. Superfine State and Western [illegible]

Extra State	[illegible]	[illegible]
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	5 45	@ 5 50
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands	5 35	@ 7 00
Extra Ohio, trade brands	7 00	@ 7 50
Extra Genes

DRY GOODS.

AT RETAIL.

PATON & CO.

are making large additions to their

SPRING STOCK OF

CORNICES, painted in gold,
LACE CURTAINS, [illegible]
FURNITURE COVERINGS [illegible]
CURTAIN STUFFS, all kinds,
TASSELS, BORDERS and GIMPS,
TABLE and PIANO COVERS, embroidered and plain,
CHINTZES, &c.,

and every variety of goods in very great variety for house furnishing, at prices that will show the high merits.

NO. 341 BROADWAY.

PAPER HANGINGS

AT RETAIL.

OUR SPRING STOCK IS NOW READY FOR EXHIBITION.

FOR EXTENT AND VARIETY OF STYLE IT IS UNSURPASSED.

Parties about furnishing are invited to an examination.

SOLOMON & HART,

No. 769 Broadway.

AT LORD & TAYLOR'S,

Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway,

FASHIONABLE DRESS GOODS,

Including Novelties received per steamers.

AT RETAIL.

Also, at stores Nos. 255 to 261 Grand-st.,

Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

AT LORD & TAYLOR'S,

Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway,

Including Nouveau Cloths, Silks, Cape, Underclothing, &c.,

Ready-made and made to order.

AT MODERATE PRICES.

AT LORD & TAYLOR'S,

Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway,

RICH LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,

In great variety for Spring and Summer.

AT RETAIL—LOW PRICES!

Also at stores Nos. 255 to 261 Grand-st.,

Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

AT LORD & TAYLOR'S,

Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway,

MANTILLAS AND CLOAKS,

Latest Paris Shapes, in great variety.

AT RETAIL.

Also, at stores Nos. 255 to 261 Grand-st.,

Nos. 47 and 49 Catharine-st.

AT LORD & TAYLOR'S,

Nos. 461 to 467 Broadway,

BLACK SILKS FOR MANTILLAS,

2-4 to 6-4 wide, in various qualities.

AT RETAIL, CHEAP.

SHADES,

of every variety and material, made and put up.

SHADE HOLLANDS of every color by the yard.

Silk, Silk and Wool, and Worsted Shield Tassels of all sizes and prices.

CORD AND SHADE FIXTURES OF EVERY KIND.

Particular attention paid to hanging STORE SHADES.

PATON & CO., No. 341 Broadway.

SPRING MANTILLAS.

R. MILLS & CO.

Will open on Monday, 11th inst.

BRAIDED CLOTH CIRCULAR CLOAKS,

BLACK SILK MANTILLAS,

RICH BLACK SILK SACKS,

NEW AND FASHIONABLE STYLES,

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

NO. 261 BROADWAY.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

ANOTHER WEEK FOR BARGAINS.

FOR THIS WEEK'S TRADE,

we will continue to offer

ADDITIONAL BARGAINS

IN

SILKS, SHAWLS, AND DRESS GOODS,

purchased at the

GREAT AUCTION SALES

DURING THE WEEK,

AND AT LAST-YEAR'S PRICES.

SILKS, SILKS, SILKS.

300D BLACK SILK AT 87½c.
31L BOILED do. do., $1.
YARD WIDE 25c. do., $1.00.
PLAIN COLORED SILKS, all the choice and fashionable colors, from Auction, at less than the importers' prices.

Also,

A GREAT BARGAIN IN

COLORED MOIRE ANTIQUES.

DRESS GOODS.

ANOTHER LOT OF (800) PARIS BAREGE ROBES, FROM AUCTION, 24 to 29 yards each, at $6, worth $12.

Also, 500 pieces from Auction of

MOZAMBIQUES, ALENCIAS AND POPLINS, at 12½c., 16c., 18c., 20c., and 25c. per yard.

Also,

The largest and most select stock of Black, Drab, Pearl, Mode, Slate, and Tan Alpacas to be found in the City.

Also,

MOURNING DRESS GOODS and SHAWLS, Cheap, from Auction.

Also,

THE BEST STYLES OF AMERICAN PRINTS at 15c. to 18c.

Also,

NEW SPRING DELAINES, at 18c., 20c., 22c. and 25c.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.

Also,

HEAVY BARNSLEY DAMASKS, from Auction, 75c., 87c. and 1c. (worth $1 to $1.25 per yard.)

ALL LINEN DAMASK NAPKINS, at $1.50 per doz.

Also,

BLEACHED MUSLINS, at 16c. and 18c. per yard.

Also,

4-4 BLEACHED MUSLINS, at 21c., 22c. and 25c.

Also,

QUILTS, TABLE-CLOTHS, LINENS, TOWELS, EMBROIDERED DRAPERIES, very cheap.

600 Dozen of LADIES and GENTS' LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS (slightly damaged on the voyage of importation,) and sold on account of the Insurance Companies, late auction, at 8c., 10c., 11c., 12c., (Gents' size) 25c., 37c., 50c.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

MANTILLAS. MANTILLAS.

OUR STOCK IS NOW REPLETE

WITH AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT

OF CLOTH AND SILK GARMENTS,

manufactured from the latest FASHIONS,

and including several "novelties" to be seen ONLY IN OUR STORE.

OUR PRICES are to be found

FROM 25 TO 50 PER CENT. CHEAPER

than Broadway and Canal-st. houses.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS! SHAWLS!

STRIPED BROCHE SHAWLS, (all wool,) at $2, $2 50, (worth $3 50 and $4.)

STRIPED BROCHE SHAWLS, superior quality, $4 to $6, (worth $7 to $10.)

FASHIONABLE GRENADINE SHAWLS, $3 50 each, (worth $6.)

CHECKED WOOL SHAWLS, new designs, at $4 to $6.

BARGAINS RECEIVING DAILY FROM AUCTION AND PRIVATE SALES.

W. K. PEYTON.

No. 378 Bowery, near Houston-st.

AT THE METROPOLITAN CLOAK ROOMS,

No. 466 BROADWAY,

(Entrance through Grover & Baker's Salesroom.)

THE NEWEST STYLES

SILK AND CLOTH CLOAKS,

EMBROIDERED OR BRAIDED.

HENRY MOORE, Agent.

CARPETS. CARPETS. CARPETS.

COLUMBIAN HALL,

No. 321 Grand-st.

We are offering a large and well-selected stock of TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, THREE-PLY and INGRAIN CARPETINGS, at low prices, for cash. Also, Stair Carpets, Rugs, Mats and Oil-Cloths, for sale.

ADAMS & SPENCER.

MOURNING GOODS.

BOMBAZINE CLOTH and other dress goods, also BONNETS, MANTILLAS, SHAWLS and EMBROIDERIES, including everything a lady requires to complete a FULL MOURNING SUIT. Prices just right. Call and see our styles before purchasing elsewhere.

JACKSON'S MOURNING STORE,

No. 565 Broadway, between Spring and Prince-sts.

DRY GOODS.

SHIRTING LINENS FROM

EUROPE

BOUGHT BARGAINS

AT RETAIL.

300 PIECES OF SUPERIOR FAMILY

SHIRTING LINENS,

VARYING IN PRICES FROM

50c. TO 50 CENTS PER YARD.

PATON & CO., No. 341 Broadway.

SOLOMON & HART,

No. 769 BROADWAY,

ARE MAKING UP EVERY STYLE OF

CURTAINS, VALLENCES,

CORNICES AND TRIMMINGS,

GOLD, PAINTED & HOLLAND

WINDOW SHADES,

AT A SLIGHT ADVANCE ON OLD PRICES.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

GRAND EXPOSITION OF NOVELTIES IN PARIS MANTLES,

AT THE

VILLE DE PARIS,

359 BROADWAY.

Ladies are respectfully invited to attend the Second Grand Opening of my immense importations of foreign novelties for the Spring, which, in consequence of the unprecedented inclemency of the season, I have determined to dispose of at the more cost of importation.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, the 11th,

The following invoice will be exhibited for inspection, which, with the low scale of prices attached to each lot, forms at once the most attractive and important display of elegant garments ever offered in this City.

The subjoined explanatory list will convey to ladies but a limited idea of the immense inducements offered on this occasion:

300 BLACK SILK SACQUES, 44 to 48 inches long.
220 BLACK SILK SACQUES, highly ornamented.
147 BLACK SUPERE GUIPURE TRIMMING.
125 MAGNIFICENT GROS DE AFRIQUE TRIMMING.
172 PARIS ROTONDES.
325 PARIS ROTONDES, IN GOTHIC FIGURES.
160 DO. ELABORATELY EMBROIDERED.
400 MISCELLANEOUS STYLES of exquisite design and rare finish.
SAXONY AND HUNGARIAN GARMENTS.
400 LIGHT FANCY SPRING SHADES.
250 DO. BRAIDED.
325 ENGLISH MELTONS.

A large lot of the new POLISH CIRCULAR, in every fashionable variety.

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S GARMENTS,

In Cloth and Silk,

In profusion, and suitable to all ages.

GEO. CAREY, (late Charles Street & Co.,)

No. 475 Broadway.

359 BROADWAY.

LACE CURTAINS.

NOTTINGHAM LACES,

VESTIBULE LACE,

And all styles of Trimmings for Curtains.

Over 2,100 pairs Curtains, at

OLD PRICES.

G. L. & J. B. KELTY,

No. 359 Broadway.

CHEAPEST SHIRT STORE IN THE UNITED STATES.

FOR ONE DOLLAR.

SIX SHIRTS, made of Wamsutta or Waucuma Muslin, which is equal in wear to New-York Mills Muslin.

SIX FOR $14, and SIX FOR $18.

SIX New-York Mills Muslin SHIRTS, with extra fine Linen Bosoms and Wristbands, (best Shirt made,) for $18. This is cheaper by 6c. per dozen than any other house. Send for a Circular.

FREDERICK LEWIS, 637 Broadway.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.

RIBBONS, RIBBONS, RIBBONS.

All below last week's prices.

On TUESDAY purchases from five large auction sales will be ready.

FANCY BONNET RIBBONS by the carloon, piece or yard, at 12 cents, 15 cents, 25 cents, 31 cents, 38 cents, 44 cents per yard and upward.

Almost every fashionable shade and color in plain corded edge Ribbon, cheap, from narrow to broadest Widths.

Full line of White and Black Bonnet Ribbons.

No. 4 TRIMMING RIBBONS, best qualities, every color, 50 cents per piece.

No. 5 TRIMMING RIBBONS, do., 75 cents.

EDWARD RIDLEY,

Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand-st. and 66 Allen-st.

☞ Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.

MILLINERY SILKS, DRABS, TERRE DE EGYPT, AZULINES, LILACS, DONNAS, BROWNS, PURPLES—in fact, every fashionable shade, from 87 per yard upward.

Another large lot of MILLINERY and REAL LACES, THREAD and GAUZE VEILS, cheap.

EDWARD RIDLEY,

Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand-st. and 66 Allen-st.,

☞ Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.

LADIES' KID GLOVES, 50c. THE PAIR.

Embroidered Backs, New Stitch, fine quality, $1 the pair.

Our BEST KIDS (equal to Alexander's) are now $1 25 the pair.

New styles in LISLE THREAD and SILK GLOVES.

The Cheapest Silk Mits in the City. Over 1,000 dozens from auction.

Bargains in Embroideries.

EDWARD RIDLEY,

Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand-st., and No. 66 Allen-st.,

☞ Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.

STRAW BONNETS! STRAW BONNETS!

STRAW BONNETS at Retail!!

STRAW BLOOMERS by the Carload!

STRAW BLOOMERS at Retail!!

We have almost every imaginable shape and style in both Bonnets and Bloomers, which we sell at least one-third below this day's market prices.

Examine our White and Colored Bloomers, at 25c., 38c., 44c. and 56c. each, and upward.

Especially, we call attention to our Gray and Tan Hair Bonnets, running from $1 to $3 each.

Also, Misses' Bloomers, in Split, Dunstable, Leghorn, Pedal, Linlot, and every other desirable braid.

EDWARD RIDLEY,

Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand-st., and No. 66 Allen-st.

☞ Fifth block east from the Bowery.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE.

NEW DRESS TRIMMINGS!!!

STRAW TRIMMINGS!!!

FROM AUCTION.

Bargains in Colored and Black CRAPES, TARLATANS, RIBBONS, VELVETS, &c., &c.

Two Hundred Cartoons of NEW FRENCH FLOWERS.

Largest Stock in this City to select from.

EDWARD RIDLEY,

Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand-st.

☞ Entrance to this Department, 66 Allen-st.

Fifth block east from the Bowery.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STORE-KEEPERS.

AT GRAND-STREET CHEAP STORE,

You can purchase out lengths of Millinery Goods cheaper than down-town jobbers sell whole pieces.

Only we have cheap RIBBONS, SILKS, STRAWS and LACES.

EDWARD RIDLEY,

Nos. 311 and 311½ Grand and No. 66 Allen-st.,

☞ Fifth block east from the Bowery.

LACE GOODS AND EMBROIDERIES!

200 PIECES BEST PUSHER FLOUNCING LACES, from 4c. to 12½ a yard. VERY WIDE, and Best Goods imported.

5-4 PUSHER SHAWL LACES, half price.

REAL LACES, of every description.

POINT COLLARS, THREAD COLLARS, &c.

1,000 Dozen Ladies' Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, from 12c. a dozen up. THE CHEAPEST LINE OF HANDKERCHIEFS IN THE CITY.

Hem-stitched and Embr'd Handkerchiefs—A full stock.

Gents' Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs, at very low prices.

OPENING 1,000 FRENCH EMBROIDERED COLLARS, AT LOW PRICES. Sets of every description.

FULL LINE OF NEEDLE-WORKED EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS, INFANTS' WAISTS, INFANTS' DRESSES, &c. &c.

ALL COLORS of Grenadines, Barege, Grenadine Veils, Lace Veils, Thread Veils, Barbes, Collarettes, &c.

R. H. MACY,

Nos. 204 and 206 6th-av., 3 doors below 14th-st.

AT LEGRAIN'S,

NO. 769 BROADWAY.

OPENING OF NEW GOODS.

STYLES TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION.

MORE ESPECIALLY,

GAUZE DE CHAMBERRY, ALL SILK,

50 CENTS PER YARD; WORTH 91.

LEGRAIN, NO. 769 BROADWAY,

Corner Waverley-place, near New-York Hotel.

MILLINERY GOODS.

Choice and Select Stock of LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S STRAWS, ALL THE PRESENT STYLES. Also, choice stock of best PARIS FLOWERS, all the desirable shades to match the Ribbons. BUCHES, INFANTS' LACE CAPS, FANCY BACK COMBS, [illegible]

[illegible]

DRY GOODS.

WINDOW SHADES. NO. 359 BROADWAY.

KELTY'S.

GOLD SHADES.
GOLD SHADES.
GOLD SHADES.
GOLD SHADES.
GOLD SHADES.

WHITE HOLLAND SHADES.
WHITE HOLLAND SHADES.
WHITE HOLLAND SHADES.
WHITE HOLLAND SHADES.
WHITE HOLLAND SHADES.

BUFF, GREEN AND BLUE HOLLANDS.

WHITE AND BUFF HOLLANDS.

ALL STYLES FIXTURES,

Sole agent for

BRAY'S SPRING FIXTURES.

Best in use.

WINDOW SHADES FOR STORES.
WINDOW SHADES FOR STORES.
WINDOW SHADES FOR STORES.
WINDOW SHADES FOR STORES.
WINDOW SHADES FOR SKYLIGHTS.
WINDOW SHADES FOR SKYLIGHTS.
WINDOW SHADES FOR SKYLIGHTS.
WINDOW SHADES FOR SKYLIGHTS.

SPONSALLA

MILLINERY ROOMS,

No. 48 Waverley-place.

Mme. BENEDICT'S second Opening of Parisian millinery will take place on THURSDAY, May 14.

A distinct department for

MOURNING MILLINERY.

MILLER & GRANT, 703 BROADWAY,

ARE OFFERING

SHETLAND, LLAMA, PUSHER and CHANTILLY SHAWLS. Also BLACK LACE VEILS, COIFFURES, BARBES, PARASOL COVERS, and other HIGH GOODS, at FAVORABLE RATES, to which they invite the attention of customers.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a respectable young girl as chambermaid or chambermaid and waitress; is willing to assist in washing and ironing; has no objection to go in the country for the Summer; has the best of City references from her last place; understands the use of Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Call, for two days, at No. 308 West 37th-st., second floor, Room No. 6, front.

AS CHAMBERMAID.—A LADY WISHES TO find a good situation for a young Protestant girl, as lady's maid or to do light chamber work and assist with the sewing. Apply between 9 and 12 A. M., at No. 324 4th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, BY A respectable Scotch Protestant, a situation in a private family, as chambermaid; also, will do up muslins and laces; understands French fitting; will do plain sewing if required; best of references from first-class families; is willing to go a short distance in the country. Call for two days at 219 West 32d-st., between 6th and 7th ave.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION as above, by an American woman, as chambermaid and seamstress, or to do chamber work, and take care of children; can embroider; good City reference. Call at No. 13 Union-court, University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A PROTESTANT woman likes to engage as chambermaid, and do fine washing and ironing, or as seamstress and take care of children; would prefer the country for the Summer; good City reference. Call in the back store, No. 604 6th-av., between 20th and 21st sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a respectable girl as chambermaid and seamstress in a private family; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 3 East 34th-st., at her present employer's, to whom she refers.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a respectable young girl as chambermaid and to do fine washing and ironing, or as nurse and plain seamstress, or travel with a lady. Call at No. 261 5th-st., near 27th-st., on second floor. Good reference.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a respectable girl, to do chamber work and writing, and take care of children; would be willing to go to the country for the Summer. Apply for two days at her present employer's, No. 119 West 37th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A SITUATION wanted, by a young girl as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; the best of City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 32 222-st., between 3d and Lexington ave.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a young girl, 18 years old, to do light chamberwork and plain sewing, or would take care of children. Best of City references given if required. Call, for two days, at No. 64 Sheriff-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A YOUNG WOMAN wishes a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or chambermaid and assist in the washing; would go in the country; has good City references. Call at No. 101 University-place, between 11th and 12th sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A SITUATION wanted by a young girl as chambermaid and fine washer; has the best of references from her last place. Call, for two days, at No. 127 West 24th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, &c.—A RESPECTable woman wishes a situation, as chambermaid and to do fine washing. Apply for two days, between 10 and 3, at No. 261 8th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND NURSE.—A young woman wants a situation as chambermaid and take care of children; has no objection to go in the country for the Summer. Call, for two days, at No. 212 35th-st., near 7th-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—A respectable young woman wishes a situation as chambermaid; and seamstress; can do all kinds of embroidery, and is willing to make herself generally useful; best of City reference, if required. Call at No. 315 West 18th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—A situation wanted, by an American girl, as chambermaid and seamstress, or nurse and seamstress; no objection to the country; City reference can be given. Can be seen for two days, at No. 33 West 12th-st., second door, back room.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—A respectable young woman wishes to obtain a situation as chambermaid and to do plain sewing in a private family. She may be seen at her present employer's, No 18 East 22d-st., where she has been for nearly two years.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A Wanted, a situation by a respectable Protestant girl, as chambermaid and waitress, or to take care of children; would be willing to go in the country; is a good sewer; good recommendations from her last place. Can be seen, for 2 days, at No. 41 Sheriff-st., between Broome and Delancey sts.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A Wanted, by a young girl, a situation to do chamber work and waiting in a small private family; no objection to assist with the washing and ironing; 2 years' references from last place. Call, for two days, at No. 426 7th-av., corner 36th-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A young woman wishes a situation as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; has the best of City reference from her last place, where she has lived for four years. Can be seen at No. 120 East 26th-st. until suited.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A Wanted, a situation by a young girl as chambermaid and waitress in a small private family; can give good City reference. Call at No. 146 East 21st-st., near 3d-av.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A Wanted, a situation in a private family by a neat, tidy girl to do chamberwork and waiting; will be willing to go to the country for the Summer; has good City references. Call at her present place, No. 11 East 27th-st. Refers to her present employer.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A Wanted, a situation by a young girl as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; the best of City reference given. Call for two days at No. 125 West 24th-st., between 6th and 7th ave.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A Wanted, by a respectable young Protestant woman, a situation as chambermaid and waitress; the best of City reference given. Inquire at No. 306 2d-av., in the dress and needle store.

AS CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS.—A Wanted, a situation as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; has good reference. Call at No. 224 West 23d-st.

AS CHAMBERMAID, WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted by a respectable girl, a situation as chambermaid and fine washer and ironer. The best city reference can be given. Apply for two days at No. 27 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th ave.

AS CHAMBERMAID, WASHER AND IRONER.—A situation wanted, by a young woman, as a private family, as chambermaid and fine washer and ironer; she can do all kinds of work; best of City references can be given. Call at No. 19 Bedford-st., between 4 and 5 P. M.

AS GENERAL SERVANT.—WANTED BY A neat, tidy girl, who lived in a gentleman's family in Ireland, a situation, as general servant; washes and irons well; is willing and obliging; or upper servant, waiting and parlor maid. Wages $8; city or country. Call at No. 192 East 31st-st.

AS TRAVELING SERVANT.—A RESPECTable young woman is desirous of going to California, and would be willing to assist a lady or family as a domestic, in consideration of a free passage. Can be seen for two days at No. 41 Flatbush-av., Brooklyn.

AS UPSTAIRS SERVANT.—A HIGHLY RESpectable and well-recommended young woman desires a situation, in City or country; is a good chamber maid and waitress and a first-rate seamstress; would like a situation as nurse. Can be seen at No. 378 6th-av., first floor.

AT THE LARGE FIRST-CLASS SERVANTS' Institute and New-York Employment House, are always on hand good servants, to suit all, and good stores also. [illegible]

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS PLAIN cook, in a private family, by a young woman; has good reference from her last employer; is a good baker; would be willing to assist in washing and ironing if no objection or for a short distance in the country. Call for two days, at No. 11 4th-av.

AS COOK.—SITUATION WANTED BY AN RESpectable woman, as cook in a private family; is a good baker, and willing to assist in the washing; would go a few miles in the country; good reference given. Call at No. 128 West 26th-st., yellow door.

AS COOK.—SITUATION WANTED AS COOK IN a private family by a thoroughly competent person; will assist in washing; can furnish excellent recommend from the families with whom she has lived in the City. Apply at No. 404 2d-av., between 20th and 21st sts., second floor.

AS COOK.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WISHES as a situation as cook; understands making bread, pastry, soups, desserts and every thing in request; has three years' City reference from her last place. Call, for two days, at No. 146 Thirty-st., low floor, front room.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY A young woman, as excellent cook; understands cooking in all its branches; would be willing to assist with washing, if required; has good City references. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 115 East 26th-st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS COOK in a private family, by a competent woman, who perfectly understands cooking in all its branches. Has an exceptionable City references. Can be seen at, or address for two days, No. 194 East 11th-st., near 1st-av.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED AS COOK by a respectable woman who thoroughly understands her business; has the very best of City references; can be seen for two days at No. 171 East 34th-st., two doors from 3d-av.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A RESpectable young woman, as good plain cook; is an excellent washer and ironer; has the best of City references for her last place. Can be seen, for two days, if not suited, at No. 203 West 16th-st., between 6th and 7th ave.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A competent woman as first-class cook, understands all kinds of French, English and American cooking, and is an excellent baker; can give the best of City references. Apply at No. 202 7th-av., between 23d and 24th sts.

AS COOK.—AN EXPERIENCED FRENCH WOman, with the highest testimonials, would take a situation in town or country; understands American and French cooking to perfection. Can be seen at No. 12 4th-av., by applying to A. M. SEE.

AS COOK.—AN ENGLISH WOMAN WISHES A situation as good cook; thoroughly understands her business; best of City references. Call, for two days, at No. 108 East 12th-st.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY A RESpectable woman, as first-class cook, in a private family; one that understands her business; has good City reference. Can be seen at No. 165 East 41th-st., between Avenue A.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION AS COOK by one who understands French and American cooking, and all kinds of pastry and preserves, and has good City references. Inquire at No. 308 8th-st., entrance on 24th-st., third floor.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A COMPETENT PERson, a situation, as cook, in a private family; is the washing; has the best of City references from her last place. Call at No. 153 West 29th-st.

AS COOK.—A SITUATION WANTED BY AN EXperienced woman as first-class cook, with the best of City references. Call or address at No. 149 7th-av., between 20th and 21st sts., 2d floor, back room.

AS COOK.—WANTED, BY A RESPECTABLE woman, a situation as first-class cook; is a good baker of bread and pastry; good references; call, for two days, at No. 20 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th ave.

AS FIRST-CLASS COOK.—A SITUATION wanted by a first-class cook; understands all kinds of cooking; has lived in the highest families in the City; unexceptionable references; will give a month's trial for two days; at No. 134 21st-st., corner 7th-av., top floor, entrance on 21st-st.

AS FIRST-CLASS COOK.—WANTED, BY A Protestant woman, a situation as first-class cook; understands her business in all its branches; or as laundress; has the best of City references from her last place. Can be seen, for two days, at No. 283 7th-av.

AS FIRST-CLASS COOK.—SITUATION Wanted, by a young woman, in a private family; understands her business in all its branches; has no objection to assist in washing if required; four years' references. Can be seen for two days, at No. 208 6th-st.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A respectable young woman, as good plain cook; is an excellent washer and ironer; has the best of City references for her last place. Can be seen, for two days, if not suited, at No. 203 West 16th-st., between 6th and 7th ave.

AS COOK.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A competent woman as first-class cook, understands all kinds of French, English and American cooking, and is an excellent baker; can give the best of City references. Apply at No. 202 7th-av., between 23d and 24th sts.

AS COOK, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, by a respectable woman, as cook; will assist with the washing and ironing if required, or attend to milk and butter. Call, for two days, at 276 1st-av., between 16th and 17th sts.

AS COOK, &c.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A Protestant woman as good, plain cook; or to assist in the washing in a small private family; the City preferred; the best of City reference. Apply at 107 East 12th-st.

AS COOK OR GENERAL SERVANT.—A Wanted, a situation by a smart, capable girl, to do cooking or general housework; is a neat, respectable and trustworthy servant; an excellent washer and ironer and good cook; willing and obliging; best of references. Apply at No. 122 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn, City or country.

AS COOKS, WASHERS AND IRONERS.—Situations are required immediately for superior servants, cooks, washers and ironers, whose references are to the first families in Brooklyn, and really valuable servants. Apply at MANNING'S REGISTERING OFFICE, Brooklyn, formerly of Tillary-st. Patronized by families of distinction in city and country. Our selection of cooks, washers and ironers is unusually large, and of an excellent class.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—Wanted, a situation, by a respectable girl, to cook, wash and iron in a small private family; she is good plain cook, excellent washer and ironer; has good reference from her last place. Apply at 28 Hudson-st., rear building, for 2 days.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A situation wanted by a respectable girl as good cook, washer and ironer, or as laundress; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Good City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 91 22d-st., between Lexington and 3d ave.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A very neat and trustworthy girl wishes a situation, as above in a small private family; she has very good recommendation from her last place, and will be found an experienced and valuable servant. Apply to Mr. CHRISTOPHER, No. 18 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A respectable young girl wishes a situation in a small private family; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer; the best of City references can be given. Call at No. 46 East 22d-st.

AS COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—A Wanted, a situation as cook, washer and ironer; has good City references. Call at No. 40 East 22d-st., between 3d and Lexington ave., for two days.

AS LADY'S MAID.—WANTED, A SITUATION as lady's maid, by a highly respectable woman, and would take care of one or two children; no objection to travel; unquestionable references can be given. Call at No. 121 West 20th-st.

AS LADY'S MAID, &c.—SITUATION WANTed, by a Protestant girl, as lady's maid and dressmaker, and to arrange hair in all its branches; operates on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine; City reference. Inquire at No. 366 6th-av., between 22d and 23d sts.

AS LADY'S MAID, &c.—SITUATION WANTed, by a young American, as above; understands hairdressing, dressmaking, and all kinds of fancies; best of reference. Call, for two days, at No. 51 6th-av., second floor, front room.

AS LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—Wanted, a situation as lady's maid and seamstress, or as children's maid and seamstress; the advertiser can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine, understands all kinds of family sewing, and can cut and make children's frocks to fit; has a first-class City reference; is a Protestant, and has no objection to the country; will be heard of for two days. Address E., Box No. 115 Times Office.

AS LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—A young woman desires a situation in a gentleman's family as above; can cut and fit ladies' and children's dresses, and understands dressing of hair; best of references. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 307 4th-av.

AS WAITRESS.—SITUATION WANTED, IN a respectable private family, as waitress, by a competent, trustworthy young woman, with best of City references from her last employer. Call at No. 247 West 23d-st.

AS WAITRESS.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY a respectable Protestant girl, as waitress in a private family; has no objection to the country; with good City reference. Can be seen at No. 237 6th-av., cor. 26th-st.

AS WAITRESS, &c.—WANTED, BY A THOROugh servant, a situation as waitress in the country, or chambermaid and waitress in the City; is willing and obliging; wages $6; takes charge of the silver and dining-room in excellent style. Call at No. 129 East 31st-st.

AS WAITRESS, &c.—WANTED, BY A RESpectable girl, a situation, as waitress, or as chambermaid and waitress in a small family; best of City reference. Can be seen at No. 134 West 34th-st., near 7th-av.

AS WAITRESS OR CHAMBERMAID.—Wanted, by a competent person, a situation as waitress and chambermaid; has no objection to the country; is willing and obliging; [illegible]

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

AS HOUSEKEEPERS.—WANTED, BY A man and his wife, without incumbrance, a place to take charge of, for the Summer months or a family going to Europe; the best of references given. Address MR. PEYTON, No. 341 Broadway.

AS GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—A SITuation wanted by a capable girl to do the general housework of two or three in family, or will cook, wash and iron for a small private family; good City reference. Call at 20 East Bedford-st.

AS LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, BY A RESPECtable young woman, a situation in a private family as laundress, or would do chamberwork and fine washing; no objection to the country for the Summer; best City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 220 East 26th-st., old No. 64, near the 1st-av.

AS LAUNDRESS.—A SITUATION WANTED by a competent woman, as laundress; she thoroughly understands her business; can do fine work and has the best of City references; would have no objection to go in the country with a private family. Apply for 2 days at No. 134 7th-av., between 22d and 23d sts.

AS LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, BY A RESpectable girl, a situation as first-class laundress; has no objection to do chamberwork, and fine washing; can get the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 98 West 12th-st., between 5th and 6th ave.

AS LAUNDRESS.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN wishes a situation as laundress; is perfectly capable of her business and can furnish the best of City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 95 East 12th-st., front basement.

AS LAUNDRESS.—WANTED, A SITUATION by a Protestant young woman as laundress; understands laundry work, or chamberwork and fine washing; no objection to the country. City reference. Can be seen at No. 118 7th-av., between 15 and 16th sts.

AS LAUNDRESS.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman wishes a situation as laundress; has the best of City reference from her last place, 2 years and 6 months; can be seen, for two days, at No. 112 22d-st., between 2d and Lexington ave.

AS LAUNDRESS, &c.—A YOUNG WOMAN, in a private family; would assist in the care of grown children if required; has no objection to go to the country for the Summer with a family; can give a good City reference, four years in her last place. Call at No. 118 West 22d-st., between 9th and 6th ave., third back room, for two days.

AS LAUNDRESS, &c.—WANTED, A SITUAtion by a respectable young woman as laundress; she can do fine work; is a good ironer; and would do chamber work and laundress work in a small private family; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 33 West 12th-st., between 5th and 6th ave. Can be seen for two days.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY AN EXPERIENCED young German woman, a situation in a private family or nurse; will take the entire charge of one child if required; no objection to do chamberwork and sewing; the best City references. Call for two days at No. 93 6th-st., between 1st-av. and Avenue A, Room No. 4.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, A SITUATION BY A young woman as nurse; is fully competent to take care of an infant from its birth; is a good plain sewer; best City references from her last place. Call, for 2 days, at No. 69 West 11th-st., between 5th and 6th ave.

AS NURSE.—A SITUATION WANTED BY A young girl who thoroughly understands the care of a baby; has five years' reference. Can be seen for 2 days at No. 68 7th-st., between 1st and 2d ave.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY A PROTESTANT girl, a situation as nurse, capable of taking the entire charge of an infant; has three years' reference from her last place. Call at No. 116 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

AS NURSE.—WANTED, BY AN AMERICAN girl, a situation as nurse to grown up children; can sew or do up-stairs work; is fully competent. Good City reference. Call, for 2 days, at No. 111 West 20th-st.

AS NURSE, &c.—WANTED, A SITUATION, BY a competent person, to take charge of a baby from its birth, or to do chamberwork and plain sewing; good references given. Call at No. 149 4th-av.

AS NURSE, &c.—A SITUATION WANTED, BY a young girl, as nurse and seamstress, or would do light chamberwork and sew; good City reference. Call at No. 65 East 26th-st., near 4th-av.

AS NURSE AND CHAMBERMAID.—A SITuation wanted by a young girl as nurse and chambermaid; has four years' reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 271 West 24th-st.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, by a young woman, a situation as nurse and seamstress; has no objection to go in the country. City reference. Can be seen at No. 118 7th-av., between 15th and 16th sts.

AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS.—WANTED, a situation as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid and seamstress; can cut and fit children's dresses; no objection to the country for the Summer; best City reference. Call at No. 192 East 12th-st., between 1st and 2d ave.

AS CHILD'S NURSE.—WANTED, BY A COMpetent person, a situation as child's nurse; is fully capable to take charge of an infant from its birth; best City references; wages moderate; apply; best of City references given. Apply to E. W., No. 228 Broadway, between 21st and 22d sts., from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

AS INFANT'S NURSE.—WANTED, BY A RESpectable Protestant woman, a situation as infant's nurse; can take the entire charge of a baby from its birth and bring it up with the bottle; can do plain sewing neatly; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 125 West 16th-st., second floor, front room.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, MAY 12, 1863.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ORCHESTRAL AND VOCAL CONCERT.
WINTER GARDEN—HE'S JACK SHEPPARD—PAPA PET.
WALLACK'S—THE STRANGER.
NIBLO'S GARDEN—LEAH THE FORSAKEN.
BARNUM'S MUSEUM—GREAT NATIONAL BABY SHOW from 11 to 2, and from 7 to 8—Stereopticon and Dramatic Performances Afternoon and Evening.
GOUPIL'S—(No. 772 Broadway)—THE ALPS BY SUNRISE—CONCERT.
LAURA KEENE'S—LA FEE ADELINE.
NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN—(No. 663 Broadway)—EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS.
HOPE CHAPEL—DUPLICQ'S SIX PANORAMAS.
NO. 661 BROADWAY—THE NATIVITY.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

The price of the NEW-YORK TIMES (Daily) hereafter will be THREE Cents, except of the Sunday morning edition, which will be FOUR Cents.

To Mail Subscribers the price will be $8 per annum:—including the Sunday morning edition, it will be $10.

☞ REVENUE STAMPS FOR CHECKS, in sheets, for sale at TIMES Counting-Room.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

We have no later intelligence from the Army of the Potomac this morning. We have, however, from various sources, a reiteration of the statement made in yesterday's TIMES, that Gen. HOOKER is again across the Rappahannock. It is believed by some that the rebels have fallen back from the line of the river, and that the movement of Gen. HOOKER is a pursuit of a retreating foe. The enemy are said to have left large numbers of their killed and wounded on the field of Chancellorsville. This statement is borne out in part by the announcement, in the Richmond *Examiner* of the 7th inst., that, in consequence of active operations and limited transportation, the wounded on the field and at Guinea Depot were suffering for food. We also have, from a Richmond paper of the 9th, a list of National officers who fell into the hands of the rebels, and who are now prisoners in Richmond.

The *Evening Post* learns by special advices from Washington that Gen. HALLECK is about to take the field in person; not, it is understood, with the purpose of relieving Gen. HOOKER from his command, but that he may be in the very presence of transpiring events, and the better able to influence their general direction. "It is a significant fact," says the *Post*, "and one that will increase the confidence of the country in Gen. HOOKER, that he did not execute his late retrograde movement until he had planned his present one, and had become satisfied of its superiority to any effort he could make in the field of Chancellorsville, contracted as it had been by the unfortunate defection of the Eleventh corps at the commencement of the struggle."

We have this morning Col. KILPATRICK'S official report of the part taken by the detachment under his immediate command in the great cavalry raid on LEE'S communications. The main facts have already been stated.

A dispatch from Cairo, on the authority of the Memphis *Bulletin*, states that Gen. GRANT'S forces at last accounts had invested Jackson, the capital of Mississippi, forty-five miles in the rear of Vicksburgh, and at the crossing of the railroads leading north, south, east and west. The rebels thus have no way of getting out of Vicksburgh except by cutting their way through our forces, and their communications are so effectually destroyed that no subsistence can reach them.

A letter dated at Clarksburgh, Va., May 8, states that scouts from Weston and Buckhannon report that the rebel infantry, with seven pieces of artillery, have left the former place and are now supposed to be passing out into the Greenbrier country through Sutton. A rebel cavalry force, 3,500 strong, were said to be occupying Harrisville, in Ritchie County.

FROM EUROPE.

The steamship *Bohemian* arrived off Cape Race yesterday morning, having left Liverpool on the 30th ult., and Londonderry on the 1st inst., and the *City of Washington* arrived at this port this morning. Her advices are five days later, though not specially important. It was reported that Mr. ADAMS had made an explanation regarding his letter of protection covering supplies for the Mexican Government, and that no diplomatic protest was necessary; but it is further stated that the French Government has taken offence, and has demanded an explanation. The London *Times*, in its issue of May 1, announces that Lord LYONS has been instructed to state to the Government of the United States that the British Government considers full reparation due for the losses sustained by the detention of British subjects on board the *Peterhoff*, and their imprisonment in New-York. The *Times* further states that the Ministers have announced that the *Peterhoff's* mails will be forwarded to their destination unopened, and that the same course will be pursued in similar cases. Polish affairs were unchanged. Some diplomatic correspondence relating to the Polish question had been published, but it was unimportant. The Liverpool cotton market was dull, and prices were generally lower. Breadstuffs were steady, but quiet, and provisions inactive. The latest quotation of consols is 93¼@93¾ for money.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Fourth New-York Volunteer regiment (Scott Life Guard,) which arrived in this city Sunday from the army, were yesterday honored with a municipal and military ovation. The old Scott Life Guard received back the colors deposited in the City Hall when it left for the war two years ago. The column was reviewed by the Mayor and members of the Common Council in the City Hall Park, and by Gen. SCOTT at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. The Fourth was entertained with a banquet in the evening.

Neither Board of the Common Council had a quorum at their meetings yesterday afternoon, most of the members being engaged in the reception to the Scott Life Guard at the hour of meeting. The Board of Aldermen will hold a special meeting at 12 M. to-day. The Board of Councilmen stands adjourned to 5 P. M. on Thursday.

The Street-cleaning Committees of the Common Council, consisting of Aldermen LONG McCOAL and CHITTY, and Councilmen SANDFORD, BRANDON and McGRATH, met jointly at 2 o'clock P. M. yesterday, to consider what steps ought to be taken in reference to the Hackley contract, in view of the reported complaints of the City Inspector, that the contract is only imperfectly carried out. After discussing the subject fully a resolution was adopted instructing the Chairman, Col. LONG, to send a communication to the Corporation Counsel requesting his opinion as to the feasibility of abrogating the contract, and how the abrogation may be effected, and also as to whether the Common Council have the right now to order the City Inspector to take the work of street-cleaning back into his own charge and control. The Committee adjourned to meet at 11 o'clock A. M. to-day, when Col. LONG hopes to be able to present the opinion of the Corporation Counsel.

The American Seamen's Friend Society held its Thirty-fifth Anniversary, in Irving Hall, last night. A report was read, and addresses were made by Prof. HITCHCOCK and by Rev. Messrs. H. S. GULICK, P. BOUGHTON and J. T. DURYEA. Eight Trustees were elected.

The total number of deaths in this City, during the last week was 422, an increase of 9 over the deaths in the corresponding week last year, and a decrease of 13 from those of the week previous. The principal causes of death were: infantile convulsions, 37; diphtheria, 13; scarlet fever, 16; typhoid fever, 10; inflammation of the lungs, 29; disease of brain, 13; consumption, 77; old age, 4; inflammation of brain, 14; croup, 10.

From the St. Louis papers we learn that Rev. Mr. SAWYER, Superintendent of Contrabands in Missouri, has collected several cargoes of negroes, who are to be shipped to St. Paul, to be employed as teamsters in Gen. POPE'S expedition to the plains.

A comet was discovered in the Constellation Draco, by Mr. THOMAS SIMS, of Dudley Observatory, Albany, on the night of May 9.

The price of Gold fell 1¼ ⅌ cent. yesterday, sales at 148¾ ⅌ cent. Exchange 163@164 on London. The demand for United States Stock with the Loan Agents amounted to $1,376,500. The Railway Share list was buoyant, on sales of nearly 100,000 shares.

Light transactions were reported in Breadstuffs and Provisions yesterday, prices, in most instances, were a shade easier. Groceries and Whisky were inactive. Cotton was dull and unsettled. Most other branches of trade were spiritless.

The cattle markets are rather scantily supplied with animals this week, the number reported at Forty-fourth-street, amounting to only 3,350 up to Monday night, and not over 100 additional bullocks are looked for. The market was lively at 11c.@12½c. for fair to prime animals, the average of all kinds being fully 11c., or ½c. above the rates of last week. Very common cattle brought 10c. Only a few small lots were left unsold at night, and the prospect for Tuesday buyers is not encouraging.

The Morale at Home and in the Army.

How is it—must a human creature smell powder to become a man? Is there indeed such virtue in "villainous saltpetre?" Surely there must be something strange to account for the strange difference between the manly spirit of the soldiers and the unmanly spirit of civilians. All accounts agree that the troops on the Rappahannock came out of their late bloody fight game to the backbone. Their submission in retreating was as steady and heroic as was their courage in advancing. It did not take from them one jot of confidence, either in themselves or their leader. But the news of the retreat no sooner came to the people, than thousands of them began to curse, and other thousands to whimper and whine. HOOKER was denounced as a braggart, a blunderhead and a humbug; and the cause itself was beshiveled and bemoaned as sacrificed, ruined and lost. We do not say these feelings were universal. They were not—far from it. There were men whose hearts were firmer set, and whose faces were more like flint that day than ever. But that *the general* feeling was despondent, the *public* pulse low, was shown beyond all doubt by that unerring index, the price of gold, which, under the news, went from seven to nine per cent. higher than it was before, or is now.

It is certainly extraordinary. The soldiers, fresh from all the horrors of the battle-field, with ranks decimated, and almost exhausted with exposure and fatigue, yet undaunted and erect, composed and ready to turn on the instant and follow their leaders back into the fray; civilians hundreds of miles away, not a hair of whose head has been injured, nor a fibre subjected to discomfort, yet raving like lunatics or wilting and pining like sick girls. It will not do to say that this comes from any superior capacity for thought or freedom of thought in the civilian. The officers and soldiers in that Army of the Potomac are men, to say the least, of as much intelligence, of as much ability to comprehend the real situation, as the average of men in this City, and they do their thinking quite as originally and quite as freely. The difference is not in mind.

The difference is in heart. It is a moral result only. It comes from the development of manhood through the bracing and ennobling influences of personal military service in the cause of the country. A soldier's life is one constant subjection of all the wilder impulses to the performance of duty. It is a constant appeal and stimulus to undying devotion to the flag, doubly glorified by every new victory, doubly hallowed by every new baptism of blood. By its hardy discipline it toughens the will as well as the muscle, gives steadiness to the temper as well as to the step. By the suffering it involves, it infuses patience and fortitude; while by the grand achievement it promises, if all its duties are complied with, it keeps the soul aglow with hope and enthusiasm. There is no such school for the development of moral stamina, for the cultivation of all the higher qualities of manhood, as an army in active service.

This is not the first time that we have had occasion to note the superior staunchness of our brothers and sons under arms. It has, in fact, long ago, become notorious. The ringing appeals and remonstrances that came up last Winter from all the camps from Port Royal to the Western borders of Arkansas, against the peace movements of Northern politicians, still echo in the public ear. They probably had more influence than all other things combined to lay the traitorous spirit which was fast becoming rampant and uncontrollable. The single-heartedness, the firmness, and the intensity of the patriotism of the soldiers have been displayed more and more prominently as the war has advanced; and it is hard to say for which of the two the army is now most valuable—its physical prowess against the Southern rebels, or its moral influence over the Northern malignants and despondents. We are beginning to appreciate better than ever before what NAPOLEON meant in saying that "The conscription is the everlasting root of a nation, its moral purification, the real foundation of its habits." This Republic surely needs it, irrespective of any danger of rebel success. Were the President tomorrow to issue a proclamation for a forced levy of a million of men, to be drilled and trained, and to be transferred to the field to serve to the close of the war, we believe the measure would be invaluable for its effects in dissipating the canker of a long peace, and raising the nation to the old Roman pitch of public devotion. It would soon bring to an end the corruption which has so largely tainted every element of our political affairs; while, in a military sense, it would put this generation of Americans in a condition to defy the world in arms.

A conscription to that extent will not be made; possibly, indeed, no conscription whatever. But it is a shame if civilians have not any resources of their own, whereby to give character and steadiness to public spirit. If Loyal Leagues were multiplied, and the right use made of them, we believe that they would be very serviceable in this regard. All associated effort, even though it does not take the form of embodied military force, is susceptible to that subtle, yet very potent, influence, known as *esprit de corps*. Men everywhere are stronger when they stand shoulder to shoulder. There ought to be a public sentiment created here, somehow, that should make such manifestations of maliciousness and weakness as followed the late check of Gen. HOOKER a moral impossibility. If we cannot rise to the glorious level of the soldiers, in high devotion and steady faith, we ought, at least, to try heartily to come a little nearer to it. We are, indeed, far gone, if lost to the influence of their splendid and constant example.

The Mississippi Valley—Almost Redeemed.

The gratifying progress that Gen. GRANT is making in circumventing the rebel army in Mississippi is one of the most hopeful features of the war. The West is not divided into many separate topographical systems, each independent of the other, as is the case with the Atlantic Seaboard States. The New-England harbors might be blockaded by an enemy, and New-York not feel it. New-York harbor might be closed, and yet the States conduct a foreign commerce without limit. It is different in the West. The Mississippi Valley is a grand unit, and a blockade of its great river at a single point, as at Vicksburgh, acts as a paralysis on commerce throughout its whole vast extent—from Minnesota to the Gulf of Mexico. It is easy to comprehend, therefore, what an inspiriting and vitalizing effect will be produced on the loyal millions of the Mississippi Valley by the success of Gen. GRANT in removing the rebel blockade from the Mississippi River.

For two long years the people of the West have been deprived of the use of their grand natural highway to the markets of the world. They have thus been doubly sufferers from the war. They have lost the rewards of industry in their ordinary fields of labor, without having received those compensations from Government employment which has so much relieved the population in other sections of the Union devoted to manufacturing.

It is to the honor of the people of the West that their loyalty has been so clear and hearty, notwithstanding the unequal operation of the war upon their interests. And because they have been loyal, zealous and brave, illustrating their patriotism on every battle-field where they have appeared, the Government has long felt that it was due to the West to restore its commerce, at any cost of money, life and effort. The persistent siege of Vicksburgh, conducted by a Western General, supported by a powerful army of Western men, is an earnest of the sincerity with which this duty has been performed. And the success that seems at last to be crowning the labors of Gen. GRANT will be hailed with equal joy in the East and in the West.

As the Mississippi Valley is a unit in its topographical system, embracing the extreme northern as well as the extreme southern latitudes of the Union in its scope; and as the blockade of its great river has practically sundered the Union in the West, so will the expulsion of the rebels from Vicksburgh and Port Hudson, practically reunite the upper and lower Valleys of the Mississippi River, thus obliterating the lines of separation and disunion that the Secessionists had drawn and hoped to make eternal. Once give the Union gunboats complete control of the Mississippi River, and the rebellion will be more than one-half exterminated. Neither Confederate power, nor any other hostile power, domestic or foreign, will ever be able to recover possession of any portion of that river or its valley, or prevent the reconstruction on its banks of that Union whose foresight purchased it, whose energy peopled it, whose arms defended it, and whose free principles, under the blessing of Heaven, will find there a home for future centuries. It will animate the West with a new and noble zeal to find they have pushed the legitimate power of the Government through to the Gulf, and thus recovered their own natural and constitutional rights. And in the midst of this joy, they will be more ready to offer new armies to the Republic.

ONE-SIDED NEUTRALITY.—The *Courrier des Etats Unis* fails to point out a word or syllable in the letter of Mr. ADAMS which indicates the slightest suspicion on his part that the cargo of the British vessel whose neutral character he certified consisted of arms, or was contraband of war. That journal, nevertheless, persists in its assertion that he must have known it, because he is too acute and too sagacious a man to be deceived in such a matter. We beg to ask the *Courrier* what evidence it has even now that the vessel carried arms and munitions? We have seen nothing more conclusive on this point than some unsupported statements of the London *Times*, repeated by Secessionists in the House of Commons. If the *Courrier* has any better authority, we should be glad to know it. But it has failed at any rate to show that Mr. ADAMS had any reason for suspecting that he was doing anything more than certifying to the *bona fide* neutrality of a British vessel seeking a market for British goods in a Mexican port. The *Courrier* thinks it quite right for the British to send arms to the Mexicans for the express purpose of fighting the French. This is certainly a curious mode of defending the rights and interests of France, though it is a matter with which we have no concern.

THE FORT GIBSON AFFAIR.—The statement in the brief dispatch of Gen. GRANT, concerning the fight on the 1st of May near Port Gibson, Miss., that he found and fought there a garrison of eleven thousand men, seemed almost incredible, as Port Gibson was a place of which little had been heard, and it was not known that the rebels had a single man *there, nor could it be supposed that they* had such large bodies of troops scattered here and there over the Mississippi Valley. But the fact is that these eleven thousand men were part of the rebel army defending Vicksburgh, which had been marched hastily down to Port Gibson to oppose the landing of GRANT'S land force on the east bank of the Mississippi River. We published a letter yesterday, written from a point on the west side of the Mississippi, nearly opposite to where the battle was subsequently fought, in which our correspondent asserted that he could see the rebel regiments filing down the east bank of the river from the direction of Vicksburgh. In defeating and routing these eleven thousand men, Gen. GRANT has diminished by just so much the labor he will have to do when he moves immediately upon the enemy's works at Vicksburgh.

ROSECRANS.—Gen. ROSECRANS can hardly hold still in Tennessee, while Gen. HOOKER in the East, and Gens. BANKS and GRANT in the Southwest, are setting him examples of so much effort and energy. Now is the time to press upon the rebels. "Charge along the whole line," and give the enemy so much to do that they will not know how to do it. We have failed heretofore for lack of combination in the movements of our armies. This can be remedied now, for every army is capable of being moved at once.

We are glad to see that Gen. ROSECRANS appreciates the opportune moment for assuming offensive operations. On the 8th inst. he issued from his camp an order for all females, wives of officers and soldiers, to depart from his lines, and forbade any others to come, as they would not be admitted. The reason assigned in the order is that "the season of active operations of the army" has arrived. It is not likely that the month of May will pass without bringing us news that ROSECRANS has unloosed his hardy and battle-scarred legions, and set them upon the track of BRAGG'S rebel army, which they almost tore to pieces in December.

REBEL NEGRO SOLDIERS.—The naval attack on the rebel batteries at Grand Gulf, on the 28th ult., of which our correspondent yesterday furnished an account, seems to have been a very hard-fought affair. Our killed and wounded amount to seventy-six, and the damage to the gunboats was considerable. The *Tuscumbia*, a turreted iron-clad, was completely riddled in every portion not protected by plating. Her chimneys were perforated until they resembled huge graters, and her woodwork torn and splintered in every conceivable shape. Her turrets alone, in their thickest parts, were able to resist the projectiles hurled against her. She was finally disabled by a shot that cut one of her hog-chains, by which, in river phrase, she was "broken in two." The *Lafayette* proved herself the most formidable as well as invulnerable vessel of the fleet, for though struck a number of times, she was not in the slightest degree injured.

The entire number of rebel batteries in the works was ten, each of which mounted from three to five guns. The point we wish specially to signalize, however, in connection with this affair, is one mentioned by our correspondent, that the guns in this formidable series of rebel works, which caused such casualties to our sailors, and such damage to our river iron-clads, "*were in the main worked by negro troops.*" *Is it not horrible that the* rebels should thus arm their slaves to slaughter white men and destroy the Union?

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—There was a poor attendance last evening when "Il Trovatore" was performed. The work seems to be out of favor with the public, except on extraordinary occasions. Last evening was not one of these. The performance lacked spirit. Signor MARCOLINI did not seem to be in good voice, and, indeed, was unable to finish the opera—Signor SANGELLA assuming his role. Signor BELLINI sang with much power, but was, nevertheless, a little hoarse. Miss PARKER—a lady who made the acquaintance of our public some eighteen months since at a concert—was the *Leonora*, but failed to satisfy the audience with the performance. Miss PARKER possesses a good voice, but is destitute of the culture that should enable her to use it to advantage.

On Wednesday evening "Ione" will be given, with Mme. GUERRABELLA as the heroine.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE.—This establishment reopened last evening, under the management of Mrs. JANE ENGLISH. The entertainment offered was of a varied kind; but of a sort that does not admit of criticism. Dancing on the light rope, (very excellent by the way,) local comic songs, tableaux, comic violin solos, &c., &c., are things that we expect at a concert-room, but not at a first-class Broadway theatre. Two comic pieces after the style of the Revels were not sufficient to redeem the entertainment from being wearisome.

CURES IN BROOKLYN.—The largest audience ever gathered at the Brooklyn Academy greeted CURES last night. A fearful aboriginal drama opened the night's entertainment, after which CURES and XERNES tripped the light fantastics; following which was an admirable rendering of the "French Spy." On Saturday, CURES will make her second appearance in the City of Churches.

STEREOPTICON AT THE ATHENÆUM.—At the Brooklyn Athenæum is advertised a stereoscopic exhibition of great interest. The views are admirably given and are worthy of patronage. The explanations are afforded by Mr. W. J. ROSE, a gentleman of great culture and experience, whose statements are based on actual observation, and are given in a novel and, what is not usual in such exhibitions, grammatical style.

HOLY LAND PANORAMA.—At Hope Chapel, Rev. WM. W. WILLIAMS is delivering a course of six lectures on the Holy Land, explanatory of a very beautiful panorama of interesting localities in Syria, Arabia, Greece and Rome.

Affairs in Western Virginia.

GRAFTON, Monday, May 11.

Heavy Union reinforcements have arrived. The rebels, under JACKSON, IMBODEN, JONES and JENKINS, are retreating toward the Southwest Mountains. There are now no rebels on the lines of the railroads in Western Virginia.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

OUR SPECIAL WASHINGTON DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Monday, May 11.

THE CONSCRIPTION.

Under the provisions of the Enrollment Act, as construed at the War Department, the men will be in the service of the United States from the moment they are drafted. And the Department has ordered that they be put in uniform, and that they be provided with knapsacks, haversacks, canteens, tin cups, spoons, &c., as soon as they report to the Provost-Marshals. The Quartermaster-General has been ordered to fill the requisitions of the Provost-Marshal-General for the clothing and other equipments, to be delivered at whatever points the latter may designate.

RE-ENLISTMENT OF OFFICERS.

By order of the Secretary of War, officers of regiments going out of service, by reason of the expiration of their terms of service, may, with the consent of their respective Governors, refilled their regiments within thirty days from the expiration of their original service, for a term of three years, unless sooner discharged; and upon the regiment being filled up within the thirty days aforesaid, the officers shall be restored to their rank as from the date of their original commissions. This, however, will give no claim to pay for the time between muster out and reentry into service.

PHILADELPHIA CANARDS.

The military canards let fly on Saturday from two Philadelphia newspaper offices to New-York were certainly hatched by Munchausen. Nothing so false has been published since the war began.

THE FUGITIVE SLAVE LAW.

A Maryland fugitive slave, who was caught, imprisoned and brought by *habeas corpus* before the new Supreme Court, is about to furnish the country with a solution of the vexed question of the constitutionality of the Fugitive Slave law, and its inapplicability to the District of Columbia. Judges CARTER, OTIS, FRIZZE and WILKE are all on the Bench. Messrs. JOHNSON and DEAN plead for the black man's freedom; Messrs. BRADLEY and COX oppose.

REVENUE DECISIONS.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue, to-day, made the following decisions:

Writs of error and writs of *certiorari*, to remove proceedings from an inferior to a superior court, are not original processes, and do not require a stamp; nor does an appeal from a judgment or decree of an inferior to a superior court.

A paper in the form of a note, with a seal, is a bond, and requires to be stamped as such.

The Consul-General of Prussia is liable to a tax levied on a carriage and other articles specified in schedule A, section seventy-seven, of the Excise law. He has not the privileges of an Ambassador, and is entitled to no exemption except from taxes, both direct and personal, which this is not.

Amicable actions of *feri facias*, whether with or without a confession of judgment, require a fifty-cent stamp, as do the original processes.

Revenue stamps of any kind, except those specially designed for proprietary articles, may be used upon instruments.

DEATHS OF SOLDIERS.

The following are among the deaths of soldiers reported yesterday:

John H. Rich, 137th New-York.
Lieut. F. Sautler, 58th New-York.
C. Bennett, 124st New-York.
S. Nottingham, 140th New-York.
W. McNaughton, 8th New-York cavalry.
N. N. Church, 117th New-York.
James French, 174th New-York.
John Robbins, 119th New-York.
Seth Speckermen, 26th New-York.
Wilson D. Hill, 1st United States sharpshooters.
John N. Davis, 13th Connecticut.
W. Giles, 45th Massachusetts.
C. Waldo, 14th Connecticut.
D. J. Mitchel, 14th Connecticut.
Peter Carey, 32 Maine.

DISPATCHES TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

WASHINGTON, Monday, May 11.

DEATH.

JAMES MADISON CUTTS, Second Comptroller of the Treasury, died this morning.

MILITARY GOVERNOR OF WASHINGTON.

Major-Gen. HITCHCOCK has been assigned to duty temporarily, as Acting Military Governor of Washington, Gen. MARSTON having obtained a brief leave of absence to visit his home in New-York on private business.

REPAIRING DAMAGES.

It is said the rebels already have a large force engaged in rebuilding the Orange and Alexandria Railroad bridge over the Rapidan, destroyed in the course of the late raid of STONEMAN'S cavalry.

GEN. BANKS' REPORTS.

Gen. BANKS' official report of his late movements has been received. It contains nothing especially interesting, beside what has already been published.

THE NANSEMOND CLEAR.

Information from the Nansemond represents the river clear of rebel batteries and sharpshooters, and steamers are running to Suffolk as usual.

REBEL PRISONERS.

A large number of rebel prisoners were sent away to-day, by steamer, for exchange at City Point.

THE WAR IN TENNESSEE.

A Fight at Lebanon.

LEBANON, Monday, May 11, 1863.

Col. JACOBS has had a hard fight of eight hours with the rebel MORGAN. JACOBS' loss was heavy, but he has succeeded in getting all his men on the north side of the river, and will be reinforced.

Defeat of Guerrillas, with Heavy Loss.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Sunday, May 10.

Portions of the Ninth and Eleventh Kentucky cavalry, under Col. JACOBS, on Saturday attacked a guerrilla camp near Horseshoe Bend, on the Cumberland River, capturing eight prisoners.

This morning Col. JACOBS' camp was attacked by the guerrillas, and, after two hours' hard fighting, the rebels were driven back in great confusion and with heavy loss.

Continued and Increasing Success of the Government Bonds.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, May 11.

Mr. JAY COOKE, the Government Agent, reports the sale of $2,325,000 in Five-twenties, in the various agencies throughout the country, as follows:

New-York takes $1,200,000; Boston, $400,000; Philadelphia, $300,000; and the Western agencies have subscribed $625,000.

The delay in furnishing bonds to subscribers will not be of much longer duration. Since these unprecedented sales new plates have been engraved, and are rapidly approaching completion. The demand for small bonds will thus soon be promptly filled, and subscribers will have the satisfaction of receiving their bonds on the payment of the money. Parties holding the receipts of the agents are assured that no labor or pains are spared in hastening forward the bonds.

News from Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, Sunday, May 10.

Major-Gen. DIX and Quartermaster GILBERT left for Suffolk this morning.

The British frigate *Challenger* arrived and anchored in the Roads this afternoon.

Steamer *Croton* arrived from West Point, to-day, with dispatches. She will resume her trips between here and Norfolk.

Col. KILPATRICK, and three other officers of his command, arrived here, to-day, from West Point. They are in fine spirits.

Hon. L. J. BOWDEN, left last evening for Washington, to remedy the difficulties now existing in obtaining goods, or getting them passed to Norfolk, where the necessaries of life are very scarce.

Arrivals in the City.

Aug. Alfred Ely, Rochester; T. T. Davis, Syracuse, and Wm. Kelly, Rhinebeck, Maj. Lee, U. S. A., and Henry Seaford, Bridgeport, are among the arrivals at the St. Nicholas Hotel.

Hon. H. R. Low, of New-York; J. H. Tilson, of Philadelphia; Nath. Thompson, of Connecticut; and G. W. Lewis, of Rhode Island, are at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Maj. E. B. Hunt, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A.; A. Van Vechten, Albany; Wm. B. N. Cozens, of Philadelphia; J. P. Woodbury and W. A. Dripps, U. S. A., are at the Astor House.

THE RETURNING TROOPS.

Reception of the Fourth New-York State Volunteer Regiment.

A Grand Display of Soldiers and Firemen in Broadway—The Scott Life Guard Receive Back their Colors—Speeches of Mayor Opdyke and Col. McGregor.

The Column Reviewed by Gen. Scott—A Banquet in the Evening.

The Fourth New-York Volunteer regiment, (Scott Life Guard,) which arrived in this City Sunday from the seat of war, met with an enthusiastic public reception yesterday. The programme arranged by the municipal and other authorities for the occasion was minutely observed, to the edification of multitudes of spectators. The military and firemen's display was the grandest witnessed in the City for a long period, and the honors paid to the returning regiment were from sources which cannot fail to make a deep impression upon the memories of the recipients.

As previously ordered, the Fourth regiment assembled at 1 P. M. at the Arsenal in Centre-street, and awaited the forming of the escort column, which took place on Canal-street, the right resting on Broadway, at 3 o'clock. Shortly after that hour, everything being in readiness, the line moved down Broadway in the following order:

Platoon of Policemen.
Fifth regiment (Duryee's Zouaves.)
Col. Duryee, mounted.
Garde Lafayette, Col. Le Gal.
Thirteenth Brooklyn, N. G., Col. Woodward.
Twenty-second N. Y. S. M., Lieut.-Col. J. H. Grant.
Fourth regiment N. Y. V., Col. McGregor.
Disabled members of the Fourth regiment, in carriages.
No. 5, Jackson Hose Company.
Empire Hook and Ladder Company, Brooklyn.
Protection Engine Company, Williamsburgh.
Continental Hose Company, Williamsburgh.
Lafayette Engine Company, Williamsburgh.
Volunteer Hose Company.

The column enters the City Hall Park by passing through the west gate and retiring through the opposite entrance. The Mayor and Members of the Common Council received the pageant as it filed by. When the Fourth regiment had arrived in front of the City Hall the men halted, drawn up in line, and then formed in a hollow square, the centre of which was occupied by the Mayor, members of the Common Council, and parties bearing the colors to be returned to the regiment. The colors, it will be remembered were presented to the old Scott Life Guard by the ladies of New-York, and when that company left for the seat of war two years ago were deposited by them in the City Hall for safe-keeping until their return. The presentation speech on behalf of the City was made by Mayor OPDYKE. He said:

MAYOR OPDYKE'S SPEECH.

COLONEL: I have the pleasure on behalf of the Municipal authorities of this City, to tender to you and the brave officers and men under your command a hearty welcome to your homes and firesides. Since you left us two years ago to go to the defence of the country, and to put down the wicked rebellion, you have participated in many scenes of trial and bloodshed in all of which you have done honor to your regiment, and reflected glory upon the city of your birth. I feel that you achieved great honor in volunteering to remain with the army after your term of service had expired, to join your comrades in the impending battle which soon occurred. For this and all other services your names will ever be held in remembrance. With these few remarks, I have the honor to present to you the stand of colors which was given to the Scott Light Guard by the ladies of New-York, which have been in the custody of this City since your absence in the field of battle. We have kept them with care, and return them to you as we received them.

Upon receiving the colors, Col. McGREGOR replied:

COL. M'GREGOR'S SPEECH.

MR. MAYOR AND GENTLEMEN OF THE COMMON COUNCIL: In consequence of the absence of Brig.-Gen. J. H. WARD, the next senior officer of this company will receive back these colors. When we left this city two years ago, we deposited these colors with the municipal authorities in the presence of this regiment, which then numbered over a thousand men. We receive them back from you in the presence of the same regiment now reduced to the small number of four hundred men, sobered by hard service, chastened by discipline, and having cause to regret the loss of many a brave spirit who fell upon the field of battle. If the country's service requires us again and we can be of any use, our swords will be once more unsheathed. We appreciate the flattering compliments paid our regiment, and are grateful to the authorities for the kindness they have shown us.

At the conclusion of Col. McGREGOR'S speech the line was reformed and proceeded down the park to Broadway, thence up to Union-square, up Fourth-avenue, through Twenty-fifth-street to Broadway, down which it returned. In passing the Fifth-avenue Hotel the column was reviewed by Gen. SCOTT, who stood upon the balcony attired in full military costume. As the regiments and companies filed by they gave vociferous cheers for the venerable hero, who in return acknowledged the compliments with the customary salute. When the carriages bearing the disabled were passing the General inquired whom they contained, and upon being informed, waved a kiss to the inmates. The colors of the Veteran Scott Life Guard were conducted from the balcony on either side of the General. A salute was fired from a battery stationed near Madison-square. The escort proceeded with the Fourth regiment to the City Assembly Rooms and then marched to their respective headquarters. Under the auspices of the City authorities a sumptuous

BANQUET.

had been prepared, which was partaken of by the soldiers with a keen relish. The entertainment was presided over by Alderman FARLEY, who proposed the first toast—"The Union as it was, and the Constitution as it is," which was heartilly responded to by Major KREKER. Other toasts and responses followed, and patriotic speeches were made by guests *present. The gastronomical arrangements were superintended by Mr. WOOD, the excellent caterer to the* Astor House. The party did not adjourn till a late hour.

A Card from the First New-York Volunteers.

The ex-officers of the First regiment New-York Volunteers, through a Committee consisting of Major JAMES M. SCANNELL, Capts. BANDS and UNDERHILL, desire to say to the citizens of New-York and their fellow-citizens in other States that nearly one month since a delegation from the Seventh New-York State Militia tendered an escort to the First on its arrival in New-York City. The Colonel, and his officers through him, accepted the invitation. They only ask that those who may take exception to their arrival "home" will bear in mind the fact that the regiment left New-York Bay one day, and that it arrived back again after two years' faithful service on Sunday, with the additional fact that on the Sunday previous, they had lost one hundred and twenty men—killed, wounded and missing—from their ranks.

Promotions in New-York Regiments.

ALBANY, Monday, May 11.

The following are the latest promotions in the New-York regiments:

Lyman Ormsby, to be Major Twenty-second regiment.

Stephen Gleason, to be Lieutenant-Colonel Twenty-fifth regiment.

Patrick Connolly, to be Major Twenty-fifth regiment.

Louis Hartman, to be Colonel Twenty-sixth regiment.

Alexander Von Schlumbach, to be Lieutenant-Colonel Twenty-sixth regiment.

Daniel Mekuzer, to be Major in the Twenty-sixth regiment.

J. Barnet Sloan, to be Major in the Thirty-first regiment.

John B. Houslain, to be Major in the One Hundred and Thirty-second regiment.

Horace Boughton, to be Colonel in the One Hundred and Forty-third regiment.

Thomas W. Osborne, to be Major in the First artillery.

John A. Reynolds, to be Major in the First artillery.

From St. Louis.

GEN. DAVIDSON ARRESTING THE CIRCULATION OF COPPERHEAD JOURNALS.

ST. LOUIS, Monday, May 11.

The sale or distribution of the *Freeman's Journal*, of New-York; the New-York *Caucasian*, the Columbus (Ohio) *Crisis*, the *Democratic Journal*, of Sandusky; the Chicago *Times*, and the Dubuque *Herald*, has been prohibited in this military district by Gen. DAVIDSON.

Extensive preparations are being made for the celebration of the anniversary of the capture of Camp Jackson to-day.

EXPLOSION AT YORKTOWN.—About 11½ o'clock last night, the powder magazine and cartridge factory at the foot of Seventy-ninth-street, East River, exploded, from some cause at present unknown, causing a great amount of damage to surrounding property.

FROM PORT ROYAL.

All the Iron-Clads off for the North Edisto.

The United States transport *Oriole*, Capt. Hoxie, from Port Royal, S. C., 6th inst., arrived yesterday, and reports that all the Iron-clads had left Port Royal for the North Edisto, having received damages.

Gen. Hunter's forces continued in possession of Folly, Seabrook's and Cole's Islands, and were entrenching themselves.

The *Ironsides* remained at anchor inside of Charleston bar.

NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES is published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the publication office in wrappers ready for mailing. Price Five Cents. In addition to the latest intelligence by telegraph up to the moment of going to press, there will be found in the current number full details of all military movements in the different departments from the pens of our special correspondents. Also, all official orders, reports and documents, and the latest and fullest Washington news, European news, with graphic letters from our correspondents in London and Paris, giving the tone of public feeling abroad, is made a special and permanent feature. In addition to Editorials on all the current topics of the day, the SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES has a page of carefully prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports; items of agricultural and domestic interest, compiled from sources many or which are otherwise inaccessible to the American reader; and marriages and deaths of the week.

The "SEMI-WEEKLY RECORD," or news summary—being a careful synopsis and digest of the news of the day, both rebellion and general—is alone worth double the subscription price to the paper, as it preserves in a condensed and conveniently classified form all news of importance, and must prove valuable as a record to all time.

Terms—One copy one year, $3; two copies one year, $5; five copies one year, $13. Fresh names may at any time be added to Clubs, both of the WEEKLY and SEMI-WEEKLY, at Club rates.

Passengers Arrived.

In U. S. steam transport Gen. Meigs, from Hilton Head.—Capt. Cushing, Capt. S. T. Hamilton, M. Thompson, Lieut. H. W. Woodlan, D. F. Colbath, J. Morrison, F. Ryan, Dr. H. W. Liddel, M. Runckles, Capt. J. G. Morrison, L. T. Sherman and brother, H. E. Cooley, Lieut. E. A. Wilde and servant, Charles H. Hammond, Capt. Cox, S. P. Yorke, F. Burk, A. J. Connors, Lieut. J. W. Horne, M. Bond, M. E. Hull, S. P. Wallace, George Folsom, A. D. Searles and son, H. L. Trask, C. C. Fuller, J. B. Crofts, Carl Hays, Capt. S. R. Hart, and others.

In bark Eliza Barss, from Bermuda.—D. A. Crowell and lady, Miss Maggie Crowell, William L. Hustace and lady, Mrs. Eliza Migan and daughter, Mrs. D. McPheon Lee, Miss Hattie M. Campbell, John A. Campbell, Hasker Durand Lee, Miss Roannaie Lee, Mrs. Isabella F. Thoms, Miss Mary F. Thoms, Mrs. Sarah Manuel, Miss Bridget McCarty, J. A. Hoseman, A. R. Warner, A. H. Schuyler, Wm. James, Rev. J. F. Willis, John Wiley, A. D. Middleton, A. Pox.

In U. S. steam transport Ellen S. Terry, from Newbern, N. C.—J. C. Weir and lady, A. J. Southwick, W. Donahue, R. Morris, Daniel Driscoll, R. Gerard, and 80 in the steerage.

In steamer Oriole, from Port Royal.—Capt. C. C. P. Fall, 6th Maine Volunteers; Lieut. Fillmore, U. S. A.; Lieut. Stockdale, Lieut. O'Niel, Lieut. C. W. Williams, 27th Penn. Volunteers; John Hutchings.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.			
Sun rises.....	4 43	Sun sets.....	7 08
Moon rises.....	1 46		

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.			
Sandy Hook	3 30	Gov. Island..	4 15
Hell Gate...	6 41		

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....MONDAY, May 11.

Cleared.

Steamship J. C. Harrison, Daggett, Glace Bay, C. B., J. H. Converse.

Steamer Potomac, Hoffman, Portland, H. B. Cromwell & Co.; Harris, Allen, Accomac, Va.; F. W. Bruno, Foster, Baltimore, Wm. Daloell.

Ship F. Perandielle, (Ital.,) Marseilles, Bastier & De Verter.

Brig Brigham & Torry, Cotton, H. C. Fisher.

Schooner Barbour, Dickson, Fortress Monroe, S. S. Wyhoff; Flow, Havens, Boston, H. C. Fisher; Frank, Pierce, New-Haven, H. S. Rackett & Son; Cobley Chew, Way, New-London, J. B. Chase & Co.; John Church, Elizabethport, J. M. Mayhew; Charles J. Hazzard, Billings, Boston, H. S. Rackett & Son; W. P. Phillips, Smith, Washington, Van Brunt & Slaght; John Nelson, (Br.,) Nelson, Halifax, J. F. Whitney & Co.; Tritton, Freeman, Washington, Van Brunt & Slaght; Mary E. Gage, Lawson, Philadelphia, Godfrey & Holyoke; Triumph, Cornwallis, D. B. De Witt; Yankee Blade, Combs, Philadelphia, R. P. Buck & Co.; Emily Franklin, Wellfleet, Crowell & Paine; Gamaliel, Ryder, Wellfleet, Crowell & Paine; Helen Miranda, Smith, Wellfleet, Crowell & Paine; Mount Vernon, Harding, Crowell & Paine.

Arrived.

Steamship City of Washington, (Br.,) Morehouse, Liverpool April 29 and Queenstown 30th, with mdse. and 744 steerage passengers to John G. Dale.

Steamship Oriole, Holmes, Port Royal, S. C., May 8. Passed off Charleston to Hatteras, had strong N. E. gales, 20 miles N. E. of Frying-pan Shoals, saw steamship Argo, bound S.

U. S. steam transport Ellen S. Terry, Chapin, Newbern, N. C., 6th, and Fortress Monroe 9th inst., to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

U. S. transport Fen. Meigs, Watson, Hilton Head May 5, and Newbern, N. C., 7th, via Fortress Monroe 9th, to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

U. S. steam transport Governor, Alexander, Fortress Monroe 24 hours, in ballast to U. S. A. Quartermaster.

Steamer Selyor, Motz, Washington, D. C., 40 hours, with mdse. to James Hand.

Steamer City of Buffalo, Mooney, Philadelphia, with mdse. to James Hand.

Steamer M. Fairchild, Trout, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. & N. Briggs.

Steamer M. Mason, Smith, Philadelphia, with mdse. to J. & N. Briggs.

Ship Leonora, (of Richmond, Me.,) Whitman, New-Orleans 25 days, in ballast to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Ship North American, Cutting, Liverpool April 10, with mdse. and 722 passengers to Williams & Guion. Has had three deaths. From lat. 46 20, and lon. 40 33 to lat. 43 45, lon. 31 30, saw a number of large icebergs. May 6, lat. 40 37, lon. 69 30, passed one of the X line of London packets, bound E.

Ship Dione, (of Boston,) Falco, Barbadoes 15 ds., in ballast to Snow & Burgess.

Ship Mont Blanc, (of Bath,) Donnell, New-Orleans and Southwest Pass 19th ult., with sugar, etc., to C. C. Duncan & Co.

Ship Moloola, (of Gardiner,) Norton, New-Orleans 16 ds., with railroad iron to master.

U. S. transport ship Underwriter, Benson, New-Orleans 19 ds., with mdse. and 10 of the 8th U. S. Infantry, and 215 paroled prisoners from Vicksburgh, under command of Lieut. Davis, to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster. Corp. Wm. Rino, of Co. I, 36th Ohio; J. R. Marlow, Co. D, 31st Missouri, and John Stosenbarger, Co. B, 16th Ohio, died on the passage.

Ship T. T. Southard, (of Richmond, Me.,) Harward, Fort Royal 5 ds., in ballast to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Bark Gen. Warren, (of Boston,) Hartz, New-Orleans 18 ds., with sugar and molasses to Charles L. Wright & Co. On the 4th and 5th inst., between the Chesapeake and Cape Hatteras, passed a large quantity of sugar hogshead headings.

Bark Ernst August, (Meck.,) Fretwurst, Alicante 43 ds., in ballast to order.

Bark Rosna, Gifford, Sagua 11 ds., with sugar to Dunbar & Colby. Sld. in co. with brig Kentucky, for New York.

Bark H. D. Brookman, Cheney, Matanzas 15 ds., with sugar and molasses to H. D. Brookman & Co. The H. D. B. has been six days N. of Cape May, with strong easterly winds.

Bark Elina Barss, (Br., of Bermuda,) Fruit, Bermuda 4th inst., with potatoes, etc., to Tucker & Lightbourne.

Bark Sierra Nevada, Parker, Pensacola 24 ds., in ballast to H. D. Brookman & Co.

Bark Fanny Butler, Lord, New-Orleans 21 ds., with sugar, etc., to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Bark Niagara, (Norw.,) Lorensen, Queenstown 38 ds., in ballast to Funch, Meincke & Wendt.

Bark E. H. Darrington, (of Boston,) Gorham, Alicante 40 ds., via Gibraltar 32 ds., with wine to Bassett & Nickerson.

Bark Florence, (Br., of Windsor, N. S.,) Foye, Cienfuegos 15 ds., with sugar to B. F. Small & Co.

Bark Amelia, (of Rockland,) Munroe, Sagua 16 ds., with sugar to Metcalf & Duncan.

Bark Paladin, (Arg.,) Wilson, Rio Janeiro March 29, with coffee to Wright, Maxwell & Co.

Bark Guerrilla, (U. S transport,) Smith, Port Royal 10 ds., in ballast to U. S. Assistant Quartermaster.

Bark Lillias, (of Belfast,) McGilmore, Sagua 16 ds., with sugar to Wright & Sherman.

Bark Victor, of Bangor, Cousins, from Nuevitas with a cargo of sugar, for New-York, to S. D. Morgan & Co., came ashore on the beach; has 8 feet of water in her hold; cargo much damaged.

The ship Monarch of the Sea, lying at Pier No. 45, East River, broke from her moorings yesterday afternoon, swinging around on the sloop Clio, of Taunton, carrying the sloop's mast and bowsprit. Also the mainmast of schr. Persse Brooks.

The brig Bire of the Wave, recently ashore on Sandy Hook, has been got off and towed to the City.

BUFFALO, March 9.—The bark Flying Mist, from the upper lakes, with a cargo of wheat, is ashore on Point Pelee, Lake Erie; supposed to be full of water. A steamer, with steam-pumps, has gone to her assistance.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, May 11.—Arr. steamer Norman, Philadelphia; bark Revolution, New-Orleans; brig Champion, Antwerp.

Brig A. J. Ross, hence for Cardenas, put back with loss of jibboom, etc.; had been in contact with an unknown schooner.

Spoken, &c.

Henry Buck—bark, from Matanzas for New-York, May 8, lat. 36, lon 73 10.

Nahant—brig, bound N., May 1, 100 miles south of Hatteras.

Prentiss Hobbs—brig, from Cardenas for New-York, May 2, lat. 32, lon. 70 20.

Frank Bolt—ship, from Key West for Philadelphia, 5th inst., off Hatteras.

Sagamore—U. S. gunboat, 27th ult., lat. 24 12, lon 84 10—all well.

Sagamore—U. S. gunboat, off Tortugas 26 inst.

Alexander Milliken—brig, from Key West for New-Orleans, 30th ult., lat. 26 34, lon. 86 16.

Ellen Stewart—ship, from Helvick for Baltimore, 18th ult., lat. 47 40, lon. 11.

Sylvia—Br. ship, from Liverpool for Boston, 26th ult., lat. 44 46, lon. 56.

Abby Thaxter—brig, from Key West for Philadelphia, 1st inst., lat. 29, lon. 74 40.

Foreign Ports.

At Russian Island, April 16, schr. Florence, for New-York.

At Matamoras April 9, brigs Trade Wind, for New-York in 14 ds.; Ella, for do., 15 ds.; J. P. Thompson do. do.; H. J. Cobchrit, do. do.; schr. Matamoras, do. in 5 ds.

At Arroyo, P. R., 23d ult., bark Morning Star, for New-Haven next day; brigs William and Mary, from New-Haven, just arr.; Robert B. Smith, (Br.,) for New-York, 16d.; True Blue, (Br.,) for do. do.; schr. Howard Putnam, do. do.

At Barbadoes April 25, bark N. H. Gaston, for New-York next day.

At Rio Janeiro March 23 ships Henry Clark, Towes, from Cardiff for Chinchas, disch.; Roswell Sprague, Whitmore, from Newcastle, for do. do.; Caledonia, Horton, from Newport, for do. do.; barks Sparkling Sea, Munson, from Sctuleal for Paragua, do.; Zingarella, Banker, from New-York, wtg.; Carolina, McLeon, for Baltimore, ready; Flora Hughes, from and for Baltimore, disch.; Irma, Wortinger, from Bahia, do.; Augusta C. Small, Feye, from New-York, do.; Fanny Crenshaw, Munson, from Pernambuco, wtg.; Ann E. Grant, Swain, from Bahia, do.; Abigail, McFarland, from Richmond, do.; brigs Virginia, Barkley, do. do.; Mary Wilson, fm. Baltimore, disch.; Tallulah, Plummer, from New-York, repairing.

At Baracoa April 30, schrs. Exchange, for New-York in 10 ds.; A. Baker, do. in 7 ds.

Latest Shipping Intelligence.

(PER BOHEMIAN.)

Arrived from New-York—Mary Ladd, at Marseilles; San Pietro, at Gibraltar; John Perkins, off Eddystone.

Foote's Patent
UMBRELLA LOCK STAND,

is at once ingenious and useful. Its introduction into counting-rooms, hotels, offices and halls, and other places of public and private resort, must become general.—*New-York Times.*

Office No. 505 Broadway, New-York.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.—Extract of "The Night-blooming Cereus"—a most exquisite, delicate and fragrant perfume, distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name. Ladies are requested to call and examine the quality; a sample bottle open for inspection. Price 75 cents per bottle. PHALON & SON,
No. 447 Broadway, St. Nicholas Hotel.

Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing-machines,
With valuable improvements.
Office, No. 505 Broadway, New York.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.
The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Eckardt's Cattle Powder.
The merciful man is kind to his beast.
For fattening and improving all kinds of stock.
Agents, D. S. BARNES & CO., No. 202 Broadway.
For sale by all dealers.

Straw Hats.
A large and varied stock of STRAW HATS, for both old and young, together with FRENCH SOFT HATS and TRAVELING CAPS. MILITARY HATS and CAPS in every variety, at WHITE'S, No. 216 Broadway.

Costiveness.—No person can feel well while a costive habit of body prevails, and no one can expect to enjoy health permanently who permits it, for it is contrary to the economy of the system, and gives rise to a goodly proportion of the ills which afflict the human race. To neglect it, therefore, is to insure ill health of greater or less duration; yet, in attempting its removal, discrimination with regard to the remedies to be used is requisite. Violent purgatives temporarily remove obstructions, weaken the bowels, and reduce the strength of the patient, and are followed usually by greater constipation, rendering another and another dose necessary, until even the strongest purgatives lose their effect, and the patient's condition becomes deplorable. What is required is a gentle purgative—one having some action on the liver, and one that can be taken daily without impairing the strength of the patient, or injury to the system, until the tendency to constipation is overcome. Pills for years have been found to meet these requirements, and of these few probably none have been so successful, as demonstrated by many years' use, as Dr. D. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS. They are usually taken every night at bedtime, causing, in proper doses, no inconvenience during the night, and producing a free and pleasant effect during the day, so that persons may follow their usual avocations, whether of business or pleasure, in the same manner as if they had not taken the Pills. Their good effect will begin to be obvious after a week or two's use, particularly in greater cheerfulness of mind, and an increased energy and disposition to work and to enjoy life, and their continued use is the restoration of the health to the patient. Sold by KITCHEN, TYLER & CO., and at retail by Druggists generally.

Paris, London and New-York Medical ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE, 75th edition, 400 pages, nearly 100 engravings, cloth, upon the infallible treatment of Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Blood, Genito-Urinary organs, &c., by M. LAMOUNT, Physician and Surgeon. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8 P. M., at No. 647 Broadway, (up stairs.) New-York City. Mailed in sealed envelopes for $1, by E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st., Astor House, and S. TOUSEY, No. 121 Nassau-st.

Bogle's Hyperion Fluid Restores and Dresses hair elegantly. BOGLE'S Electric Hair-dye, any shade, natural and life-like. Surpasses everything. Try. Be convinced. W. BOGLE, Boston. Sold everywhere.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, suspensory bandages, silk elastic stockings for varicose veins, shoulder braces, &c. A lady attendant.

Dyspepsia Tablets, for Indigestion, Heartburn, &c.—Manufactured only by S. S. WELLING, No. 207 Centre-st., between Grand and Howard sts. Price 50 cents per box.

The Palmer Arm and Leg.—B. FRANK PALMER, inventor and patentee, Astor-place, (ground floor) N. Y.; also Philadelphia and Boston. Only houses of Palmer & Co. Avoid imposition by calling on the inventor.

Rosendell's Wedding and Visiting Cards—The finest manner in the City. Note papers, ensls. silver door plates, etc., No. 291 Broadway, corner Duane-st.

HEADS OF FAMILIES,
and women's aid for the purpose of imparting the most complete, elegant and varied stock of

BOYS' CLOTHING,
that have ever yet submitted to the public at this season of the year. They claim, also, that their reputation as the

CHEAPEST HOUSE IN THE TRADE
will be strictly adhered to now, since they adhere to cash, old prices, notwithstanding the rise in goods.

Fulton-st., Nos. 121, 123 and 125.
Broadway, No. 251.

Gold Pens—THE BEST AND CHEAPEST, AT A. MORTON'S, No. 25 MAIDEN-LANE, New-York.

Spring Clothing.
AT EVANS'
EXTENSIVE CLOTHING WAREHOUSE,
No. 59 Chatham and Nos. 2 and 4 Pearl-st.
Twenty-five per cent below the market price.

French, China,
beautifully decorated Dinner and Tea Sets in addition to a complete assortment of all kinds of White, Gilt and Fancy China.

HAVILAND, MERRITT & CO.,
No. 620 Broadway, opposite the St. Nicholas.

Fireproof Safes and Burglar Proof Safes,—also Sideboard and Parlor Safes, for silver plate, &c. at No. 67 Murray-street, corner of College-place.
E. M. PATRICK.

Corns, Bunions, Inverted Nails, Enlarged Joints, and all diseases of the feet cured, without pain or inconvenience to the patient, by Dr. ZACHARIE, Surgeon Chiropodist, 587 Broadway.

IMPORTANT TO INVALIDS.
IMPORTANT TO INVALIDS.
IMPORTANT TO INVALIDS.
IRON IN THE HUMAN SYSTEM.
IRON IN THE HUMAN SYSTEM.
IRON IN THE HUMAN SYSTEM.
IRON IN THE HUMAN SYSTEM.
IRON IN THE HUMAN SYSTEM.

The principal vital force in the human system is the iron contained in the blood. This is derived chiefly from the food we eat; but if the food is not properly digested, or if from any cause whatever the necessary quantity of iron is not taken into the circulation, or becomes reduced, the whole system suffers. The red blood will irritate the heart, will clog up the lungs, will enfeeble the brain, will obstruct the liver, and will cause the disease-producing elements to all parts of the system, and every one will suffer in whatever organ may be predisposed to disease. The great value of iron as a medicine

IRON AS A MEDICINE

is well known and acknowledged by all medical men. The difficulty has been to obtain such a preparation of it as will enter the circulation, and assimilate at once with the blood. This point, says Dr. Hayes, Massachusetts State Chemist, has been attained in the Peruvian Syrup, by combination, in a way before unknown.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP
THE PERUVIAN SYRUP
THE PERUVIAN SYRUP
THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

is a Protected Solution of the
PROTOXIDE OF IRON,
with its LIFE ELEMENT,
IRON.

This is the secret of the wonderful success of this remedy in curing Dyspepsia, Nervous Affections, Chills and Fever, Liver Complaints, Dropsy, Chronic Diarrhœa, Boils, Humors, Loss of Constitution, Decay, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Female Complaints, and All Diseases originating in a bad state of the blood, or accompanied by Debility.

Extract from Report of Hayes, Assistant State Chemist, Boston, Mass.

"Analysis of the Peruvian Syrup shows it to be a compound of iron and phosphoric acid, with a small quantity of lime and potash. The iron is in the form of protoxide, and is in a state of solution, and in a form to be easily assimilated and taken into all parts of the system, and building up an IRON CONSTITUTION.

It is an excellent substitute for wine or brandy, where a stimulant is needed.

One element in the restorative power of iron as a medicine is its magnetic action and the electricity developed thereby.

To take medicine to cure diseases occasioned by a deficiency of

IRON IN THE BLOOD,

without restoring it to the system, is like trying to repair a building when the foundation is gone.

The proofs of the efficacy of this remedy, in THOUSANDS OF CASES where ordinary medicines have failed to give relief, are so well established that invalids cannot reasonably hesitate to give it a trial.

For a SPRING MEDICINE it has no equal.

Pamphlets containing numerous testimonials from some of our most eminent physicians, clergymen and others, will be sent free to any address.

Prepared as heretofore, by N. L. CLARK & CO.

J. P. DINSMORE, Sole Agent,
No. 13 Tremont-st., Boston.

Sold by all druggists.

STERLING'S AMBROSIA
FOR THE HAIR.
DRAWN & ENGRAVED FROM LIFE.

STERLING'S AMBROSIA
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FOR THE HAIR.
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AMBROSIA

AN OILY EXTRACT.
AN OILY EXTRACT.
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AMBROSIA

MADE FROM ROOTS, MADE FROM ROOTS, MADE FROM ROOTS, MADE FROM ROOTS,

FOR BARKS AND HERBS. BARKS AND HERBS. BARKS AND HERBS. BARKS AND HERBS.

FOR

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

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THE

BUT DR. STERLING'S HAIR
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THE ONLY TRUE MEDICINE
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HAIR

FOR THE DISEASES OF THE SCALP.
FOR THE DISEASES OF THE SCALP.
FOR THE DISEASES OF THE SCALP.
FOR THE DISEASES OF THE SCALP.

Every lady should try it. Put up in a box containing two bottles. Price $1.

DR. STERLING'S AMBROSIA

will cause the hair to grow in the most luxuriant manner. It is a sure preventive against baldness; prevents the hair from falling out or from turning premature gray. Will restore gray hair to its original color, by curing the disease of the scalp.

CERTIFICATES.

This is to certify that, about eighteen months ago, I commenced using STERLING'S AMBROSIA. My hair was short, thin, and rapidly falling out. I had tried many Hair Preparations, but without any effect. I now received benefit. Soon after using the Ambrosia, my hair ceased falling out, and commenced growing so rapidly as to astonish me. Now, my hair is thick, soft and glossy, and is five feet four inches in length when I let it down, and up to the floor. This wonderful result I attribute solely to the use of STERLING'S AMBROSIA, as since I commenced using it I have applied nothing else to my hair.

Mrs. LUCY A. BROWN, No. 152 Bleecker-st.

DR. H. H. STERLING, Proprietor.

Thousands of similar certificates may be seen at the Depot, No 493 Broadway, New-York.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

INDIA-RUBBER GLOVES,
For Gardening, Housework, &c.
CROTON HOSE OF ALL SIZES.
INDIA-RUBBER JEWELRY.
And all kinds of Rubber Goods, wholesale and retail.
GOODYEAR'S I. R. G. M'F'G. CO.,
No. 205 Broadway, N. Y.

REMOVAL
OF THE
GRAFENBERG COMPANY'S MEDICAL INSTITUTION,
AFTER MAY 1, 1863,

the business of the Grafenberg Company, its salesrooms and offices, are removed from No. 2 Bond-st. to the capacious stores
CORNER OF FULTON AND WILLIAM STS., N. Y.,
(entrance No. 130 William-st.,) over the wholesale drug stores of A. B. Sands & Co.

Dr. BRIDGE, the resident physician, will consult with his friends and patients, as usual, in his private office at the same place, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

The above location is the most convenient in the City for merchants and others desiring to procure the celebrated Grafenberg Family Medicines.

GOLD AND SILVER,
DIAMONDS and WATCHES,
Bought for cash, by
GEO. C. ALLEN, No. 415 Broadway,
One door below Canal-st.

BEDS, MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, &c.
Good and cheap, at
WILLARD'S,
No. 324 Hudson-st.,
Corner Houston-st.

FURNITURE.—F. KRUTINA, AT HIS MAN'G. factory and Warerooms, Nos. 96 and 98 East Houston-st., has on hand a splendid assortment of
FASHIONABLE FURNITURE,
which he will sell at the
VERY LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.
All goods warranted.

"A false balance is an abomination to the Lord, but a just weight is his delight."
J. L. BROWN'S STANDARD SCALES, warranted accurate and durable. A full supply, adapted to every branch of business, constantly in store, at wholesale and retail, by E. BROWN, Manufacturer, No. 3 Barclay-st., corner the Astor House.

DEAFNESS
NOISES IN THE HEAD,
Diseases of the Eye, Ear & Throat,
CATARRH CURED
BY
DR. VON EISENBERG,
Author of "Surgical and Practical Observations on the Diseases of the Ear, with his new Mode of Treatment."

NEW TESTIMONY.

New-York, May 6.

I have literally been all my life, from constitution, hard of hearing. I always suffered from the Wax Stopper, which I had to remove every time I wanted to hear distinctly. I now hear without any discharge. I always suffered from the Wax Stopper, which I had to remove every time I wanted to hear distinctly. I now hear without any discharge. I have great pleasure in giving the credit to the skillful treatment of Dr. Von Eisenberg, who, by his skill, has restored my hearing completely. The Eustachian Tube, which was obstructed, is quite open, and I feel that the air-passages perform its functions. I am amply satisfied, and recommend every one suffering from impaired hearing to place themselves under the treatment of this eminent and successful physician.

THOMAS GRINAN, No. 320 6th-av.

New-York, May 7, 1863.

I have great pleasure in testify to the skill of Dr. Von Eisenberg. I went into his office almost completely deaf, and came out with my perfect hearing. It is nearly twelve months since, and the hearing is perfect. The operation, which lasted two or three minutes in each of my ears, gave me no pain whatsoever. I, with confidence, recommend all sufferers to place themselves under Dr. Von Eisenberg's unsurpassing skill.

SAMUEL C. HUNT,
No. 6 Meserole-av., Greenpoint, L. I."

West Houston-st., New-York, Feb. 9, 1863.

I have been completely deaf in one ear, and partially so in the other, the above seventeen years, with a disagreeable Discharge from both ears, combined with continual ringing noise in the head, for which I have been treated by a most eminent practitioner in the City without the slightest relief.

I consulted Dr. Von Eisenberg, but I must candidly say that I had no faith in his success when I did so. It is, therefore, due to Dr. Von Eisenberg to acknowledge that I am entirely cured; also, that he displayed that skill and knowledge which have procured for him such an unrivaled reputation. As I have had an opportunity of comparing his mode of treatment with that of others, I can truly state that it is not only superior, but the principles which direct his mode of restoring the hearing are, in my opinion, certain.

JOHN TAYLOR.

New-York, July 15, 1862.

This certifies that my mother has been for some time afflicted with partial deafness, suffering from pain, and rumbling noises in the head, together with other indications of a *total loss of hearing*. Dr. Von Eisenberg removed from her ears a great quantity of matter, together with coagulated blood, relieving her instantaneously, and all without pain. It is with grateful thanks that I give this testimony to his skill.

CARROLL J. POST, No. 28 South-st.

No. 165 Mercer-st., New-York.

J. E. VON EISENBERG, M. D.—*Dear Doctor:* I have been afflicted with total deafness, and was induced to pay you a visit. No one can imagine my delight when, after one operation, my hearing was suddenly restored, without pain, restored to me, for which I feel very grateful. After being totally deaf—almost shut out from the pleasure of using so necessary a sense—to have it returned, and to hear so distinctly, reflects great credit on you for the immense amount of skill you possess. I beg to thank you for what I can so truly appreciate. I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

EDWARD TEMPLE HARRISON.

CHRONIC CATARRH CURED.
READ

"This is to certify, that I have suffered from very severe CHRONIC CATARRH, with a dull heaviness in the head. I felt my nose completely stopped up accompanied by continual soreness of the throat, the chills stealing over me with occasional hot flushes, a great tightness of the chest and pain, so much so, that every one thought it was consumption. Having heard of the great cures performed by Dr. Von Eisenberg, I consulted him with but little hope of a cure. I am now happy to be enabled to add my testimonial to the great number already in the Doctor's possession. I am amply satisfied, and recommend every one suffering from impaired hearing to place themselves under the treatment of this eminent and successful physician.

THOMAS GRINAN, No. 320 6th-av."

AUCTION SALES.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE

Of steamer SUNBEAM and her CARGO.

CARGO of prize schooner Mary Teresa.

CARGO of prize schooner Marlboro.

And CARGO of prize sloop Wave.

BURDETT, JONES & CO. will sell, on SATURDAY, May 16, 1863, at 11 o'clock, at 110 Union Stores, Brooklyn, by order Hon. GIDEON WELLES, Secretary of Navy, under direction of ROBT. MURRAY, Esq., United States Marshal, cargoes of the above vessels, viz.:

BRANDY, HARDWARE, BOOTS AND SHOES, DRUGS, LEAD, ARMS and AMMUNITION, HATS, SALT, FISH, IRON, TIN PLATE, FLOUR, and TURPENTINE.

Steamer SUNBEAM, with her tackle, apparel, and everything on board belonging to the same steamer.

Terms cash. Catalogues ready on 12th inst.

PUBLIC SALE

OF THE SCIOTA AND HOCKING VALLEY RAILROAD.

In pursuance of the Judgment of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the County of Perry, and State of Ohio, and an order thereunder issued from said Court to me, the undersigned, Receiver, and Special Master Commissioner in the action therein pending, wherein Morris Ketchum is plaintiff, and the Scioto and Hocking Valley Railroad Company and others are defendants, I, as Receiver and Special Master Commissioner, will sell, on TUESDAY, the 19th day of May, A. D. 1863, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the door of the Court-house in the town of New-Lexington, in said county of Perry, will offer for sale by public auction, and sell to the highest bidder, as in the simple and the absolute ownership thereof, the following property, to wit: The entire Road of the said Railroad Company, whether now and completed, or in progress of being made, including the right of way, land and ground by said Railroad Company, wherever said Road is either constructed or located, and all the rights, franchises and the lands conveyed thereto, by whatever right or title, and to be holden by said Company, together with the superstructure and tracks thereon, and all bridges, viaducts, culverts, fences, depots, grounds and buildings, machine-work-shops and tools therein, and all other appurtenances, rights and franchises of said Railroad Company, except the franchise to be a Corporation; and including, as a part of said premises, all engines, locomotives, cars of every description, rolling stock, transportation, water-stations, station-houses, warehouses and lumber yards and all other buildings in connection with said Railroad, owned and held for that purpose; and all tools, implements, materials and supplies, and all shops and engine-houses owned and used in operating said Railroad, on condition of the payment of the sum of $1,000 upon the terms and conditions in said judgment specified. Appraised at $616,650.

Dated this 6th day of April, A. D. 1863.

J. W. WEBB,

Receiver and Special Master Commissioner.

BY JOHN H. OSGOOD & SON.

Office No. 147 Congress-st., Boston.

Large sale of Military Overcoats, on account of the Government, by order of the United States Quartermaster, at Boston.

Will be sold by public auction, in lots to suit purchasers, to the highest bidder,

On TUESDAY, MAY 12, 1863,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

23,261 INFANTRY GREAT COATS, (assorted sizes,) viz.:

7,261 Black Tricots, Double Beaver and Satinet.

1,000 Gray Satinet.

5,000 Dark Blue Pilot and Satinet.

All in perfect order, well packed in cases, and ready for shipment.

The goods can be examined on the day previous to the sale.

Terms cash. WM. W. McKIM,

Captain and A. Q. M.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, Boston, April 27, 1863.

EDWARD SHERBURNE, Auctioneer.

MAHOPAC PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The elegant site on which the Summit House was burnt, situated on the northwest side of lake Mahopac, comprising 30 acres of the best land, with a good farm and carriage-house, together with an iron-fence, small pier, etc., will be sold at auction (if not previously disposed of) on the 12th day of May, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, New-York, by D. W. IVES & CO. For particulars, inquire of G. A. KISSAM, No. 30 Pine-st., of GEO. AUSTIN, near the premises, and of the Auctioneer, Nos. 128 and 129 Broadway.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF VALUABLE LEASEHOLD LOT, ADAMS AND YORK STS., IN THE CITY OF BROOKLYN.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on FRIDAY, May 15, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 162 Liberty-st., near Broadway, New-York,

Three-story brick dwelling-house and lots, Nos. 19, 21 and 23 Front-st., south side, between Sands and Main sts.

Eight-story brick dwelling-house and lots, Nos. 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78 and 80 Adams-st., west side, between York and Prospect sts., with privilege of alley-way to Water-st.

Two frame dwelling-houses, Nos. 40 and 42 York-st., south side, between Adams and Washington sts., adjoining the alley-way.

One lot and frame stable on the alley-way leading to York-st., between Adams and Washington sts.

The sale of each house and lot will be absolute to the highest bidder, without any reservation whatever.

All the property is in fee, title perfect, and will be sold free of incumbrance of any nature to the time of sale. Terms cash.

SAMUEL S. HAMLIN and HENRY R. DEWITT, Executors of A. P. Hamlin, deceased.

H. W. SARGENT, Executor of H. J. Wyckoff, deceased.

C. J. & E. DEWITT, Attorneys.

Maps at the Auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st., near Broadway, New-York.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF 82 LOTS OF LAND, being the property known as Union Hill, Hudson County, N. J., 2½ miles from Hoboken and Weehawken ferries, and 7½ miles from City Hall, New-York.—E. H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, May 12, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 162 Liberty-st., New-York, the property known as Union Hill, and divided into about 82 lots, mostly 25 by 100 feet. This property is opposite the terminus of Denning Dock and John Fallon, on the Hoboken and Weehawken Plank-road and Weehawken Turnpike, and accessible by the omnibus line from Hoboken Ferry, and also on the line of the horse railroad, and in the neighborhood of large improvements. The property is in the immediate vicinity of public improvements, and the nearness of the property to New-York, its easy access, its populous locality, and the continued improvements being made, cannot fail to enhance greatly its value. For further particulars and maps, apply with the auctioneers, No. 5½ Pine-st., New-York.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer, Salesroom No. 37 Hanover-st., near the Post-office, Boston.

MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction, WEDNESDAY, May 13, at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 37 Hanover-st., a general assortment of household furniture, removed for convenience of sale, consisting of English velvet, medallion, Brussels and ingrain carpets, plate mirrors, carved rosewood and black walnut parlor suites in silk and worsted, brocatel and rope, extension tables, sofas, chairs, rosewood and mahogany bedroom furniture, pier and centre tables, brocatel and lace curtains and shades, hair mattresses, oil-cloths, mahogany bookcases, secretaries, mahogany furniture, crockery, glassware, &c. Also, at 12 o'clock, a complete set of English sterling silver forks and spoons; has been used but a few times and is guaranteed as represented. Also, 7-octave rosewood piano, made by Hazelton, of New-York, of excellent tone.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S PEREMPTORY SALE OF LOTS ON HICKS, NELSON AND LUQUER STS., BROOKLYN.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, May 14, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 162 Liberty-st., New-York, by order of the Executor of Acquilla G. Stout, deceased:

Hicks-st.—The 7 valuable lots on the southeast side of Hicks-st., between Nelson and Luquer sts., 25 by 100 feet each.

Nelson-st.—The 2 lots on the east side of Nelson-st., in the rear of the Hicks-st. lots, 25 by 100 feet each.

Luquer-st.—2 lot west side of Luquer-st., 125 feet south of Hicks-st., 25x100.

Maps, &c., at the office of the Auctioneers, 5½ Pine-st.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

DESIRABLE BUSINESS PROPERTY ON DESPLANES-ST. AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on FRIDAY, May 15, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 162 Liberty-st., near Broadway:

Desplanes-street.—The desirable lot, with the 3-story brick dwelling-house thereon, No. 48 Desplanes-st., south side, 16 feet 11¼ inches west of Church-st. Lot 21 feet front, 25.6 rear, by 94 feet 5½ inches in depth on both sides. Property lease for 2400 per annum. $6,000 can remain on mortgage for one year, at 6 per cent.

Maps, &c., at the office of the auctioneers, No. 5 Pine-st.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE ENGLISH EASEMENT HOUSE AND LOT 50-ST. AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, May 14, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 162 Liberty-st., near Broadway:

East 50th-st.—The valuable English basement house and lot No. 119 East 50th-st., between 2d and 3d avs. House is 4 stories, brick, 22.4x54 feet, in good order and has all the conveniences. Lot 12.4x100.5.

Sixty per cent can remain on mortgage for 5 years. Possession 1st of May.

Maps, &c., at the office of the auctioneers, No. 5 Pine-st., New-York.

B. P. FAIRCHILD, Auctioneer.

MORTGAGE SALE OF LAW BOOKS.—B. P. FAIRCHILD will sell on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, May 12, at 3½ o'clock, at No. 320 Broadway (second floor), the entire Library of a well-known member of the New-York Bar, containing about

2,000 VOLUMES, STANDARD WORKS,

together with some rare and curious Books in black letter and manuscript. Also, a choice

COLLECTION OF MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS.

Catalogues now ready.

JOHN A. WILSON, Attorney for Mortgagee.

E. H. LUDLOW, Auctioneer.

FOUR VALUABLE LOTS SOUTHEAST CORNER OF 8TH-AV. AND 41ST-ST. AT AUCTION.—E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, May 14, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 162 Liberty-st., New-York:

8TH-AV. AND 41st-st.—Four valuable lots southeast corner of 8th-av. and 41st-st., as described in the diagram, together, 99 feet 9 inches on the avenue by 99 feet deep.

TERMS CASH.—Maps, &c., at the office of the Auctioneer,

E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 5 Pine-st., near Broadway.

GEORGE COPE, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at store No. 141 Broadway, a large and varied stock of first class furniture, most of it but little used, viz.: Parlor suites in brocatel, plush, rope and haircloth; library and dining-room suites, chamber suites of rosewood, black walnut and mahogany; bookcases, sideboards, lounges, extensions, tables, hall furniture, &c.

AUCTION SALES.

D. D. CASLINE, Auctioneer—Office No. 7 Broadway.

AUCTION NOTICE.

POSITIVE SALE OF MAGNIFICENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, RICH FRENCH PLATE MIRRORS, PARLOR SUITES, BEDROOM SUITES, ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE, ELEGANT PARLOR SUITES, &c.

THIS DAY, TUESDAY, MAY 12,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

Comprising in part the entire contents of the house, the elegant rosewood furniture was made to order, and is in bidder's style. The whole will be sold to the highest bidder, without reserve, offering extra inducements to purchasers. Important rosewood and black walnut parlor suites, with silk and worsted, brocatel, centre tables, fine plate mirrors, carved rosewood and black walnut parlor suites in silk and worsted, brocatel and rope, extension tables, sofas, chairs, rosewood and mahogany bedroom furniture, pier and centre tables, brocatel and lace curtains and shades, hair mattresses, oil-cloths, mahogany bookcases, secretaries, mahogany furniture, crockery, glassware, &c. Also, at 12 o'clock, a complete set of English sterling silver forks and spoons; has been used but a few times and is guaranteed as represented. Also, 7-octave rosewood piano, made by Hazelton, of New-York, of excellent tone.

R. W. WESCOTT, Auctioneer.

$12,000 WORTH OF ELEGANT FURNITURE AND RARE AND BEAUTIFUL WORKS OF ART, AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

POSTPONED FROM SATURDAY.

SUPERB ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE, ELEGANT PARLOR SUITES, &c.

THIS TUESDAY AFTERNOON,

May 12, at 3 o'clock precisely, on the premises, No. 125 West 35th-st., near 7th-av., the entire furniture, including the costly valuable parlor, dining-room, chamber and library furniture, the home of a distinguished family, and comprises rosewood, walnut and mahogany furniture; superb rosewood drawing-room suites, in brocatel, gold silk plush, and other costly coverings; fine suites of walnut, in green and plaid rep; magnificent rosewood étagères, French marble, statuary, vases, ormolu clocks, French porcelain, elegant bronzes, Sèvres china vases, fowl, cats, pointer pointers, &c.; Turkish ottomans, arm-chairs to match; rich carpets, &c., with a large assortment of rosewood chamber furniture, including spring and hair mattresses; divans in velvet, rich cut and figured glassware, French china, silverware, table cutlery, &c. Catalogues ready. Sale rain or shine. Sale at 3 o'clock.—Men will be in attendance to cart, pack and ship goods for purchasers.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE OF PRIZE PROPERTY.

BURDETT, JONES & CO. will sell on THURSDAY, May 21, at 11 o'clock, at T. B. Wheeler & Co.'s store, 37 and 39 Beekman-st., by order of Hon. Gideon Welles, Secretary of the Navy, under direction of Robert Murray, U.S. Marshal, for Southern District of New-York,

Cargoes of schooners

BETTIWAN,

FLORIDA,

and brig

MINNA,

Consisting of COTTON, RESIN, SALT, COPPERAS, EPSOM SALTS, GUNNY BAGS, AND GROUND SALT.

Also, at 12 o'clock, at the same place, on board

SCHOONER FLORIDA,

Her tackle, apparel and furniture, as she now lies at the Atlantic Dock.

Catalogues are now ready.

THIS DAY, AT TEN O'CLOCK, BY

LOCKWOOD BROS. & UNDERHILL,

AUCTIONEERS,

No. 39 Murray and No. 33 Warren sts.

Regular sale of Staple and FANCY DRY GOODS,

White Goods, Hosiery, Parasols,

Sun Shades, Umbrellas, Suspenders,

Also a full line of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c.

E. C. BURLEY, Auctioneer.

BY BURLEY & CO., OFFICE NO. 43 WALL-ST., SALESROOM, CORNER OF WILLIAM.

Barrel No. 1—75 shares in the Trenton Iron Company's stock, and 100 shares in the Novelty Iron Works stock, subject to an hypothecation of the same to secure $5,000 with interest.

Parcel No. 2—40 shares in Trenton Iron Company's stock; subject to an hypothecation of the same, to secure $3,200 in 30d.

Parcel No. 3—40 shares in the American Bank Note Company; 2 shares in the Trenton Iron Company, subject to an hypothecation of the same to secure $1,150 in 30d.

Parcel No. 4—31 shares of the Trenton Iron Company, subject to an hypothecation of the same to secure $1,200 with interest.

Parcel No. 5—Scrip of the Union Mutual Insurance Company for $250, and scrip of the Mercantile Insurance Company for $500, subject to an hypothecation of the same to secure $1,200, with interest.

Parcel No. 6—40 shares of the American Bank Note Company, subject to an hypothecation of the same to secure $1,600 and interest.

Parcel No. 7—31 shares of the Greenpoint Gas Company's stock, subject to an hypothecation of the same to secure $600 and interest.

Parcel No. 8—8 shares of the Greenpoint Gas Company's stock, subject to an hypothecation of the same to secure $200 and interest.

Parcel No. 9—34 shares of the stock of the Novelty Iron Works, subject to an hypothecation of the same to secure $800 and interest.

Parcel No. 10—Interest in the old New-York and Havre Steam Navigation Company, originally 61 shares of $1,000 each.

Parcel No. 11—Interest in the old Pacific Mail Steamship Company, originally 16 shares, $1,000 each.

Parcel No. 12—25 shares of the New-York and Havre Steamship Company.

Parcel No. 13—Mercantile Insurance Company scrip.

Parcel No. 14—New-York Mutual Insurance Company scrip.

Parcel No. 15—8 shares American Bank Note Company's stock.

Interest in the New-York Brick Manufacturing Company, which belonged to the firm of Stillman, Allen & Co., estimated at about $5,000.

WILLIAM IRVING, Auctioneer.

MORTGAGE SALE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—By order of James Marriner, Attorney for Mortgagee, Clinton B. Cropsey will sell at auction, WEDNESDAY, May 13, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom, No. 63 Cedar-st., near Broadway, consisting of seven gas chandeliers, three rosewood French bedsteads, ten Brussels carpets, twelve ingrain carpets, two rosewood dressing bureaus, two rosewood washstands, rosewood and mahogany sacred parlor suites, two rosewood hat stands, four sets brocatel window curtains, decorated china dinner and tea sets, two rosewood parlor suites, mahogany armoire-a-glace, four glass showcases, hair mattresses, palliasses, spring mattresses, two rosewood centre tables, mahogany bedsteads, chairs, sofas, looking-glasses, mahogany washstand, rugs, oil cloth, crockery, tin and ironware, kitchen furniture, &c., with which the sale will commence. By order,

JAMES MARRINER, Attorney for Mortgagee.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY, ON THE CORNER OF CATHARINE AND MADISON STS.—AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at Auction, on SATURDAY, May 16, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 162 Liberty-st., by order of the Trustees of the Society for the Promotion of the Gospel among Seamen in the Port of New-York, the plot of land, together with the substantial brick building, situated on the south-west corner of Catharine and Madison sts., as per diagram. The first floor has five stores fronting on Catharine-st.; the upper part and basement are now used by the Society, but can at a small expense be converted for business purposes. Maps at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 5½ Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

HOUSES AND LOTS—NOS. 39 AND 41 WEST 23D-ST. AT AUCTION.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, May 20, 1863, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange salesroom, No. 162 Liberty-st., New-York:

West 23d-st.—The two improved and nicely furnished cut stone houses and lots Nos. 39 and 41 West 23d-st. The lots are together 41 feet 6 inches front, 98 feet 6½ inches rear, 117 feet 6 inches on the westerly side, and 98 feet 6 inches on the easterly side, with an L of 16 feet 9 inches.

Maps and further particulars at the office of the Auctioneers, No. 5½ Pine-st.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., Auctioneers.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO. WILL SELL at auction, on WEDNESDAY, May 13, at 10½ o'clock, at the private stables rear of No. 26 Lafayette-place—the entrance is from the Bowery, near 4th-st.:

A valuable pair of dark brown horses, 16½ hands high, 10 and 11 years old, perfectly gentle and kind in all harness, and reliable in every way.

Also, a close carriage.

And a harness—both made to order by Tomlinson.

Also a set of double harness, in perfect order. The above are the property of a gentleman leaving shortly for Europe.

E. M. CORNELIUS, Auctioneer.

MORTGAGE SALE OF FIRST-CLASS HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—E. M. CRISTALAR will sell on THURSDAY, May 14, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 38 East 27th-st., near 4th-av., the entire furniture of the above house, parlors containing elegant rosewood suites in brocatel, fine Brussels carpets, lace window curtains, French plate mirrors, marble and oil paintings, and steel plate engravings; also, rosewood bedroom furniture, beds and bedding; wash-stands, bureaus and wardrobes; also, oil-cloth and carpeting through the house, china, glass and plated ware; dining and bedroom furniture, kitchen utensils and a great variety of household articles. Catalogues at sale. By order of mortgagee.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY given, that the undersigned assignee, &c., of the late firm of Richmond & Hasbrouck, will sell at public auction, on the 15th day of May, 1863, at 10½ o'clock noon, at the salerooms of Merchants' Exchange, No. 162 Liberty-st., in the City of New-York, all and singular the bills receivable, book accounts and claims of said late firm, outstanding, uncollected and held by him as such assignee.

C. W. VAN DOREN, Assignee, &c.

JOHN H. BURLEY, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL THIS DAY AT 2 O'CLOCK, at No. 144 Canal-st., bureaus, bedsteads, soft-beds, chairs, tables, washstands, wardrobes, carpets, oil-cloth, matting, mattresses, cutlery, plated ware, ladies' hats, &c.

PRINTING.

CHEAPEST PRINTER IN THE WORLD.

BUSINESS CARDS, INCLUDING CARDS, 50 cents per 1,000. Billheads, $3 per 1,000. Circulars in large quantities, 50 cents per 1,000; and labels 40 cents. ALL KINDS OF BOOK, JOB AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING equally cheap. T. R. DAWLEY'S new establishment, No. 13 Park-row, opposite the Astor House.

PROPOSALS.

ANTHRACITE COAL FOR NAVY YARDS.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS, Washington, April 25, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS for the delivery of Anthracite Coal for the Navy, to be delivered during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1864, will be received at this Bureau until 3 o'clock, the 6th day of May next.

These proposals must be addressed to "Proposals for Anthracite Coal for Steamers," that they may be distinguished from other business letters.

The offer must be for the delivery of 100,000 tons, of 2,240 pounds.

The coal is to be of the best Buck Mountain or Black Heath, or other kind equally good, which quality will be determined by a board appointed by the Secretary of the Navy, after the report of the Bureau.

The name of the coal proposed to be furnished must be given in the offer.

It is to be delivered at places of suitable size for naval rendezvous, of uniform quality, selected from from inspection, specimens of which the contractor will be required to furnish and evidence as will be satisfactory, and be ready to be taken when ordered by the Navy and Ordnance Departments, or by such other officers as the Secretary may direct. The coal must, in all instances, be delivered to the inspector or inspectors to be appointed by the Bureau, who will have the right of rejecting improper coal.

The coal is to be delivered on board vessels at such place in the Navy Yards as may be designated by the Bureau, and in such quantities and at such times as, in the opinion of the Bureau, the exigencies of the service may require, commencing when the vessel is reported ready to receive cargo, for loading. Not more than 1,000 tons per day to be distributed in each vessel at any one time, and that the loading is completed.

Proposals will likewise be received for the delivery of 20,000 tons, of the same quality of coal, to be delivered in the port of New-York, at board vessels at Fallon's pier.

In the event of failure to deliver the coal in proper quantities, at the proper epoch, and at the place and time, the Bureau will reserve to the contractor the right to purchase elsewhere, at the contractor's risk and expense, that which may be necessary to supply the deficiency.

Any discharge or other charge to which the Navy Department may be subjected over and above the prompt delivery of the coal by the contractors will be deducted from the bill.

The price must be for the coal delivered on board vessels, on the terms and conditions above stated, at the contractor's risk and expense, and without extra charge of any kind.

The offer, as required by law, must be accompanied by a written guarantee signed by one or more responsible persons, to the effect that they undertake that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into a contract in the form herein specified, and if the coal proven with good and sufficient sureties, to furnish the supplies proposed.

No proposition will be considered unless accompanied by such guarantee; and the Department reserves the right to reject any offer or offers, if considered to be to the interest of the service to do so.

Two or more sureties, in a sum equal to the amount specified to be paid, will be required to sign the contract, and their responsibility will be certified by a United States District Judge, United States District Attorney, Collector, or Navy Agent.

As additional and collateral security, twenty per cent. will be withheld from the amount of all payments, which reservation is not to be paid, except by authority of the Secretary of the Navy, until the contract shall have been fully complied with, when half of the remaining 80 per cent., or such amount that may be due upon each bill, will, upon a proper certificate to be furnished by the inspector, and the bill approved by the Bureau, be paid by such authority. The other half will be withheld for a year after the warrants for the same shall have been passed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

It will be stipulated in the contract that if default be made in the delivery of the coal, in the quantity, of the quality, and at the place and time directed by the Bureau, then and in that case, the contractor and his sureties will forfeit and pay to the United States, as liquidated damages, a sum of money not exceeding twice the contract price, which may be recovered from him in time, according to the act or acts of Congress in that case provided.

Bidders whose proposals shall be accepted, and none other will be notified, and, as early as practicable, a contract will be transmitted to them, which they will be required to execute within ten days after its receipt at the Post-office or navy agency named by them.

The form of offer, guarantee, and certificate is herewith given:

FORM OF OFFER.

I, (or we,) of ——, State of ——, hereby agree to furnish and deliver —— thousand tons of —— anthracite coal for steamers' use, at ——, at the rate of —— per ton of 2,240 pounds, amounting to —— dollars, the whole in conformity with the provisions, and terms of the advertisement of the Navy Department of April, 1863, from the Navy Department, and herewith appended.

Should my (or our) offer be accepted, I (or we) request to be informed at ——, and that the contract may be forwarded to —— for signature and certificate.

(Place.) (Signed) A. B.

(Date.)

FORM OF GUARANTEE.

We, the undersigned, residents of ——, in the State of ——, and ——, in the State of ——, hereby jointly and severally covenant with the United States, and guarantee that in case the foregoing bid of —— be accepted, he will, within ten days after the receipt of the contract at the place specified, execute the same with sufficient sureties for the delivery of the anthracite coal proposed, in compliance with the terms of the advertisement of the —— April, 1863, hereto appended, and under which the bid was made; and in case the said —— shall fail to enter into the contract and give the guarantee, we make good the difference between the offer of the said —— and that which may be accepted.

Witness: (Signed)

(Place.) C. D.

(Date.) E. F.

I hereby certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the above-named guarantors, —— and ——, are good and sufficient. (Signed) G. H.

To be signed by the United States District Judge, United States District Attorney, Collector or navy agent.

N.B.—Encourage as other things to which the Navy Department may be subjected only to the prompt delivery of the coal by the contractors will be deducted from the bill.

The price must be for the coal delivered on board vessels, on the terms and conditions above stated, at the contractor's risk and expense, and without extra charge of any kind.

The offer, as required by law, must be accompanied by a written guarantee signed by one or more responsible persons, to the effect that they undertake that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into a contract in the form herein specified, and if the coal proven with good and sufficient sureties, to furnish the supplies proposed.

No proposition will be considered unless accompanied by such guarantee; and the Department reserves the right to reject any offer or offers, if considered to be to the interest of the service to do so.

Two or more sureties, in a sum equal to the amount specified to be paid, will be required to sign the contract, and their responsibility will be certified by a United States District Judge, United States District Attorney, Collector, or Navy Agent.

As additional and collateral security, twenty per cent. will be withheld from the amount of all payments, which reservation is not to be paid, except by authority of the Secretary of the Navy, until the contract shall have been fully complied with, when half of the remaining 80 per cent., or such amount that may be due upon each bill, will, upon a proper certificate to be furnished by the inspector, and the bill approved by the Bureau, be paid by such authority. The other half will be withheld for a year after the warrants for the same shall have been passed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

It will be stipulated in the contract that if default be made in the delivery of the coal, in the quantity, of the quality, and at the place and time directed by the Bureau, then and in that case, the contractor and his sureties will forfeit and pay to the United States, as liquidated damages, a sum of money not exceeding twice the contract price, which may be recovered from him in time, according to the act or acts of Congress in that case provided.

Bidders whose proposals shall be accepted, and none other will be notified, and, as early as practicable, a contract will be transmitted to them, which they will be required to execute within ten days after its receipt at the Post-office or navy agency named by them.

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I, (or we,) of ——, State of ——, hereby agree to furnish and deliver —— thousand tons of —— anthracite coal for steamers' use, at ——, at the rate of —— per ton of 2,240 pounds, amounting to —— dollars, the whole in conformity with the provisions, and terms of the advertisement of the Navy Department of April, 1863, from the Navy Department, and herewith appended.

Should my (or our) offer be accepted, I (or we) request to be informed at ——, and that the contract may be forwarded to —— for signature and certificate.

(Place.) (Signed) A. B.

(Date.)

FORM OF GUARANTEE.

We, the undersigned, residents of ——, in the State of ——, and ——, in the State of ——, hereby jointly and severally covenant with the United States, and guarantee that in case the foregoing bid of —— be accepted, he will, within ten days after the receipt of the contract at the place specified, execute the same with sufficient sureties for the delivery of the anthracite coal proposed, in compliance with the terms of the advertisement of the —— April, 1863, hereto appended, and under which the bid was made; and in case the said —— shall fail to enter into the contract and give the guarantee, we make good the difference between the offer of the said —— and that which may be accepted.

Witness: (Signed)

(Place.) C. D.

(Date.) E. F.

I hereby certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the above-named guarantors, —— and ——, are good and sufficient. (Signed) G. H.

To be signed by the United States District Judge, United States District Attorney, Collector or navy agent.

TO CONTRACTORS.—PROPOSALS WILL BE received until the 16th day of May, 1863, at 12 M., for filling, grading and paving Broadway, West Troy, from the north side of Adams-street to the southern terminus, including the gutters thereof.

The street to be excavated, regulated and graded under the direction of the Village Surveyor, and to be paved with trap-rock Belgian block pavement, laid on edge on the face, or upper surface, not less than four nor more than seven inches in length, and not less than four nor more than five inches in width, and to depth not less than six nor more than eight inches—to be laid on a prepared bed of clean sand, or river gravel, not less than one foot in depth.

The trap-blocks are to be laid at right angles to the line of street, and with such rise or arch as the said Surveyor may direct—each course to be of blocks of a uniform width and depth, and to laid that all longitudinal joints shall be broken by at least one block. The work of the whole to be done in a manner more particularly described in the blank forms of contract and specifications to be furnished to persons who may desire to bid for the same. Security will be required in the sum of ten thousand dollars for the faithful performance of the work.

The time for the work will be given by public sale at the room of the Board of Trustees, in said village, on the 15th day of May, at 12½ o'clock P. M., and the contract awarded to the lowest bidder who shall comply with the terms of the contract, and the act in relation thereto.

Blank forms of contract and specifications, together with the Surveyor's estimate of materials, will be furnished on application to JAMES DUFFY, President of said village.

JAMES DUFFY,
A. A. DUNLOP,
JAMES ROY,
JOSEPH McLEAN,
J. P. PHELPS,
} Joint Committee.

Dated at WEST TROY, N. Y., April 20, 1863.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON CITY, March 19, 1863.

OWNERS OF STEAM VESSELS ARE INvited to send to the Quartermaster-General's Office descriptions of such as may be for sale.

Senders should contain descriptions of the vessels, their dimensions, enrolled or registered tonnage, actual carrying capacity, material, whether coppered, whether side-wheel or propellers, whether iron or copper fastened, place and power of engines and boilers; and should state the price at which they offer the vessel, for long or short charter, with the estimated value of the vessel in case of loss, or in case the Government should prefer to purchase instead of chartering.

Owners of steam vessels already in the service of the Quartermaster's Department are requested to make known to the Department any reduction in their present rates which they may be willing to grant, and also the price at which they will be willing to sell them.

All such communications should be addressed to the Quartermaster-General of the United States at Washington, and should be indorsed,

"Proposals for charter or sale of steamers."

When received they will be considered, and the Department will be prepared to accept the best, expedient, having regard to the interests of the service, and the economy of transportation, upon the ocean and tide-waters, by substituting, wherever it can do so, cheaper vessels of equal capacity for those now employed.

OFFICE COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, No. 4 STATE-ST., NEW-YORK CITY, May 11, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned, at this office, until 4 o'clock P. M. on FRIDAY, the 15th inst., for furnishing Fresh Beef for six (6) months, from the 20th of May to 20th of November, to the United States troops at Fort Schuyler and David's Island.

The fresh beef is to be of a good and wholesome quality, with an equal proportion of fore and hind quarter meat, (neck and shanks to be excluded,) and furnished in such quantities, and at such times, as may be required at each place.

Further information will be given on application at this office. Each bid must have a printed copy of this advertisement pasted at the top of the proposal, and be made, with adequate bonds, within three days after parties are notified of the acceptance of their bid. The names of two sufficient sureties are to be given in the proposals, which are to be indorsed "Proposals for Fresh Beef." Bids will be accepted for one or both places. F. H. MOORE, Capt. and Com. Sub. Vol. Ser.

OFFICE OF THE CROTON AQUEDUCT BOARD, NEW-YORK, May 4, 1863.

TO CONTRACTORS.—SEPARATE SEALED proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work for which the bid may be offered, will be received at this office until twelve o'clock M., of Thursday, May 14, 1863, for the construction of sewers in the following streets, viz.:

East-street, between Delancey and Rivington streets.

Thirty-seventh-street, from Fourth-avenue to and through Third-avenue, to Eighty-sixth-street.

Fifty-second-street, from One Hundred and Ninth to One Hundred and Eighteenth-street; and

Sixty-first-street, from Second-avenue to East River, with lateral branch in First-avenue and Sixtieth-street, to near Second avenue.

And for the construction of a trap-block pavement in Beekman-street, from Park-row to South-street.

Blank forms for the bids, and all other necessary information, can be obtained on application to the Contract Clerk at this office.

THOS. STEPHENS,
ROBT. J. DARRAGH,
A. W. CRAVEN,
Croton Aqueduct Board.

OFFICE LIGHT-HOUSE INSPECTOR, No. 19 CEDAR-ST., NEW-YORK, May 4, 1863.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 o'clock M. on MONDAY, the 18th day of June next, for raising, replacing and keeping in their proper positions, all the buoys now in the Hudson River, between New-York and Troy, and such others as may be authorized, for one year, from the 1st day of July next to the succeeding 30th day of June, according to the regulations of the Light-house Board and the printed specifications, copies of which can be had by applying to this office. By order of the Light-house Board.

Light-house Inspector, Third District.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER, ARMY SUPPLIES, No. 4 State-st., New-York, April 25, 1863.

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, at this office, until 4 o'clock P. M., on TUESDAY, the 12th of May, 1863, for furnishing DESICCATED AND COMPRESSED MIXED VEGETABLES, for issue to the United States army for the year ending from the first of November next, at the rate of one hundred and thirty-five pounds per ration.

The ingredients of the mixed vegetables furnished under the contracts of the current year are as follows, viz.: To each one hundred pounds of the mixed vegetables, twenty pounds of potatoes, twenty-two pounds of white turnips, twenty-five pounds of cabbages, ten pounds of onions, five pounds of string beans, five pounds of tomatoes, one pound of celery or parsley, and five pounds of rice. As the mixture can undoubtedly be improved by diminishing the quantity of some of the preserved vegetables and increasing each of the others, as well as by introducing some vegetables not heretofore used, proposers are invited to send in proposals with accompanying samples, not only of the mixture as above given, but also of other mixtures, varying therefrom, according to the experience and judgment of the proposer, with a view of effecting an improvement in this article of military supply. Proposers are required to give the exact proportions of the different ingredients of their several samples, with price per pound of each, packed as required. When it is practicable, each of the vegetables in a separate state, as proposed for issue, will be submitted for inspection. Only those parts of each vegetable commonly used as food will be accepted for the mixture.

The mixed vegetables are to be very compactly compressed into cakes of seven pounds each, ten of these cakes being packed in a pine box made air-tight, with two of these boxes packed in a wooden box made of suitable seasoned stuff, not less than five-eighths of an inch thick, with sunken ends one inch thick; strengthened with outside iron plaids. Boxes to be strapped with hickory at the ends.

Proposals must, so far as practicable, be accompanied with at least one box as above described, with contents of the proposer's own manufacture of each of the mixtures he may offer to furnish.

The location of the manufacturing establishment must be stated.

There being a choice among the different varieties of vegetables, proposers will state with precision the *special varieties* they use, or propose to use, in their mixtures.

Each bid, to have consideration, must contain the written guarantee of two responsible persons, as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby agree that should all or any part of the above bid be accepted, we will give our bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars that the contract shall be duly fulfilled.

Proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for Desiccated and Compressed Mixed Vegetables."

A. B. EATON,
Colonel and A. C. G. S.

PROPOSALS FOR HAY, STRAW AND GRAIN.

MEDICAL.

CAUTION.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS.

Druggists and medicine dealers throughout the country are cautioned against buying or selling certain counterfeits prepared by

JOHN MOFFAT & CO., No. 82 East 11th-st.,

and which are claimed to be the genuine

LIFE PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS.

An injunction has been issued by the Court, on the application of the representatives of the late proprietor,

DR. WILLIAM MOFFAT, (deceased.)

restraining the said John Moffat & Co. from making or selling the same, and every effort will be made to protect the trade and the public against a

SPURIOUS ARTICLE.

The undersigned is the only person authorized to manufacture the

GENUINE LIFE PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS,

as they have been heretofore manufactured and sold by the late proprietor.

ANDREW ANDERSON, JR., Agent.
Moffat Building,
No. 335 Broadway and No. 189 Church-st.

THE
CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE
OF AN
INVALID.

Published for the benefit and as a warning and
A CAUTION TO YOUNG MEN
who suffer from Spermatorrhœa, Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, etc., resulting, at the same time,
THE MEANS OF SELF CURE,
by one who has cured himself after being put to great expense and injury through medical humbugs and quackery. By inclosing a post paid addressed envelope, single copies may be had of the author.

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq.,
Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.

NO. 3.
THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY FOR GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.

ALL SUFFERERS FROM THE ABOVE complaints, either of recent or long standing, are advised to use BLAIR'S GOUT and RHEUMATIC PILLS. They can be relied upon as the most safe and effectual remedy ever offered to the public, and have been universally used in Europe for many years with the greatest success.

Prepared in England by PROUT & HARSANT, and sold by WELLS & CO., Franklin-st., New-York, and most other medicine venders.

Her Majesty's Commissioners have authorized the name and address of Thomas Prout, 229 Strand, London, to be impressed upon the Government stamp affixed to each box of the genuine medicine.

Price 50 cents and $1 per box.

PRIVATE DISEASES CURED IN THE shortest possible time, by DR. WARD & CO., No. 12 Laight-st., near Canal. Without the use of Mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. WARD, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and REMUNERATIVE treatment of a private character. In 20 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Nervous Debility than all others combined. This and will cure you in less time and expense than any one can or will, and those who have been robbed by Mercury, Nitrate of Silver, etc., will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much-neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee cures in the shortest possible time. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in 1 to 3 days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis, the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few days. Permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance, failing to receive prompt treatment, or who may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full description of their cases, addressed to DR. WARD, No. 12 Laight-st., the only place. Call and get WARD'S.

SURE CURE—BY DR. POWERS, SUCCESSOR to Dr. Parker, Graduate of Paris, No. 13 Laight-st. Conducted on the plan of the Hospital des Venériens, Paris, where those afflicted with any form of private disease can receive prompt treatment, without risk or exposure, viz.: Syphilis, gonorrhœa, gleet, strictures, bubocs, buns, pimples, ulcerations, constitutional syphilis, diseases of the bladder, &c. Twenty years of extensive practice, exclusively devoted to the treatment of these complaints, enable me to guarantee a cure in cases where others of long standing have failed. Dr. Powers' Renovator of the Vigor of Youth is four weeks. This marvellous remedy is unsurpassed in the most shattered cases, arising from early disqualifications, impediments to marriage, speedily cured. The man to consult, Dr. Powers, the champion of the rights of youth, who, by exposing the most certain, speedy and only effectual remedies in the world, guarantees a perfect cure in from one to three days. Established in 1834. Those who have been deceived by quacks, be undeceived by Dr. Powers. Send for a circular. Dr. Powers' Periodical Drops are a safe and certain remedy for irregularities. The above remedies sent by mail. The afflicted should read their circular. Postage free. Consult of astamp. Cures warranted.

DR. TALL & JACKSON'S "PATHOLOGY OF THE REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS."—This is really a scientific work of great practical value. All other works on the subjects discussed in this volume, have been taken under our observation, are addressed exclusively to a vicious taste, and are positively pernicious.—Chicago Tribune. "This volume is full of scientific information of incalculable benefit in the cure of disease."—New-Bedford Mercury. "It is unquestionably the most valuable and most sensible and the most valuable book of the kind published."—The New-Yorker. "It offers judicious advice to suffering humanity, which will save thousands from complicating their affections by resorting to quack doctors and empirical treatment."—Boston Journal. "It is the only work in existence containing directions which will positively cure that disgusting disease termed spermatorrhœa, and other sexual diseases which cause so much misery to the human family."—Boston Express.

Price $4. Sold in New-York by FOWLER & WELLS, No. 308 Broadway.

THE VIGOR OF YOUTH IS RESTORED in three days by DR. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitution, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and impediments to marriage generally, Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, etc. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young men, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALKER POWERS, M. D., No. 13 Laight-st., New-York.

IMPORTANT TO THE MARRIED AND THOSE ABOUT TO BE MARRIED.—Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, has just published the 160th edition of the valuable book, entitled "FARRER ON WOMAN: OR, PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION," strictly intended for the female health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,324 New-York City. For sale by RICHARDSON, at No. 1 Vesey-st., Astor House, and No. 58 Ann-st.; FEDERHEN & CO., 13 Court-st., Boston.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment. The only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the success of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent free of postage to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage-stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

MARRIAGE!—I DARE NOT THINK OF it, and I bitterly regret it. How often these remarks are uttered by men to themselves, and by THE MARRIAGE GUIDE, by Dr. F. HOLLICK, the author and lecturer. The only reliable popular book on the subject; 300 pages, well bound, with good cuts and colored plates; 25th edition. Price $1; for which it will be sent free (by mail) to any place. Send the money and address to

T. W. STRONG, Publisher,
No. 60 Nassau-st., New-York City.

DR. WARD'S MAGICAL INVIGORATORS, TN four days, for 10th, married and single ladies, are the very best. Safe, unknown for the purpose as they will bring on the monthly courses in cases of obstruction, from any cause, and differ all other remedies of the kind have proved in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases; warranted as represented in every case; no pain; will not injure the constitution. Beware of imitations. Purchase directly of Dr. WARD, No. 12 Laight-st., New-York.

DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP RESTORES the vigor of youth in four days. Restores manhood to the most shattered system. No. 3 Division-st., New-York, the only place. Beware of fogus Dr. Hunters. The City is filled known, up to every trick to rob him of his great reputation as a skillful and reliable physician. He has no other office but No. 3 Division-st. Established in 1834. Eight separate rooms and a private entrance.

SOMETHING FOR EVERY LADY.—DR. WARD'S Great Female Benefactor or Golden Regulating Pills. Infallible in correcting, regulating and removing all obstructions, from whatever cause, and they will never disappoint the anxious patient. Office, No. 12 Laight-st., where Dr. WARD can be consulted, confidentially, day and evening.

DR. JOHNSON, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be consulted with confidence on private diseases. Thirty years in one specialty enables him to guarantee speedy and permanent cures. N. B.—Those who may have been misled by quack advertisements, nostrums, &c., call on Dr. J. with the certainty of receiving beneficial treatment.

PRIVATE CONSULTATION.—DR. HUNTER, 3 Division-st., continued his attention to diseases of a certain class, in which he has treated no less than thirty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. His great remedy, HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures certain diseases, when regular Treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or interfering in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less time than six weeks; cures without the dreadful consequences of mercury, but proves to be the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the taint and poisonous germ that the blood is sure to absorb, unless his remedy is used. That is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. Its value in this respect has become so well known, that scientific men in every department of medical knowledge begin to appreciate it, for hardly a week passes that he is not consulted by druggists, chemists and physicians, in regard to some painful patient who has exhausted the whole field of the faculty, and still the disease will appear. His popularity is so great, that there is not a quack doctor in the City that has not attempted it; and when they find their lies are not so easily swallowed, they then pretend that they can make the same medicine, and cannot be obtained genuine anywhere but at his office, No. 3 Division-st. Book for 25 cents. Sent free of postage. Not endorsed this month.

SHIPPING

THE BRITISH AND NORTH-AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT COVE HARBOR, AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND COVE HARBOR.

PERSIA, Judkins, leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 6.
EUROPA, Moore, leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 13.
AUSTRALASIAN, Cook, leaves New-York, Wednesday, May 20.
CANADA, Grace, leaves Boston, Wednesday, May 27.
CHINA, Anderson, leaves New-York, Wednesday, June 3.
ARABIA, Brancker, leaves Boston, Wednesday, June 10.
PERSIA, Lott, leaves New-York, Wednesday, June 17.
AFRICA, Stone, leaves Boston, Wednesday, June 24.
SCOTIA, Judkins, leaves New-York, Wednesday, July 1.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage $132 50
Second Cabin Passage 80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage $112 00
Second Cabin Passage 65 00

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For freight or passage apply to

E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

THE STEAMSHIP
GREAT EASTERN,
Walker Paton, Commander,
Will be dispatched

FROM NEW-YORK.
SATURDAY, May 16. SATURDAY, June 6.
TUESDAY, June 30. TUESDAY, July 21.

And at regular intervals thereafter.
FIRST CABIN, from ..... $80 to $100
SECOND CABIN $50
EXCURSION TICKETS, out and back, in the First and Second Cabins only, 3 fare and a-half.
Servants accompanying passengers, and children under twelve years of age, half fare. Infants free.
STEERAGE $40
STEERAGE, (with superior accommodations) $50
All fares payable in Gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.
Each passenger allowed twenty cubic feet of luggage. A surgeon and stewardess on board.
For passage, apply to

CHAS. A. WHITNEY,
At the office, No. 36 Broadway.
For freight, apply to
HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents,
No. 54 South-st.

NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S LINE, viaHAVANA.

NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

FRIDAY, MAY 15, AT 12 O'CLOCK M.
The new and elegant side-wheel steamship
MORNING STAR,
A. Dearborn, Commander,
CARRYING UNITED STATES MAIL.
Will sail as above
From Pier No. 37, North River, foot of Beach-st.

In consequence of the strict quarantine regulations this vessel will not touch at Havana.

The reputation of the passenger trade upon this Company's steamships are not excelled by those upon any other steamers in the world. No freight received or bills of lading signed on the day of sailing.

For freight or passage apply to
JAMES A. LAYNOR, No. 161 Broadway.

STEAM TO LONDONDERRY, GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL.

The Montreal Steamship Company's first-class full-powered Clyde-built steamer
NORWEGIAN,
Capt. McMastr, carrying the Canadian and United States Mails, will sail from Quebec about next
SATURDAY, May 16.

Rates of passage from New-York: First-class, according to accommodations, $61 and $67. Steerage, found with good provisions, $32 50, payable in Gold or its equivalent in United States currency. Certificates issued for bringing out passengers from all the principal towns in Great Britain and Ireland at very low rates. For passage, apply at No. 29 Broadway, New-York.

SABEL & SCARLE, General Agents.

M. O. ROBERTS' LINE.

CALIFORNIA VIA NICARAGUA.
ON SATURDAY, June 13,
AT NOON,
The steamer AMERICA will sail as above,
Connecting with the steamer MOSES TAYLOR.
For passage, apply to

D. N. CARRINGTON,
No. 177 West, corner of Warren-st.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.,

The British and Spanish American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. La Mesquerie, will sail for the above ports, from the Company's Wharf, at Jersey City, on
SATURDAY, 23D MAY. SATURDAY, 20TH JUNE.
Passage money to Nassau, $45.
Passage money to Havana, $60.
Payable in Gold or its equivalent.
No freight received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD,
No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR NICARAGUA, C. A.

The Central American Transit Company will send the next vessel of their freight line to San Juan del Norte with dispatch.

The schooner JOSEPH NICKERSON, Capt. Asa Baker, will sail on Thursday, May 7.

For freight or passage, apply at the office of the Company, No. 82 Broadway.

Letters for Greytown will be received until Thursday noon.

JOHN E. BODY, Vice-President.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL, touching at QUEENSTOWN, (COVE HARBOR.) The well-known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company are intended to sail as follows:

ETNA ..... Saturday ..... May 16
CITY OF WASHINGTON ..... Saturday ..... May 23
CITY OF NEW-YORK ..... Saturday ..... May 30

and every succeeding Saturday, at Noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
Payable in gold, or its equivalent in currency.
First cabin ..... $80 Steerage $32 50
First cabin to London ..... 85 Steerage to London 35 50
First cabin to Paris ..... 95 Steerage to Paris 40 50
First cabin to Hamburg ..... 90 Steerage to Hamburg 37 50

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown: First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage from Liverpool, $40; from Queenstown, $35. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information apply at the Company's offices.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

TRAVELERS TO EUROPE SHOULD provide themselves with HARPER'S HAND-BOOK FOR EUROPE AND THE EAST, by W. PEMBROKE FARRAGUT. This is the only complete Guide to Europe published in one volume. Price $3 50. For sale by D. APPLETON & CO., No. 443 Broadway, and A. S. BARNES & CO., No. 52 Cortlandt-st., or HARPER & BROTHERS will send the work, by mail, postage free, on receipt of $3 50.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Passports issued through J. D. NONES, Notary Public, No. 323 Broadway, corner of Warren-st. Naturalized citizens must produce naturalization certificates.

LOST AND FOUND.

$100 REWARD.—LOST, ON MONDAY, MAY 4, a package of Internal Revenue Stamps and about $30 in bills, either in a 3d-av. car, between Broome-st. and the stand opposite the Astor House, or between the latter place and No. 113 Broadway. The finder will receive the above reward on returning the package to McCOY & HERWIG, Stationers, Nos. 112 and 114 Broadway.

STOLEN—FROM NO. 68 17TH-ST., CERTIFICATE No. 39,191, 21 shares New-York Central Railroad stock, drawn to Wm. Alsop. All persons are cautioned against purchasing the same. Two dark brown overcoats were stolen at the same time. J. A. COWING, No. 11 Wall-st.

STOLEN—ON SATURDAY EVENING, WM. H. MILES' check on the Citizens' Bank for $9,000, payable to the order of and indorsed by Alex. McLachlan. The public are cautioned against negotiating the same.

New-York, May 10, 1863. ALEX. McLACHLAN.

BUILDING MATERIALS, &C.

LEAKY ROOFS CURED WITH RUBBER Paint, 2 to 3 yrs. 4 lbs. according to condition and warranted. 244 Canal-st., 37 Park-row, 128 Bowery, 370 4th-av., 804 6th-av., 68 8th-av., 11 South 7th-st., Williamsburgh, and cor. of Oxford-st. and Fulton-av., Brooklyn.

CHEAP ROOFING AND COMPOSITION. Tarred felt and paper, binders and straw boards at manufacturers prices. JENNINGS BROTHERS, No. 422 Pearl-st.

FURNITURE.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE OF warranted manufacture; also, solid chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. P. FARRINGTON'S, No. 356 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1848.

ENAMELED FURNITURE—ALL STYLES and prices. Also, chamber suites in walnut and chestnut, the best assortment in the City, wholesale and retail, at No. 317 Canal-st. WARREN WARD.

DENTISTRY

PAIN POSITIVELY DONE AWAY WITH in extracting teeth, by using my NEW CHEMICAL ANESTHETIC, CHLOROFORM. Guaranteed perfectly harmless in every respect. Gold sets teeth inserted, $20; Vulcanite, $8; Gold fillings, $1; Silver and dentine, 50 cents; Extracting, 25 cents. Dr. B. L. WAIT, No. 60 4th-av., opposite 11th-st.

A MOST WONDERFUL DISCOVERY.—Having had three teeth extracted without pain by Dr. J. JAY FELLERS, No. 185 Grand-st., I cheerfully insert this as a recommendation to those suffering from toothache. CHARLES W. VALENTINE, Job Printer, No. 207 Canal-st.

ASTROLOGY

LOOK HERE.—MME. ROSS, DOCTRESS AND Astrologist, was born with a natural gift. She tells past and future, shows likeness of future husband or absent friend, lucky numbers free. No. 98 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th-ave.

ADVICE TO LADIES.—IN ALL CASES where infallible medicines are desired, or mode of treatment that never fails, call upon Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, author of "The Female Woman's Private Medical Companion," who cures female complaints exclusively. Office No. 129 Liberty-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—ITALIAN OPERA.
Director ..... MAX MARETZEK
WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 13,
TWENTY-SIXTH OPERA NIGHT,
when will be presented the new and brilliantly successful opera of

IONE,
(THE LAST DAYS OF POMPEII.)
IONE ..... MADAME GUERRABELLA
(Her first appearance in this character.)
Nidia, a slave ..... Mlle. SULZER
Glaucus, the Athenian ..... Signor MAZZOLENI
Olinthus, High Priest of Isis ..... Signor BELLINI
Burbo, a tavern keeper ..... Signor BIACHI
Salustio ..... Fanciulla ..... Signor RUBIO
Orcilio ..... (Glaucus's friends.) ..... HERR MULLER
Dirce, Ione's slave ..... Mme. FICHER
Patricians, Gladiators, People of Pompeii, Peasants, Guards, Centurions, Lictors, Soldiers, Slaves, &c.
CONDUCTOR ..... SIGNOR P. NUNO
THE SALE OF SEATS AND TICKETS commences this morning at the box office of the Academy; Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Boot & Anthony's, corner of Nassau and Pine-sts.
ON SATURDAY, at 8 o'clock,
GRAND MATINEE.
In active preparation for immediate production, for the first time in America, Maestro Verdi's new grand Biblical Opera,
JUDITH,
with new Scenery, Costumes and Appointments.

WALLACK'S.
OVER BEFORE 11. (BEGINS AT 8.
THIS EVENING, (TUESDAY,)
Will be repeated the popular play of the
STRANGER,
WITH NEW AND BEAUTIFUL SCENERY.
Correct costumes (all new), and an unprecedented cast.
The profound and powerful effect produced by the first representation of the above play, on Saturday last, in all its serious and interesting portions, and the joyous laughter produced by the comic scenes, exceeded anything ever before put upon the stage of this theatre.
The Stranger, (second time) ..... Mr. Lester Wallack
Baron Steinfort ..... Mr. Charles Fisher
Tobias ..... Mr. John Gilbert
Solomon ..... Mr. Mark Smith
Francis ..... Mr. Floyd
Count Wintersen ..... Mr. Reynolds
Mrs. Haller ..... Mrs. Hoey
Charlotte ..... Miss Mary Gannon
Countess of Wintersen ..... Miss Henriques
Amanda, with the original song ..... Mrs. Reeves
Claudine ..... Miss Green
WEDNESDAY, (by request,)
THE RUSY-BODY,
THURSDAY, (third time,)
THE STRANGER.
FRIDAY, THE ROAD TO RUIN.
SATURDAY, (fourth time,)
THE STRANGER.
Will be repeated in rapid succession, Money, Fine Old English Gentleman, Americans In Paris, Wild Oats, She Stoops to Conquer, The Irish Heiress, Love and Money, Bold Stroke for a Husband and School for Scandal.

HOWARD MISSION AND HOME FOR LITTLE WANDERERS, Rev. O. G. VALENTINE, Superintendent; Rev. R. G. TOWER, Principal—in the Academy of Music, on THURSDAY EVENING, May 14, 1863, at 7½ o'clock. Hon. JOSEPH HOXIE will preside. Addresses will be delivered by distinguished gentlemen. No effort has been spared to render this an occasion of unusual interest. The Singing, by two hundred children, will be under the direction of T. E. PERKINS, Esq., Principal of the Normal Musical Academy. The Music will be by the Seventh Regiment Band, under the direction of the celebrated GRAFULLA.

RAILROADS.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.

Increased accommodations between New-York, Greenport, Sag Harbor, Hampton and Orient.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,
Commencing May 11, 1863.
TRAINS FOR NEW-YORK.

8.00 A. M. James Slip and 8.10 A. M. 34th-st.—Mail Train, stopping at all Stations, connecting at Mineola for Hempstead, and at Hicksville for Syosset.
11.00 A. M. James Slip and 11.15 A. M. 34th-st.—Syosset Train, stopping at all Stations, connecting at Mineola for Hempstead.
3.30 P. M. James Slip and 3.45 P. M. 34th-st.—Express Passenger Train for Greenport, stopping at Winfield, Jamaica, Mineola (connecting for Hempstead,) Jerusalem, and all Stations beyond.
4.30 P. M. James Slip and 4.45 P. M. 34th-st.—Syosset Train, stopping at all Stations, except Willow Tree, connecting at Mineola for Hempstead.
6.00 P. M. James Slip and 6.15 P. M. 34th-st.—Hempstead Train, stopping at all Stations, connecting at Mineola at Hicksville with an extra car for Syosset. Fare from Hicksville to Syosset, ten cents.

TRAINS TO NEW-YORK.

8.35 A. M. Islip and Hempstead Train, stopping at all Stations, except Syosset. Arriving in New-York 9.35 A. M.
7.15 A. M. Special Train from Syosset, stopping at all Stations, except Willow Tree and Westbury, and connecting at Mineola from Hempstead. Arriving in New-York 8.25 A. M.
6.35 A. M. Express Train from Greenport, stopping at all Stations to Jerusalem, and at Hicksville, connecting with extra car from Syosset, at Mineola, connecting from Hempstead, at Jamaica, and at Winfield. Arriving in New-York 8.20 A. M.
2.20 P. M. Special Train from Syosset, stopping at all Stations, and connecting at Mineola from Hempstead. Arriving in New-York 4.20 P. M.
2.35 P. M. Mail Train from Greenport, stopping at all Stations. Passengers from Syosset and Hempstead connect with this train. Arriving in New-York 7.20 P. M.

SPECIAL SUNDAY ARRANGEMENT.

TRAINS FROM NEW-YORK.

9.15 A. M. 34th-st. and 9.30 A. M. Hunter's Point—Excursion Train to Yaphank, stopping at all Stations, except Hempstead, and connecting at Hicksville with extra car to Syosset. Fare from Hicksville to Syosset, ten cents.
6.15 P. M. 34th-st. and 6.30 P. M. Hunter's Point—Special Train for Syosset, stopping at all Stations.

TRAINS TO NEW-YORK.

8.15 A. M. Special Train from Syosset, stopping at all Stations, except Hempstead.
3.45 P. M. Excursion Train from Islip, stopping at all Stations, except Hempstead, and connecting with extra car from Syosset. Fare ten cents from Syosset to Hicksville.

A. REASONER, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK, HARLEM & ALBANY R. R.

FOR ALBANY, TROY, NORTH AND WEST.
Winter arrangement, commencing Monday, Nov. 17, 1862.

For Albany—10:30 A. M. Express Mail Train, from 26th-st. station. Returning, leave Albany at 10:30 A. M.
For all local trains, see time table.

JOHN BURCHILL, Sup't.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FOR ALBANY, TROY, THE NORTH AND WEST. Trains leave:

FROM CHAMBERS-ST.	FROM THIRTIETH-ST.
Express, 7 and 10 A. M., and 3:15 and 5 P. M.	7:22, 10:27 A. M., and 3:37 and 5:22 P. M.
Troy and Albany, (with 10:57 P. M. on SUNDAYS, at 5:22 P. M., from 30th-st.	

Tickets may be procured at any of the offices of Westcott's Express, ... New-York and Brooklyn, and baggage checked at the hotels to all points on the road, and to Saratoga Springs.

ERIE RAILWAY.—PASSENGER TRAINS LEAVE FOOT OF JAY-ST.

6:30 A. M.—Mail, for Dunkirk, for Otisville.
10 A. M.—Mail, for Buffalo.
4 P. M.—Way, for Otisville, Newburgh and Warwick.
8 P. M.—Night Express, daily, for Dunkirk, Buffalo, Rochester, Cincinnati and principal stations. This train of Saturday runs through to Buffalo, but does not run to Dunkirk.
1 P. M.—Emigrant.

CHAS. MINOT, General Superintendent.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.—On and after MONDAY, Feb. 2, the fast and favorite steamer J. D. BEERS, late JESSE HOYT, will leave New-York, foot of Murray-st., at 4 A. M., (freight and accommodation line until further notice,) for Long Branch, Manchester and Atlantic, there connecting with the Camden and Atlantic Railroad, to Camden and other points on that road; at 4:15 P. M., for Long Branch, Red Bank, Manchester and intermediate stations.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—TRAINS leave Jersey City for Piermont at 8:00 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 3:15 P. M., 4:30 P. M., 6:30 P. M. Saturdays only, 11:15 P. M. for Hackensack. Returning, leave Piermont at 6:30 A. M., 7:15 A. M., 4:20 P. M., 5:45 P. M., 8:30 P. M. Saturdays only, 11:15 P. M. for Hackensack. Freight depot at foot of Chambers-st., North River.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR SHREWSBURY, SANDY HOOK, HIGHLANDS, Fort Washington, Monmouth Beach, Brown's Docks, Fair Haven and Red Bank.—The new steamer HELEN, Capt. H. B. Parker, will leave Red Bank EVERY MORNING at 7 o'clock; returning, will leave the pier foot of Robinson-st. every afternoon at 2:45 o'clock, landing at the above-named places both ways.

The LAURA will connect with the HELEN at the mouth of the river, and take passengers and freight to and from Pleasure Bay and Branchport.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, MERIDEN AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamboat and Railroad Connection. The CONTINENTAL leaves Peck-slip, East River, daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 5:15 P. M. The Steamboat Train leaves the wharf at New-Haven on the arrival of the boat for all way stations. FOXY LINE.—The TRAVELER leaves for New-Haven at 11 o'clock.

FOR BRIDGEPORT.—DAILY LINE.—THE BRIDGEPORT leaves Pier No. 36 East River, daily, at 12 o'clock noon. Freight taken all day. Arriving in Bridgeport in time to connect with the Naugatuck, New-Haven and Hartford Railroads. Also, the Shore Line to Saybrook and New-London.

DAY LINE FOR ALBANY.—THE NEW steamboat CITY OF ALBANY, Capt. D. B. Hitchcock, will leave Harrison-st. at 7 A. M., on TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS, on and after May 5, landing at intermediate points.

DAY BOAT FOR ALBANY.—STEAMER ARMENIA will leave pier of Harrison-st. MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 7 o'clock A. M., making usual landings.

FOR NEWBURGH, POUGHKEEPSIE, RONDOUT AND KINGSTON.—Steamer MARY POWELL leaves foot of Jay-st. EVERY AFTERNOON at 3½ o'clock.

WOULD LIKE TO BUY A STEAMBOAT.—Either sidewheel or propeller, between 20 and 50 tons, adapted for a freight boat, in good running order. Address Box No. 181 Times Office, with size, speed, age, where insured, where seen, and what valued at.

EXCURSIONS.

DUDLEY'S GROVE.—THIS BEAUTIFUL AND well-known Grove, having since the past season, been improved and put in good order, is now open for engagements to Sunday School and other excursion parties for any day in advance for the season. Apply to O. D. DUDLEY, at the office of Messrs. Dudley and Hopkins, Board of Trade, at Bulkhead-st., foot of Montagne-st., Brooklyn, North River.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Lessee and Manager ..... WM. WHEAT.
FAREWELL ENGAGEMENT
OF THE
GREAT TRAGIC ARTIST,
Miss E. BATEMAN,
which has proved to be the
MOST REMARKABLE OVATION
experienced in the
GENIUS AND EXCELLENCE
of this estimable young lady, who is
UNIVERSALLY POPULAR,
enabling her to attract and enchain the
ATTENTIVE INTEREST
of the most
OVERWHELMING ASSEMBLAGES
that ever were collected in a New-York theatre.
The Manager feels great pride in the thought that Niblo's Garden should be the establishment in which the
CLOSING NIGHTS
OF
MISS BATEMAN
in this City, where her career has been one
CONTINUED TRIUMPH,
should be given, and that it is from thence amidst the
WARM APPLAUSE AND CHEERS
of her countrymen, that this
PEERLESS LADY OF THE AMERICAN STAGE
will be transplanted to those foreign shores where her
WONDERFUL GENIUS
cannot but win for her an
ENTHUSIASTIC WELCOME.
This and every evening during the week will be presented the beautiful romantic drama,
LEAH,
THE FORSAKEN,
arranged by Augustin J. Daly, Esq., expressly for
MISS BATEMAN.
She will be supported by a most powerful company, among whom are the excellent artists, Mr. J. McCullough, Mr. J. W. Lanergan, Mr. J. G. Burnett, Mr. Harry Pearson, Mr. Lamb, Mr. C. H. Wilson, Mr. Geo. Andrews, Mrs. J. W. Lanergan, Mrs. H. F. Gratten and Mrs. Skerrett.
Original and beautiful scenery by Mr. J. H. Selwyn; original music, composed expressly for this piece by Mr. Robert Stoepel; original and characteristic costumes by Mons. Phillips. The music and full chorus under the direction of Harvey B. Dodworth.
Box book open.
THREE DAYS IN ADVANCE.
Doors open at 7½. Performance commences at 8 o'clock.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
GRAND ORCHESTRAL AND VOCAL CONCERT,
by MR. ROBERT GOLDBECK,
TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 12, 1863,
On which occasion will be repeated Mr. Goldbeck's new Symphony for Grand Orchestra,
PEACE, STRUGGLE AND TRIUMPH.
Tickets $1. For sale at Messrs. Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701, Broadway; Scharfenberg & Luis', No. 750 Broadway, all the principal music stores, and at Sibell & Salisbury's, No. 1 Nassau-st. Subscribers only will be entitled to the Tickets for Tuesday, which must be secured up to Saturday evening, at the above places. Subscribers of four (4) tickets will be entitled to boxes.

ANNIVERSARY WEEK.
IRVING HALL.
GOTTSCHALK'S CONCERTS.
POSITIVELY THE LAST SERIES.
The last series of Gottschalk's Concerts will commence
ON SATURDAY, May 16,
which day has been set apart for the benefit of Mr. L. R. HARRISON, of Irving Hall. On this occasion there will be two performances,
A GRAND MORNING CONCERT, at 12 o'clock,
and EVENING CONCERT, at 7½ o'clock.
The following brilliant array of talent will appear:
Madame Elena D'Angri ..... Mrs. Jennie Kempton
Miss Kunnisie Barnche ..... Mr. Frederick Brooks
Mr. L. M. Gottschalk ..... Mr. Harry Sanderson
Mr. Theo. Thomas ..... Mr. William Castle
Mr. R. C. Campbell ..... Signor Abella.
Tickets 50 cents. Reserved seats 25 cents extra.
For sale at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway; Scharfenberg & Luis, No. 750 Broadway; Sibell & Salisbury, No. 1 Nassau-st., and Irving Hall.

THE NATIVITY.—ON EXHIBITION, AT NO. 607 Broadway, a painting by Havenscrer, representing the Magi, Annunciation, Superhuman Heads, Moses, Daniel, Isaiah, Micah, Crucifixion and Resurrection. Open from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. Admission 25 cents.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

LIQUOR LICENSES.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF EXCISE,
No. 16 CENTRE-ST. AND NO. 1 CHAMBERS-ST.,
NEW-YORK, April 8, 1863.

The Inn, Tavern and Hotel Keepers and Liquor Dealers of this City will apply for licenses immediately, to the Board of Excise will open the Commission on the 12th of May, 1863, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, in the Common Pleas Court-room, Part No. 1, for the purpose of Granting Licenses for the ensuing year, and will close the same after a session of five days.

The Blank Petitions and Bonds can be had at the offices of the undersigned, Commissioners.

WILLIAM HASKETT, No. 16 Centre-st.
ROBERT D. HOLMES, No. 1 Chambers-st.
NOAH A. CHILDS, No. 217 West 26th-st.

N. B.—Notice is hereby given that the penalties prescribed by the law will be rigidly enforced.

THE COMMITTEE ON NATIONAL AFFAIRS will meet every day, until further notice, in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, at 1 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the Committee, are respectfully invited to attend.

Alderman TERENCE FARLEY,
Alderman PETER MITCHELL,
Alderman JOHN Y. HERRY,
Alderman ..... ,
Alderman JOHN D. CRAWELL,
Councilman W. A. JOYCE,
Councilman SAMUEL WEBSTER,
Councilman JOHN McCONNELL,
Councilman ALEX. BRANDON,
Councilman JOHN G. HAVILAND.

THE COMMITTEE ON POLICE OF THE Board of Aldermen, will meet every WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock, P. M., in Room No. 5, City Hall, for the purpose of investigating all papers referred to them. All persons interested are respectfully requested to appear before the Committee without further notice.

PETER MITCHELL, }
GEO. A. JEREMIAH, } Committee on Police.
CHAS. H. HALL, }

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Aldermen will meet every SATURDAY, at two o'clock, in the City Library Room, City Hall.

JOHN McCOOL,
PETER MITCHELL,
LEWIS R. RYERS,
Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC HEALTH of the Board of Aldermen will meet in Room number twelve, City Hall, on TUESDAY of each week, at two o'clock P. M., until further notice. All persons interested in papers awaiting the action of the Committee are requested to attend.

TERENCE FARLEY,
JACOB M. LONG,
JOHN D. OTTIWELL,
Committee.

THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC BUILDINGS, of the Board of Aldermen, will meet every TUESDAY, in Room No. 5 City Hall, at 1

THE STATE OF THE NATION.

Wendell Phillips at the Cooper Institute.

THE UNION SAFE.

The Administration All Wrong---General Hooker All Right.

THE RADICAL ABOLITION PROGRAMME.

The announcement that WENDELL PHILLIPS would speak last night, upon the "State of the Country," at the Cooper Institute, drew together

The lecture was delivered at the instance of the Sixteenth Ward Republican Association, and the price of admission to no part of the hall was less than 25 cents, while at least one-half of the seats were reserved, at double that sum.

Among the notable gentlemen on the platform were Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, D. D., Wm. Lloyd Garrison, Mayor Opdyke, Hon. E. D. Stanton, Rev. J. R. W. Bledsoe and Prof. Henry S. Gez, while in the audience sat Maj.-Gen. Fremont.

Just before the meeting was called to order, Mr. O. Johnson stepped forward and announced the various Anti-Slavery meetings that are to be held this week; after which he said that the few vacant reserved seats near the centre of the hall might be filled by those who desired to take them. The permission caused a lively scramble for the coveted places on the part of those standing near the entrances, which was so undignified and amusing.

Mr. WILLIAM C. BUNNY was then chosen presiding officer of the meeting, and after Mr. ADAMS, of the Sixteenth Ward, had favored the audience with a patriotic song, he introduced the orator of the evening, characterizing him as the man who, more than any other, excepting JOHN BROWN, had done more to bring the nation to the brink of Jordan. After the applause which greeted Mr. PHILLIPS' appearance had subsided, he said:

SPEECH OF WENDELL PHILLIPS.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: I understand this is a Ward meeting—the Sixteenth Ward of New-York—the banner Ward for radical republicanism. [Applause.] A very respectably sized meeting for a Ward meeting. [Laughter.] I am glad, for the first time in my life, to be adopted into the politics of New-York City, and to address a Ward meeting in behalf of justice and liberty. The text of my address, "The Lesson of the Hour," it seems to me is patience—faith. "Possess your souls in patience." Not as if already attained; not said we were already perfect; but because the whole nation, as one man, has for more than a year set its face Zionward. Ever since September of that year the nation has turned its face Zionward, and ever since BUCHANAN took the helm of the vessel, it has moved toward that point. [Applause.] Slow a nation moving—and moving in the right path—there is no reason for doubt; there is no occasion for despair. We have found out at last the method, and we are in earnest. Patience! The patience of great souls—all that makes conquest certain when the human heart is once capable of this great courage. No matter what the scenes may be on the horizon. No matter how slow the motion, either official or national, may be, now it is God lifts the cloud and shows us the blue sky behind. No matter how dark the political mistake and treachery may lower, the moment comes when the great North sees that it is all a phantasmagoria, and that behind the great heart of the nation beats true to its destiny. [Applause.] When I stood on this platform months ago, men said "You must not be surprised if blood flows in the streets; traitors are trying to take the great Capital of the North out of our arms, and the Democratic party of the State is behind them." But, one fine morning there was trenchery in the leading Democracy of Albany and the Mayor of New-York defeated him in his first move. [Applause.] When the counties came to be represented, the leaders found an army of officers, but no rank and file. The Golish of Connecticut Copperheads has been vanquished—not by a stripling, but by a girl. [Applause.] Or, if I must add to her merits those of Gen. HAMILTON, of Texas, the eloquent champion of the Union in the contest in Connecticut, we can almost say "out of the mouth of girls and slaveholders God is perfecting liberty." [Applause.] No! I have no doubt—no despair. One after another the shams of the North fell away. It is to be a long fight; no local struggle; only one share of the great battle going on the world over, and which began ages ago; one grand division, one army corps doing its duty in the great struggle betwixt free institutions and caste institutions the world over—freedom and democracy, and the institutions that rest upon caste. We are only outskirts of that struggle, and wherever caste lives, wherever caste-power exists, whether it be on the banks of the Thames or of the Seine, whether by the side of the Ganges or the Danube, there the South has an ally, as certainly as the surgeon's knife cannas pain when it touches the living fibre; [applause;] and against that mighty marshaling of everything that is strong in human selfishness, the North does battle. Now, that democratic element in the North is strong enough were it only united, to have crushed all its foes on this continent in ninety days. There never was a time since the commencement of the struggle when, if the North had been a unit, the war might not have been ended in three months; and, so ended, it would have left Slavery where it found it. But the North has never been a unit. With the North as a unit, democratic, intelligent, resolved, in earnest, the South would not have risked the struggle. But she knew that the North was divided into three great parties. One was routine—West Point—too lazy to think. [Laughter and applause.] I resolve bunkerism into indolence, and indolence into cowardice—too lazy to think and not daring to think. The man of the past is the man who got his ideas before he was twenty and would rather think as his father thought than take the liberty of thinking for himself. He is a hunker, and will die such. The North had a second element—the race-hatred of the negro—negrophobia, a Saxon contempt for the black blood; disgusted with the question of the negro; the hatred of him as another race, and contempt of him as a slave; and the weariness of the question. Outside of that was the demand of the North in the good sense of the term—the men that believed in the manhood of his brother the world over, and was willing to say he should have his rights. Against such a North the South rebelled—one hand tied behind it by negro hatred and the other by constitutional scruples, and West Point on its shoulders [laughter and applause]—against such a North the South rebelled. You remember it well. The North that never dared to apply the plummet and the line to the civil life—that never dared to have logic that did not know any black or any white when it recognized its duties; and the North, that both in pulpit and civil life believed and obeyed the old proverb, "when the monkey reigns let every man dance." [Laughter.] So long as a wicked and contemptible institution had honors, wealth and fashion to bestow, so long the "pregnant knee" was crooked before it. The North and South met in battle. Mistaken as were the Abolitionists, [that is, the issue is to show, but we hope so]—mistaking as we did, how far the canker had gone; how great a weight this routine and bunkerism had on the body of the people—the North rallied itself for the struggle, poured out our money like water, and our sons with ever-growing willingness to meet the great battle betwixt Democracy and Liberty—betwixt God and the devil, for the world and the century. [Applause.] The Government was equally in the dark—equally unconcerted—equally uncertain what course to pursue; and for a long time they stumbled. Why? Well, I think because our rulers were educated Whigs. The old Whig party, good as it was in many respects; virtuous; in many of its impulses correct; uncertain in its aspirations; had one great and fatal defect—it had no confidence in the people; it had no trust in the masses. It did not believe in the conscience or intelligence of the millions. It looked out upon the Old World as in a probate court, of which the educated and the wealthy were the guardians. And so when this Government entered upon the great work of defending the nation in its utmost peril, they dared not fling themselves on the bosom of the millions, and trust the country, and the hearts of those that loved it. Your President set in Washington, doubtful what he might do, and how far he might go. Month after month he, stumbling, faithless and uncertain, he ventured now a little step and now another, surprised that at every step the nation were before him, ready to welcome any word, and support any policy, to hold up any blow that he chose to aim; so that matters of vexed dispute, matters of earnest doubt, the moment the bugle gave certain sound, passed into dead issues. You know that when the rebellion first broke out, no man dared to think of touching the negro. The South fought to sustain Slavery, and the North fought not to have it hurt. [Laughter and applause.] BUTLER [applause] pronounced the magic word "contraband." He summoned the negro into the arena. It is a poor word, I do not know that it is sound law, but Mr. CHANNING's *mellow Latin* has some in coarse Latin, but it is worth all the classics. Contraband is a bad word, and may be bad law, but it is worth all the Constitution, for in a moment of critical emergency it summoned a loving element into the national arena, and it showed the Government how far the sound core of the nation extended. When FREMONT, [applause] why wont you ever allow me to go on when I name FREMONT? [Renewed applause.] I say when FREMONT pronounced the word emancipation on the banks of the Mississippi the whole North, except the Government, said amen. [Applause.] The Government could not, until the 22d of September, 1862, but the moment the Government pronounced the word, it has footed no dead issue, and nobody now doubts or denies that the emancipation proclamation of last year, [illegible] the Government is if it will only act [illegible] to suppose it is [illegible]

[illegible]

he could carry thirty millions of people [illegible] through every barrier, to victory and to peace. [Applause.] I believe, therefore, in ultimate success, because everyone of the Government's many blunders has been transparent and virtuous, or rather, [illegible] that is the only point at issue. Twenty years ago [illegible] with the hatred of your fellow-men, [illegible] they grind back not cursing but with tears and visions of their Saviour.

[illegible] with date and Vicksburg, [illegible] with Barrington, not starving people, not empty treasuries; they will find a [illegible] [illegible] that we have no [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] it. [Applause.] No, it was when we could [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of war that your trusty marshals [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]